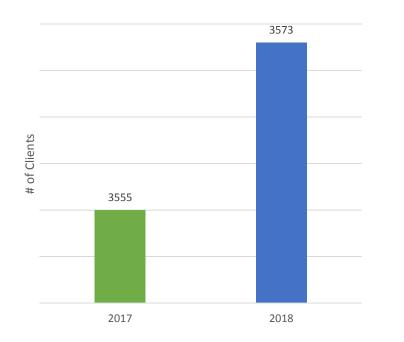
Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Service Report (RSR)

- The RSR is an annual Client summary report required by our funders (Health Resources & Services Administration (HRSA)).
- Funded agencies, who provide services under the Part A program, are required to document and submit data on the clients they serve.
- Data is reported on a calendar year (January-December), not a grant year (March-February).
- These data sets are utilized by our program;
 - To understand the types of clients we served,
 - To make informed decisions on prioritizing needed services and allocating funds to services provided,
 - To explain how we are using our funds and supporting health outcomes of our clients, in our annual grant application.

Number of Clients by HIV StatusReported an Increase of 18 clients

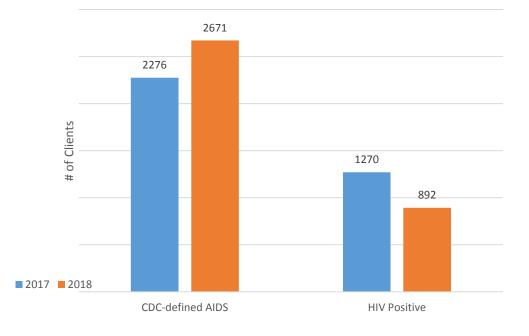
Total # of Unduplicated Clts



Number of Clients by HIV/AIDS Status

•Reported an Increase of 395 diagnosed with AIDS

CDC-defined AIDS (<200 CD4 Count)



2017

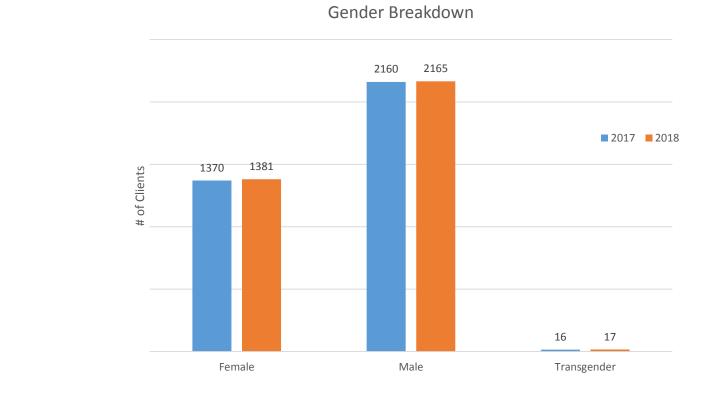
2018

Number of Clients by Enrollment Status

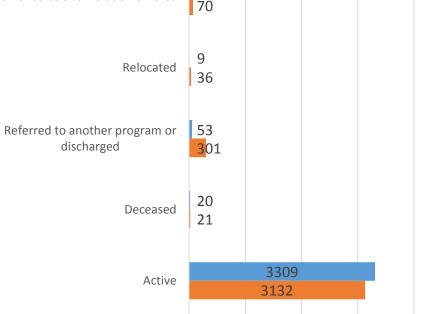
•Referred and discharged increased due to data clean up, closing clients that were still designated as active but not receiving services.

Number of Clients by Gender and HIV Status

•Largest group are Males



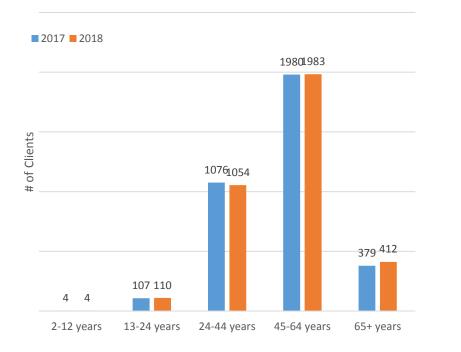




Number of Clients by Age and HIV Status

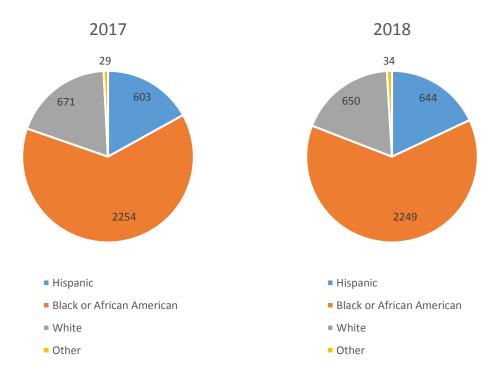
Largest group are 45-64 years old; increased by 3
65 years or older increased by 33

Age Breakdown



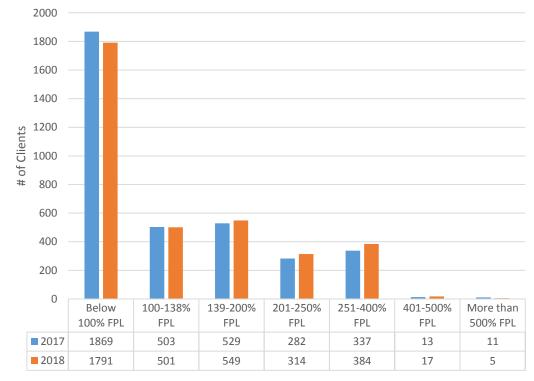
Number of Clients by Race, Ethnicity and HIV Status

- Largest group are Black/African American; decreased by 5
 Hispanic total increased by 41
- •White decreased by 21



Number of Clients by Household Income and HIV Status

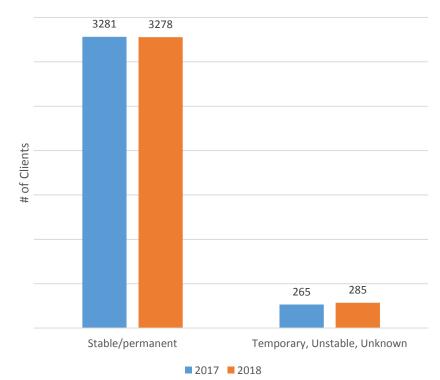
Largest group are Below 100% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL)
Number of clients below 100% FPL decreased by 78



Household Income

Number of Clients by RSR Housing/Living Arrangement and HIV Status

- •Largest group are Stable/permanent
- •Temporary, Unstable, Unknown Increased by 20



HRSA Defined Housing Breakdown

2017 2018

Number of Clients by Medical Insurance and HIV Status

•Largest group are No insurance/uninsured; second largest is Medicaid/ CHIP/other public

Health Insurance for 2018 Only

2111 # of Clients 1161 867 628 370 37 6 Nedical Chiplother public

Number of Clients and Service Visits by Service Category

The 3 top services utilized are NMCM/Eligibility, OAMC, and MCM.
The 3 lowest utilized services are HCBHS, Emergency Housing, and EFA. Low utilization of these services could be due to lower "supportive" funding.

Service Category	# of Clients	# of Visits
Early Intervention Services	519	2240
Home & Community Based Health	7	33
Services		
Medical Case Management	2190	40,708
Medical Nutritional Therapy	352	594
Mental Health	114	551
Oral Health	816	3176
Outpatient Ambulatory Medical Care	2279	14,486
(including Specialty Medical Care and Lab		
services)		
Local Pharmacy Assistance Program	284	3119
Non-Medical Case Management	3254	14,665
Emergency Financial Assistance (including	85	134
EFA-Prior Authorization)		
Food Bank (including Nutritional	694	7065
Supplements)		
Health Insurance Program	300	2079
Housing	31	93
Medical Transportation	515	3688
Other Professional Services (Legal)	198	4419

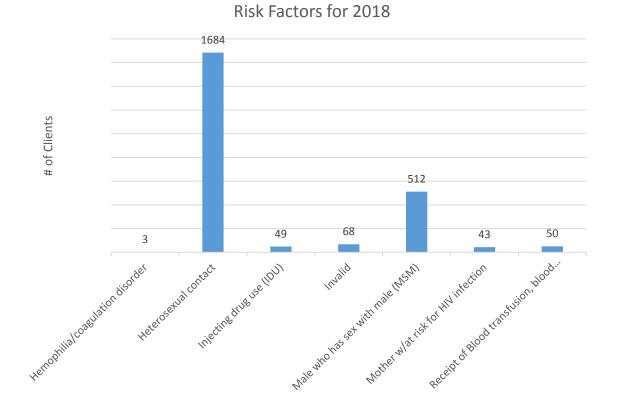
2018 RSR Clinical Summary Report Data

* The Clinical Summary reports on clients who have had a clinical service. Therefore, the numbers from the RSR Client Summary Report and the RSR Clinical Summary Report are different.

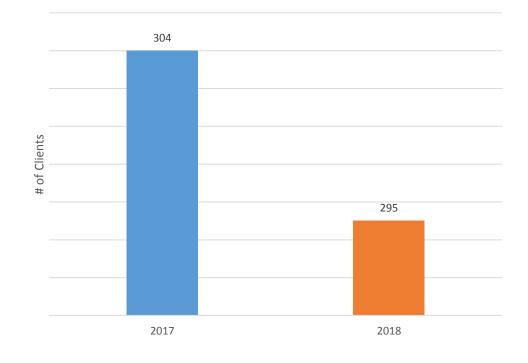
Number of Clients by Risk Factor

•Heterosexual contact is the most common risk factor reported, while hemophilia disorder is the least common risk factor reported.

Number of New Clinical Clients • Decreased by 9.



Total # of New Clinical Clients

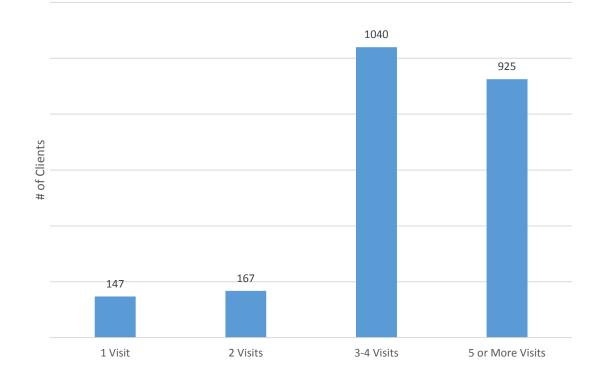


Number of Clients by Number of Medical Care Visits

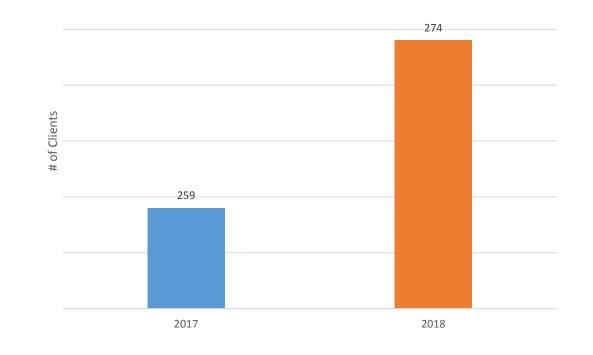
•The most number of clients had 3-4 visits reported.

Number of New Clients Having Viral Load Test During Reporting Period • Increased by 15.

New Clients having VL Tests



Medical Care Visits in 2018

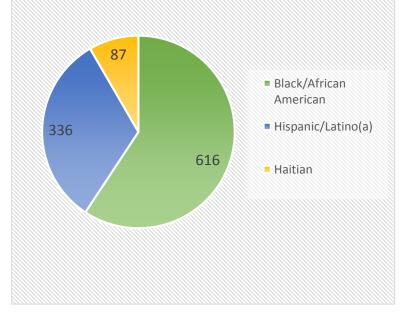


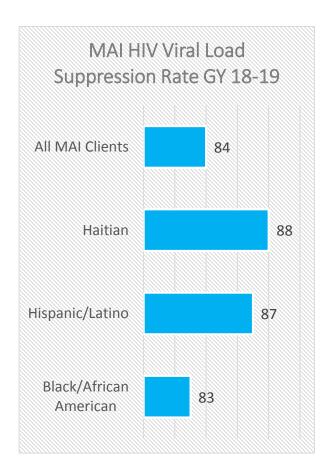
Minority AIDS Initiative (MAI)

- MAI formula grants provide core medical and related support services to improve access and reduce disparities in health outcomes in metropolitan areas hardest hit by HIV/AIDS.
- Our local MAI program is currently only supporting intensive targeted Medical Case Management (MCM) services, which are prioritized for African Americans (including Haitians) and Hispanic/Latino(a) clients that have elevated viral loads.
- Clients, in these 2 populations, who have complex health issues were enrolled in MAI services. MCM staff work closely with a team of the clients' medical providers, to determine the best approach to assist the client in becoming healthier and maintaining better health.

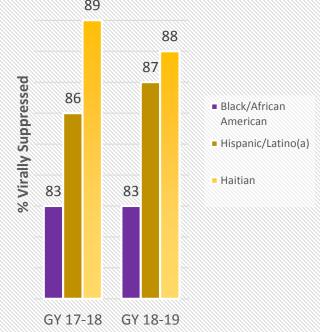
MAI Data

MAI Unduplicated Clients Served GY 18-19





MAI Viral Load Suppression Rate GY Comparison 89



* Haitian clients will count in more than one category on these reports.

HIV/AIDS Bureau (HAB) Health Outcome Measures

- Recipients should analyze performance measure data to assess quality of care and health disparities and use the performance measure data to inform quality improvement activities. (HRSA PCN #15-02)
- In our program, the 2 performance measures we focus on for client health outcomes are the HAB measures of
 - Viral Load Suppression and
 - HIV Medical Visit Frequency (Retention in Care)
- As we collect and analyze these measures, low performance is identified and studied to determine how we can improve the low performance measures. This occurs through the quality improvement (QI) activities.

HAB Performance Measures Definitions

Viral Suppression:

- <u>Denominator</u>: Number of persons with an HIV diagnosis and who had at least one HIV medical care visit in the 12-month measurement period
- <u>Numerator</u>: Number of persons with an HIV diagnosis with a viral load < 200 copies/mL at last test in the 12-month measurement period

HIV Medical Visit Frequency:

- <u>Denominator</u>: Number of persons with an HIV diagnosis with at least one HIV/medical care visit in the first 6 months of the 24-month measurement period
- <u>Numerator</u>: Number of persons with an HIV diagnosis who had at least one HIV medical care visit in each 6 month period of the 24 month measurement period, with a minimum of 60 days between the first medical visit in the prior 6 month period and the last medical visit in the subsequent 6 month period

Service Category	Viral Load Suppression %	N/D	HIV Medical Visit Frequency %	N/D	
AOMC	87%	743/854	75%	481/638	
Labs	87%	840/963	72%	544/755	
APA (LPAP)	90%	319/355	79%	226/287	
Specialty Medical Care	86%	400/466	78%	292/372	
Oral Health	89%	828/930	81%	671/824	
Medical Nutritional Therapy	94%	177/188	88%	133/151	
Mental Health	88%	121/138	66%	119/138	
Health Insurance Assistance	91%	381/418	72%	259/361	
EIS	81%	352/435	56%	126/227	
Home & Community Based Health Care	100%	8/8	63%	5/8	
мсм	84%	1781/2113	70%	1186/1697	
NMCM	88%	531/606	71%	330/466	
Eligibility	84%	2483/2968	70%	1640/2346	
EFA-PA	85%	35/41	71%	22/31	
EFA	85%	80/94	64%	48/75	
Food- Nutritional Supplements	80%	55/69	68%	43/63	
Food Bank	87%	594/683	80%	487/612	
Medical Transportation	79%	481/605	77%	412/533	
Emergency Housing	93%	38/41	65%	17/26	
Legal Services	85%	232/273	75%	183/241	
Substance Abuse Residential	100%	2/2	100%	2/2	
All Services All Funded Agencies	84%	2494/2982	69%	1642/2382	

GY 18-19

(3/1/2018 through 2/28/2019)

Quality Improvement Projects (QIP)

- Quality improvement involves the development and implementation of activities to make changes to the program in response to the performance data results. To do this, recipients are required to implement quality improvement activities aimed at improving patient care, health outcomes, and patient satisfaction.
- Once QIPs are created and tested, we are then able to understand if specific changes or improvements had a positive impact on patient health outcomes or if further changes in RWHAP funded services are necessary.
- Current Projects:
 - Improving HIV Health Outcomes with Data (Case Managed, Non-Suppressed)
 - CQII ECHO Collaborative (Youth 13-24, Non-Suppressed)

Quality Improvement Project

Improving HIV Health Outcomes with Data

Quality Improvement Initiative: Improving HIV health outcomes with data

Project Objective

Develop a quality improvement collaborative to increase the number of People Living with HIV (PLWH) who have suppressed HIV Viral load from 82% to 90% within the measurement period (2019 calendar year).

Setting

 Medical Case Management Sub-recipients receiving Ryan White (RW) Part A funding in Palm Beach County

Performance Measure: HIV Viral load Suppression

Percentage of patients, regardless of age, with a diagnosis of HIV with a HIV viral load less than 200 copies/ml at last HIV viral load test during the measurement year.

Quality Improvement: Baseline Data

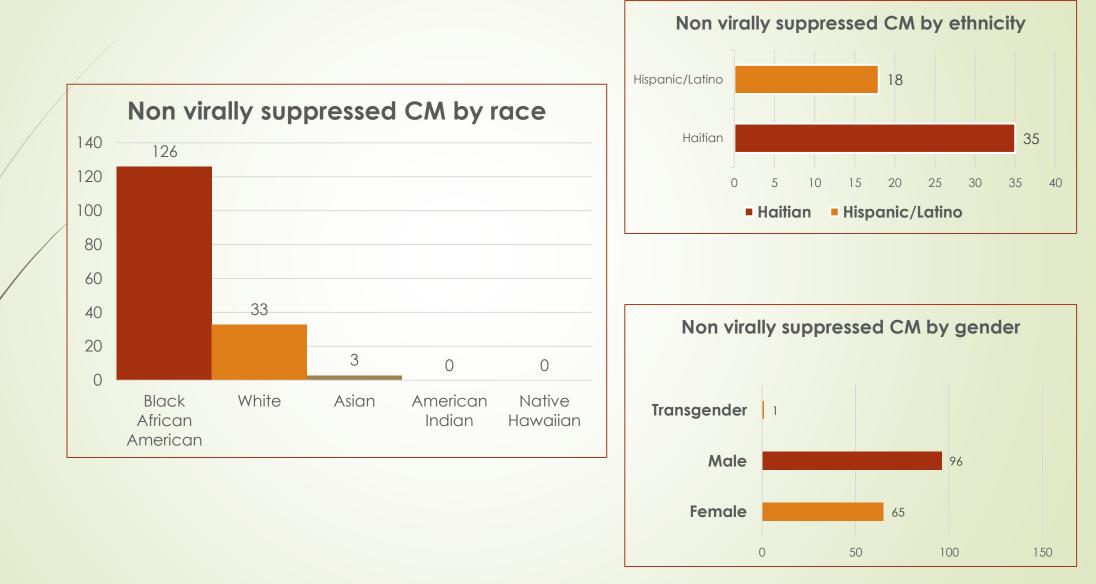
HIV Viral Suppression rates during Calendar year 2018 (January – December)

Baseline data as of December 2018:

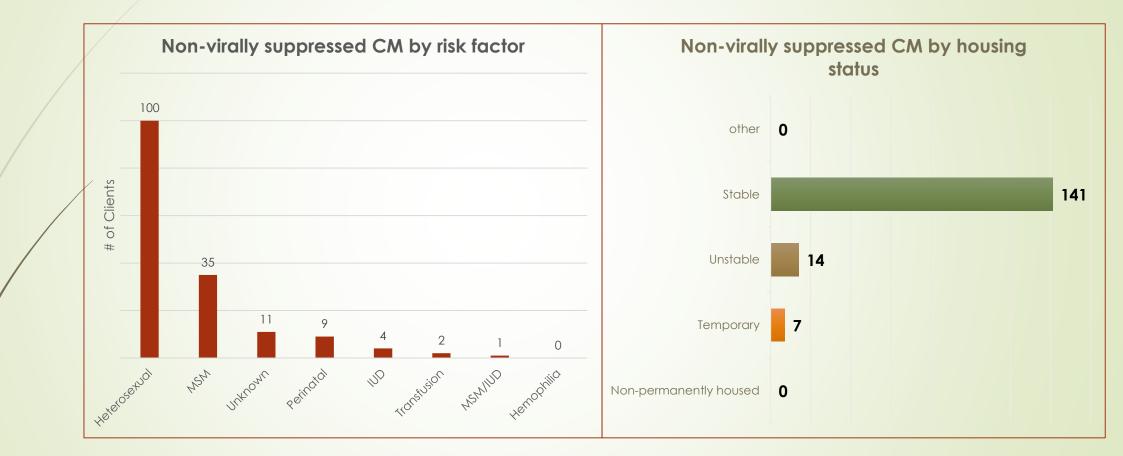
- 162 Non- Virally Suppressed Case Managed(CM) clients
- 82% Viral Suppression Rate

Total Number of CM clients Non-Virally Suppressed	<u>162</u>
Black African American	126
White	33
Asian	3
American Indian	0
Native Hawaiian	0
Haitian	35
Hispanic/Latino	18
Male	96
Female	65
Transgender	1

Demographic Profile of non-virally suppressed CM clients



Demographic Profile of non-virally suppressed CM clients



Quality Improvement Activities

Recipient

- Provided Medical Case Management (MCM) sub-recipients baseline data(detailed registry).
- Provided MCM sub-recipients technical assistance to develop their individual quality improvement initiatives
- Provided MCM sub-recipients 3 month follow-up data, with 89% Viral Suppression rate (after data updates).

MCM Sub-recipients

- Analyze registry data
- Updated documentation of HIV Viral load and/or active status of clients not achieving viral load
- Performed a root cause analysis
- Completed a driver diagram to identify change strategies
- All MCM sub-recipients will have completed a first quality improvement cycle (test) of selected intervention by July 30th,2019



Quality Improvement Project

CQII end+disparities ECHO Collaborative

Quality Improvement Initiative: Youth (13-24) Non-Virally Suppressed

Project Overview:

- The end+disparities ECHO Collaborative is a national initiative to reduce disparities in disproportionately affected HIV subpopulations. Youth (13-24) is the population focus for Palm Bach County participation. The 18-month collaborative aims to increase viral suppression in the Youth HIV subpopulation and increase local quality improvement capacities. The initiate is managed by the HRSA Ryan White HIV//AIDS Program Center for Quality Improvement & Innovation (CQII), developed using the Project Extension for Community Health Outcomes (ECHO) model, and is supported by the HRSA HIV/AIDS Bureau.
- The end+disparities ECHO Collaborative is about improvement of care for people living with HIV, not performance measurement. However, measurement plays an important role throughout the initiative. Data is submitted every other month, using standardized measurement definitions.

Performance Measure: HIV Viral load Suppression

Percentage of Youth patients 13-24, with a diagnosis of HIV with a HIV viral load less than 200 copies/ml at last HIV viral load test during the 12-month measurement year.

Definitions:

- <u>Numerator</u>: Number of persons with an HIV diagnosis with a viral load < 200 copies/mL at last test in the 12-month measurement period
- <u>Denominator</u>: Number of persons with an HIV diagnosis and who had at least one HIV medical care visit in the 12-month measurement period

Key Points:

- Sub-recipients have been given baseline client level data for their nonsuppressed Youth population.
- Quality Improvement activities are being included in the individual subrecipients improvement cycles for their overall populations. Specific initiatives will be created and tested, specifically for their Youth populations.
- Data review and sub-recipients quality improvement projects will be shared during the Quality Management & Evaluation Committee for discussion on Recipient level activities.

Limitations:

- Each reporting period is not reflective of the "date" reported. The data will not be present day information.
- Youth populations are constantly in transition. Reporting periods might not include the same data set of clients each time. As the clients age past 24, they are no longer included in the reported data set.

Data Points

HIV Viral Suppression (VS) Reporting Periods (determined by Collaborative)

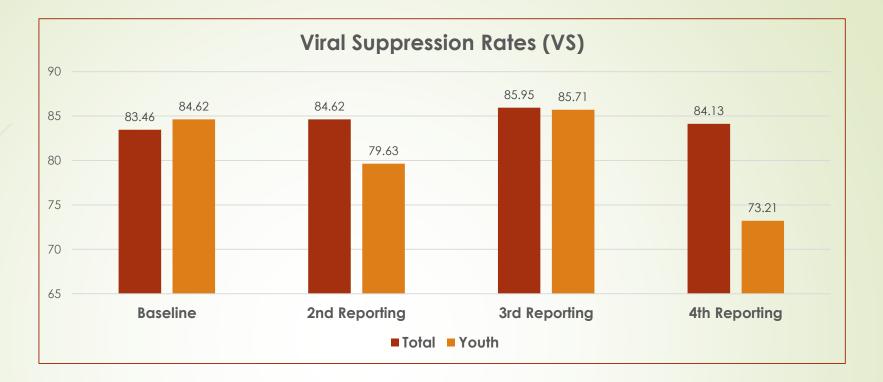
- September 2018 Reporting period:
- November 2018 Reporting Period:
- January 2019 Reporting Period:
- March 2019 Reporting Period:

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7/1/2017 through 6/30/2018
9/1/2017 through 8/30/2018
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11/1/2017 through 10/31/2018

1/1/2018 through 12/31/2018

	Den:	Num:	VS%	Den:	Num:	VS%	Den:	Num:	VS%	Den:	Num:	VS%
	Sept	Sept	Sept	Nov	Nov	Nov	Jan	Jan	Jan	March	March	March
Totals	2733	2281	83%	2717	2299	85%	2755	2368	86%	2860	2406	84%
Youth (13-24)	52	44	85%	54	43	80%	49	42	86%	56	41	73%



- In September 2018, there was a baseline Total VS rate of 83.5% reported and Youth VS rate of 85%. At last reporting period, there was a .67% increase in Total VS and 11.41% decrease in Youth VS.
- The local overall goal of the quality improvement project is to reach 90% VS rate for both the Total clients and Youth subpopulation. This would result in an increase of a 4% VS rate across the board.