2019 Insurance Enrollment Comparison

Statewide vs. Palm Beach County

Juliane Tran, MPH
Quality Management Clinician
Palm Beach County Ryan White Program

jtran@pbcgov.org

Phone: (561) 355-4715



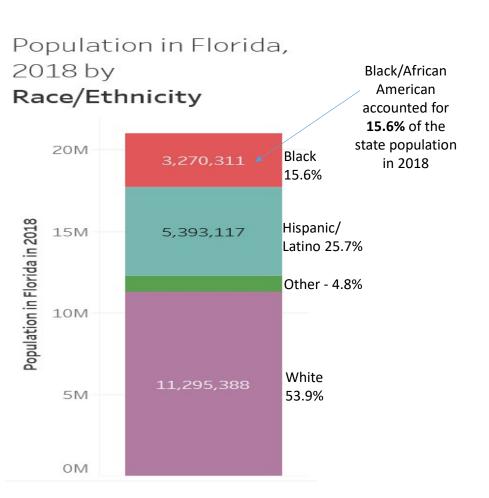
Outline

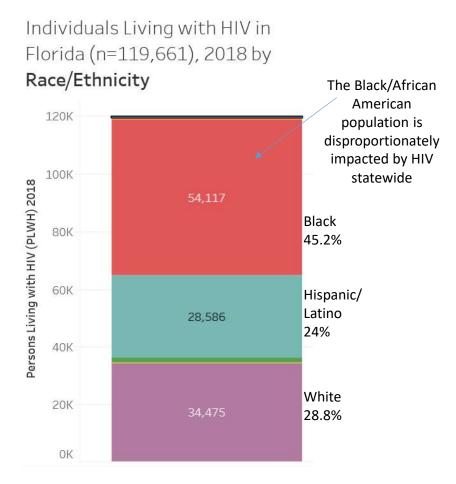
- Data Sources
- Population in Florida vs. PLWH in Florida
- Statewide PLWH vs. ADAP Insurance Enrollment by demographics
- Population in Palm Beach County vs. PLWH in Palm Beach County
- Palm Beach County PLWH vs. ADAP Insurance Enrollment by demographics
- Insurance Enrollment (FPL)
- Direct Dispense of Medications (Clients not enrolled)
- Summary/Recommendations

Data Sources

- The most recent data was reported for the Epidemiological Profile and ADAP Insurance enrollment. The 2019 Epidemiological Profile will not be released until August/September 2020.
- HIV EPIDEMIOLOGICAL PROFILE
 - 2018 Florida and 2018 Palm Beach County, EMA
- ADAP OPEN ENROLLMENT REPORT, PART A
 - 2019 Florida and 2019 Palm Beach County
 - Florida ADAP is administered by Florida Department of Health
 - Data is specifically limited to ADAP clients. It does not include Ryan White clients who are not enrolled in ADAP.
- Any demographic categories reported as <1% are not included on the summary slides

Population in Florida vs. HIV prevalence by Race/Ethnicity





Statewide PLWH vs. Statewide ADAP Insurance Enrollment

- Statewide PLWH (n=119,661)
 - Gender Identity
 - Males 86,949 (72.7%)
 - Females 32,363 (27%)
 - Trans Female to Male 13 (0%)
 - Trans Male to Female 336 (0.3%)
 - Race/Ethnicity
 - White 34,475 (28.8%)
 - Black 54,117 (45.2%)
 - Hispanic/Latino 28,586 (23.9%)
 - Asian 678 (0.6%)
 - American Indian/Alaska Native 105 (0.1%)
 - Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander 66 (0.1%)
 - Multi-race 1,634 (1.4%)

- Statewide ADAP Insurance Enrollment (n=9,383)
 - Gender Identity
 - Males 7,494 (80%)
 - Females 1,830 (20%)
 - Trans Female to Male 7 (0%)
 - Trans Male to Female 49 (0.5%)
 - Race/Ethnicity
 - White 3,236 (34%)
 - Black 2,928 (31%)
 - Hispanic/Latino 3,079 (33%)
 - Asian 69 (1%)
 - American Indian/Alaska Native 13 (0.1%)
 - Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander 10 (0.1%)
 - Multi-race 34 (0.4%)
 - Not Identified 14 (0.1%)

^{*}Data for Age groups were also analyzed but were excluded from this presentation.

Only categories found to be the most significant will be presented.

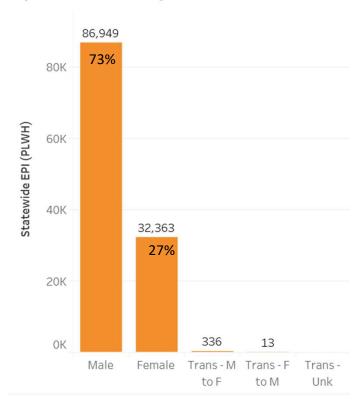
'STATEWIDE' ADAP OPEN ENROLLMENT vs. FLORIDA HIV EPIDEMIOLOGICAL DATA, (PLWH)



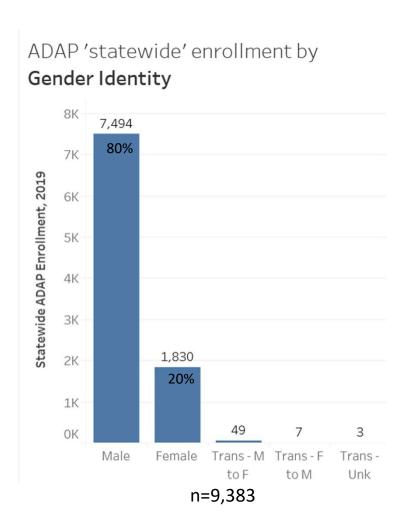


Individuals living with HIV in FL and Statewide ADAP insurance enrollment by **Gender Identity**

Individuals living with HIV 'statewide' by **Gender Identity**



n=119,661



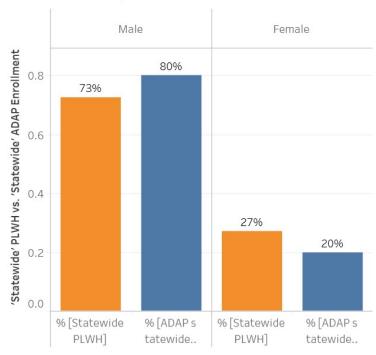
Summary of Statewide PLWH vs. Statewide ADAP Insurance Enrollment by **Gender Identity**

Measure Names

% [Statewide PLWH]
% [ADAP statewide e...

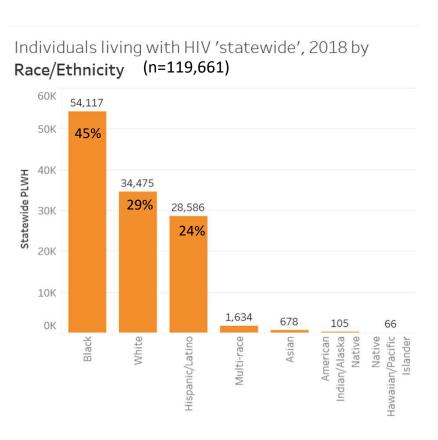
'Statewide' PLWH (n=119,661) vs. 'Statewide' ADAP Enrollment (n=9,383) by

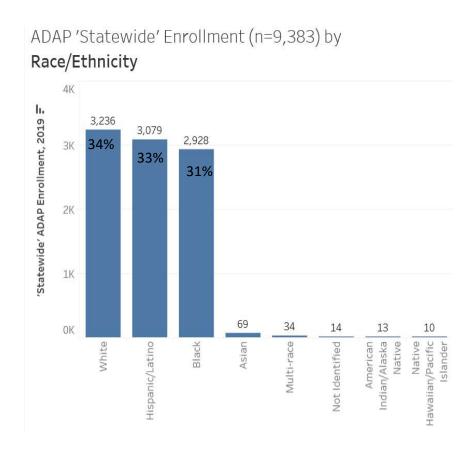
Gender Identity



- More males living with HIV (73%) and accessing ADAP insurance at a higher rate at 80%
- 27% Females living with HIV with a lower insurance enrollment, 20%
- The Transgender identities made up less than 1% of the population and ADAP enrollment
- The statewide insurance enrollment is favored towards males

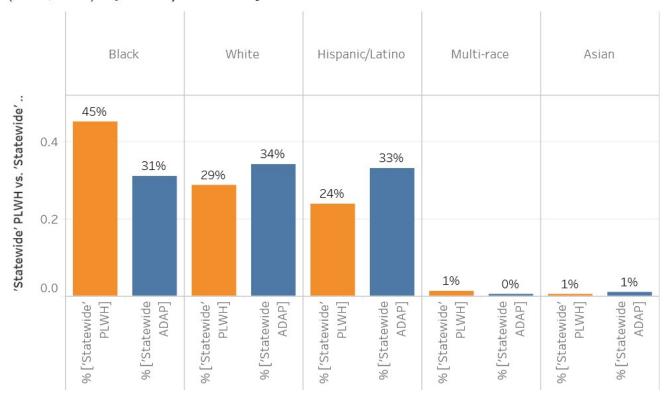
Individuals living with HIV in FL and Statewide ADAP Insurance enrollment by Race/Ethnicity





Summary of Statewide PLWH vs. Statewide ADAP Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity

'Statewide' PLWH (n=119,661) vs. ADAP 'Statewide' Enrollment (n=9,383) by Race/Ethnicity

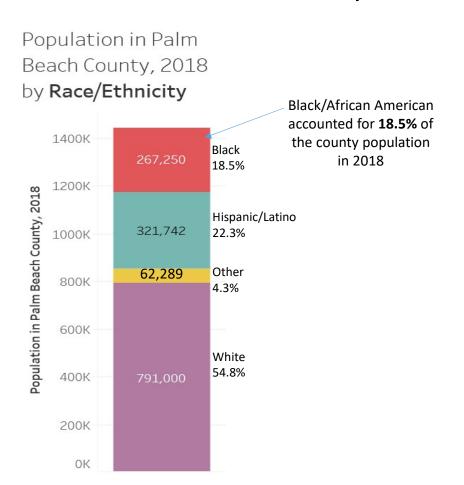


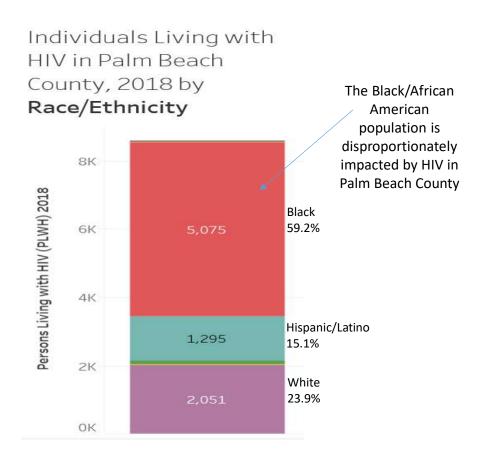
- Of people enrolled in ADAP insurance for 2019, when compared to the statewide HIV prevalence, the greatest disparity is among Blacks living with HIV at 45% and an insurance enrollment of 31%
- Whites had a statewide HIV prevalence at 29% and an insurance enrollment of 34%
- Hispanic/Latinos had a statewide HIV prevalence at 24% and an insurance enrollment of 33%

Measure Names

% [Statewide PLWH]
% [ADAP statewide e...

Population in Palm Beach County vs. HIV prevalence by Race/Ethnicity





PBC PLWH vs. PBC ADAP Insurance Enrollment

- PBC PLWH (n=8,582)
 - Gender Identity
 - Males 5,536 (65%)
 - Females 3,038 (35%)
 - Trans Female to Male 0 (0%)
 - Trans Male to Female 8 (0.1%)
 - Race/Ethnicity
 - White 2,051 (24%)
 - Black 5,075 (59%)
 - Hispanic/Latino 1,295 (15%)
 - Asian 40 (1%)
 - American Indian/Alaska Native 6 (0.1%)
 - Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander 5 (0.1%)
 - Multi-race 102 (1.2%)

- PBC ADAP Insurance Enrollment (n=703)
 - Gender Identity
 - Males 453 (64%)
 - Females 248 (35%)
 - Trans Female to Male 0 (0%)
 - Trans Male to Female 2 (0.3%)
 - Race/Ethnicity
 - White 193 (27%)
 - Black 379 (54%)
 - Hispanic/Latino 125 (18%)
 - Asian 4 (1%)
 - American Indian/Alaska Native 1 (0.1%)
 - Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander 1 (0.1%)
 - Multi-race 0 (0%)
 - Not Identified 0 (0%)

^{*}Data for Age groups were also analyzed but were excluded from this presentation.

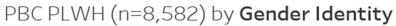
Only categories found to be the most significant will be presented.

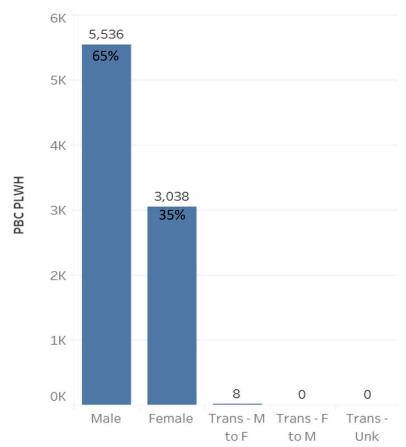
'PALM BEACH COUNTY' ADAP OPEN ENROLLMENT vs. PALM BEACH COUNTY HIV EPIDEMIOLOGICAL DATA, (PLWH)



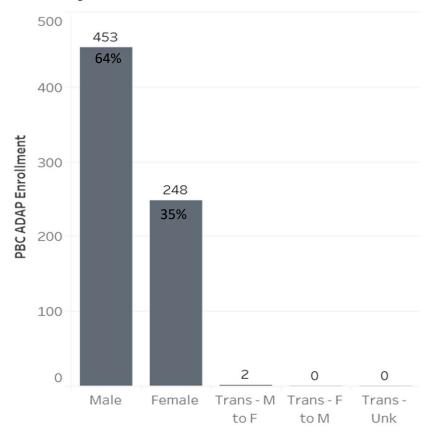


Individuals living with HIV in PBC and 'PBC' ADAP Insurance enrollment by **Gender/Identity**



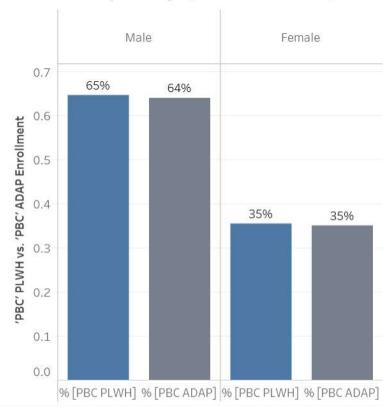


2019 'PBC' ADAP Enrollment by **Gender Identity** (n=703)



Summary of 'PBC' PLWH vs. 'PBC' ADAP Enrollment by Gender Identity

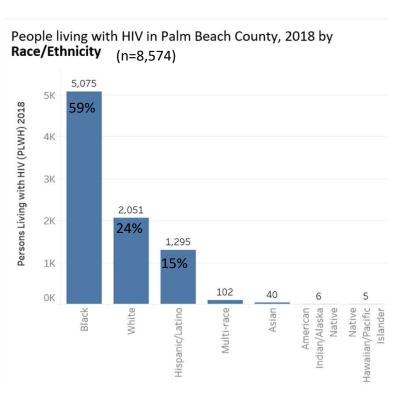
'PBC' PLWH (n=8,582) vs. 'PBC' ADAP Enrollment (n=703) by **Gender Identity**

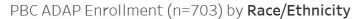


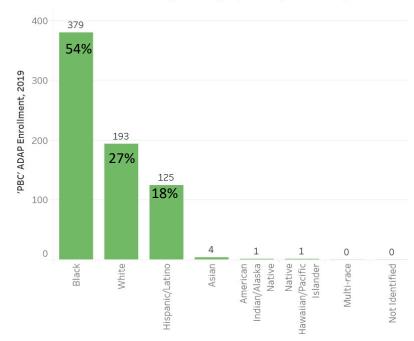
- The trends are very similar for PLWH and insurance enrollment by gender identity.
- There is not a disparity identified by the data.



Individuals living with HIV in PBC and 'PBC' ADAP Insurance enrollment by Race/Ethnicity

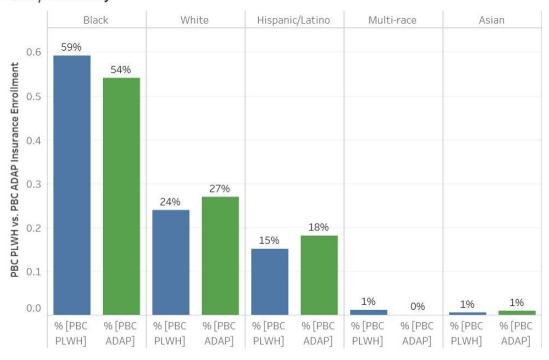






Summary of 'PBC' PLWH vs. 'PBC' ADAP Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity

PBC PLWH (n=8,574) vs. PBC ADAP Insurance Enrollment (n=703) by Race/Ethnicity

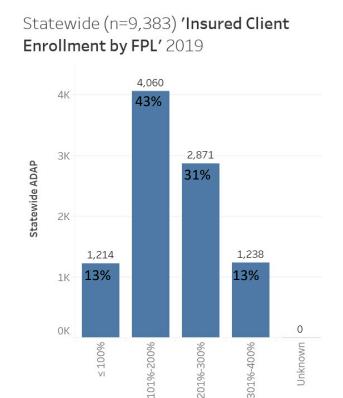


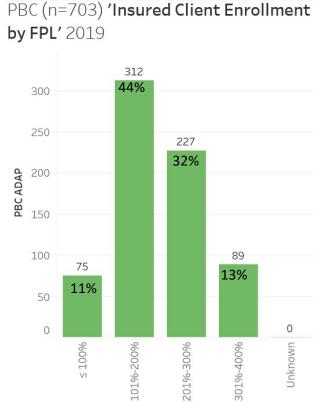
- Measure Names

 % [PBC PLWH]

 % [PBC ADAP]
- There was a slight disparity in the 2019 PBC ADAP insurance enrollment by race/ethnicity
 - > 59% of people living with HIV identified as Blacks with a 54% enrollment
 - ➤ 24% of people living with HIV identified as White with a 27% enrollment
 - > 15% of people living with HIV identified as Hispanic/Latinos with a 18% enrollment

'Individuals enrolled in insurance (FPL)' by state and PBC

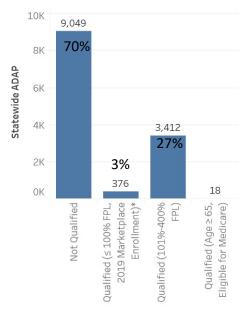




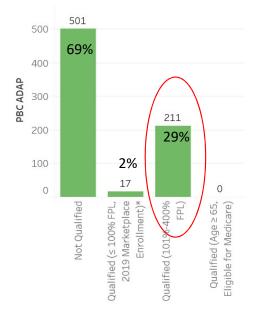
 The majority of individuals who are enrolled statewide fall into the 100-200% FPL, the second highest in the 200%-300% level and a fairly even group that are above 300% or below 100% of the poverty level. The trend continues at the county level.

'Clients Not Currently Enrolled' by state and PBC

Statewide n=12,855 'ADAP Clients Not Currently Enrolled in Insurance Services' 2019







- PBC has a higher percentage of individuals who are qualified for ADAP enrollment that are not enrolled 29%, compared to the statewide average at 27%
- Clients not enrolled in insurance services are served through **Direct Dispense** of medicals
- Recommendation: Work to improve health insurance enrollment for the 211 individuals that are qualified

ADAP Clients Not Currently Enrolled in Insurance Services	Total	%
Not Qualified	9,049	70%
Qualified (≤ 100% FPL, 2019 Marketplace Enrollment)*	376	3%
Qualified (101%-400% FPL)	3,412	27%
Qualified (Age ≥ 65, Eligible for Medicare)	18	0.1%
Total**	12,855	100%

ADAP Clients Not Currently Enrolled in Insurance Services	Total	%
Not Qualified	501	69%
Qualified (≤ 100% FPL, 2019 Marketplace Enrollment)*	17	2%
Qualified (101%-400% FPL)	211	29%
Qualified (Age ≥ 65, Eligible for Medicare)	0	0%
Total	729	100%

Summary/Recommendations

- Black/African-American account for 15.6% of the state population in 2018 but they are burdened by 45% of HIV diagnoses
 - ➤ Of people enrolled in ADAP insurance for 2019, when compared to the statewide HIV prevalence, the greatest disparity is among Blacks living with HIV at 45% and an insurance enrollment of **31%**
 - > 29% of individuals identified as Whites living with HIV and an insurance enrollment of **34%**, statewide
 - ➤ 24% of individuals identified as Hispanic/Latinos living with HIV and an insurance enrollment of **33**%, statewide

- Black/African-American account for 18.5% of the Palm Beach county population in 2018 but they are burdened by 59% of HIV diagnoses
- There was a slight disparity in the 2019 PBC ADAP insurance enrollment by race/ethnicity
 - > 59% of people living with HIV identified as Blacks with a 54% insurance enrollment
 - > 24% of people living with HIV identified as White with a 27% insurance enrollment
 - > 15% of people living with HIV identified as Hispanic/Latinos with a 18% insurance enrollment
- More men accessing healthcare statewide compared to PBC
 - ➤ Of all of the individuals living with HIV in the state 73% are males with an insurance enrollment of 80%
 - ➤ On the county level, the trends are very similar for PLWH and insurance enrollment by gender identity
 - There is not a disparity identified by the data.

- Direct Dispense by State and PBC (clients not enrolled in insurance services)
 - ➤ PBC has a higher percentage of individuals who are **qualified** (29%) for ADAP enrollment that are not enrolled, compared to the statewide average, 27%
 - ➤ Recommendation: This year we should work to improve health insurance enrollment for the 211 individuals that are qualified
 - Update: The HI Workgroup is working to locate these 211 individuals for the upcoming open enrollment period
- Individuals Enrolled in Insurance by State and PBC by Federal Poverty Level, (FPL)
 - ➤ The majority of individuals who are enrolled statewide fall into the 100-200% FPL, the second highest in the 200-300% level and a fairly even group that are above 300% or below 100% of the poverty level. That trend continues at the county level.

Thank You!



