# Chapter 1 - Overview and Definitions

## 1.1 Overview

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## 1.2 Definitions

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CHAPTER 1 - OVERVIEW AND DEFINITIONS

1.1 OVERVIEW

1.1.1 PURPOSE
The purpose of this Uniform Policies and Procedures (UPAP) manual is to establish uniform and non-discriminatory regulations, policies, standards, and utility fees for the proper administration of the Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department (Department). The Department will, at all times, conduct itself in accordance with the intent of this UPAP. Palm Beach County (County), through the Department provides Potable Water, Reclaimed Water, and Wastewater service on a uniform and non-discriminatory basis. The Department is a subordinate entity of the County, governed by and with policies established by the Board of County Commissioners.

1.1.2 VALIDITY
The policies and the procedures specified herein supersede and replace any prior policies, procedures, regulations, fees, etc., governing provision of utility service unless such prior specification is protected by valid agreement or otherwise protected by law or action of the Board of County Commissioners. In the event that a portion of this UPAP document is declared unconstitutional or void for any reason by any court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall in no way affect the validity of the remaining portions of this UPAP.

1.1.3 REVIEW OF POLICIES AND PROCEDURES MANUAL
The Department shall periodically review this UPAP to evaluate the adequacy of its provisions. Revisions must be reviewed by the Water Utilities Advisory Board and approved by the Board of County Commissioners prior to implementation and dissemination, except as may be authorized as a ministerial responsibility.

1.1.4 MINISTERIAL RESPONSIBILITIES AUTHORIZED
The Board of County Commissioners hereby delegates and authorizes the Department Director or designee to perform those functions necessary to properly conduct the business of the Department in conformance with the policies, procedures, and regulations set forth in this UPAP, as well as under applicable law and regulation. Such functions include, but are not limited to, the ability to execute Standard Potable Water Development Agreements, Standard Wastewater Development Agreements, Standard Reclaimed Water Agreements, indemnity agreements, easements, deeds, liens, permits, renewal agreements, permit agreements, and such other documents as are necessary and ordinary for carrying out the day-to-day activities of the Department. Lien satisfactions may be executed by the Department Director or designee. In addition, the County Administrator with the concurrence of the County Attorney’s Office may enter into regulatory resolution letter agreements with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) to settle outstanding regulatory matters. The value of agreements entered into pursuant to this delegation shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) per agreement. The Department Director or designee may also include additional conditions in Standard Potable Water Development Agreements, Standard Wastewater Development Agreements, and Standard Reclaimed Water Development Agreements provided they are of a ministerial nature or are specifically authorized under the existing provisions of the UPAP. Authorized ministerial functions further include interpretation of applicability and the ability to implement corrections to the UPAP and accompanying documents when minor in nature and not otherwise legally requiring an action of the Board of County Commissioners for implementation. Consistent implementing procedures may also be adopted by the Department without further approval.
1.1.5 APPLICATION OF CURRENT LAWS
The Department will abide by and adhere to all current Federal, State and local laws, rules and regulations as applicable.

1.1.6 CUSTOMER FOCUS
The Department is committed to providing consistently superior services to its Customers, considering each Customer’s needs on an individual basis. Customer concerns will be handled in a professional manner with due consideration being given to the individual circumstances, the Customer’s previous billing/payment history, and the cost/benefit of the actions being proposed to resolve the Customer’s concern. Nothing in this UPAP shall be construed to limit the Department Director’s authority to settle Customer billing issues as authorized in Countywide PPM# CW-F-048.

1.1.7 EMERGENCY AUTHORITY TO WAIVE FEES AND CHARGES
The Department Director may waive base facility charges for up to three (3) years for homes and businesses that have been condemned by the Palm Beach County Health Department, the Palm Beach County Planning, Zoning, and Building Department, or any other governmental entity as the result of such emergency condition. In such cases, the Department shall remove the meter at no charge to the Customer, and no connection fees or re-installation fees will be charged by the Department when service is restored provided that the restored service is the same as that previously disconnected. The waiver of such base facility charges shall apply only to the originally affected property owner, and billing for base facility charges shall be resumed if the property is sold or transferred to another owner.

1.1.8 SERVICE AREA
The Department shall provide Potable Water, Reclaimed Water, and Wastewater service to all unincorporated areas of the County except those unincorporated areas where the Palm Beach County Board of Commissioners has entered or enters into a written agreement that provides utility service area rights to a public or privately owned Potable Water, Reclaimed Water, and/or Wastewater utility, or in areas where the Department is specifically excluded from providing utility service by Florida law. The Department’s service area also includes and may include certain incorporated areas as provided by existing or future Interlocal Agreements with the affected municipalities.

1.1.9 AUTHORITY TO MODIFY/WAIVE RATES, FEES, AND CHARGES
While the Department designs its schedule of rates, fees and charges to reflect the costs of providing service to the Department’s various classes of customers, there may be certain unique customers for which the standard schedule of rates, fees and charges may not accurately reflect the costs of providing service. In those situations where the provision of service to such customers imparts a positive operational and/or financial benefit to the Department, it may be appropriate to modify or waive certain rates, fees, or charges due from the customer. Therefore, the Department Director is hereby authorized to modify/ waive any rate, fee, or charge due under this UPAP from new or active customers where: (a) there are unusual or extenuating circumstances which support the application of said modification or waiver; (b) the modification or waiver results in a documented projected positive operational and/or financial benefit to the Department which is greater than or equal to the amount of the modification or waiver; (c) the modification or waiver is based on sound utility ratemaking principles and in compliance with applicable law; and (d) such modification or waiver does not exceed $200,000.00. Nothing herein shall be construed to limit the Department Director’s authority to settle Customer billing issues as authorized in Countywide PPM# CW-F-048 or to settle any disputed claim in accordance with County claim settlement policies, including, but not limited to Administrative Code Section 305.08 and Countywide PPM# CW-F-068.
1.2 DEFINITIONS
The following definitions are used in or are useful in interpreting and understanding this UPAP. Technical terms used in this UPAP will be defined in accordance with standard references if not defined herein to the contrary. Such reference sources include, but are not limited to, the American Water Works Association, the Water Environment Federation, Palm Beach County Environmental Control Rules, and the Florida Department of Environmental Protection. This manual is gender neutral. Masculine gender shall include the feminine and vice versa. Shall is mandatory. May is permissive or discretionary. The use of the singular shall be construed to include the plural and the plural shall include the singular as indicated by the content of its use.

1.2.1 ACCOUNT ACTIVATION FEE
A fee designed to recover the expenses incurred by the Department in establishing an account for billing purposes and turning on the water meter.

1.2.2 ACCOUNT RE-ACTIVATION FEE
A fee designed to recover the expenses incurred by the Department in re-establishing a Customer account and turning on the water meter.

1.2.3 ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING BOARD (AHB)
A three (3) member board established to hear and review disputes relating to the correctness of utility bills, the imposition of utility fees, and challenges to termination of service.

1.2.4 AIR GAP SEPARATION
A physical separation between the free-flowing discharge end of a Potable Water supply pipeline and an open or non-pressure receiving vessel. An approved Air-Gap Separation shall be a distance of at least two times the diameter of the supply pipe measured vertically above the flood rim of the vessel with a minimum distance of one (1) inch.

1.2.5 AMALGAM
a) Amalgam, or dental amalgam, is a material used to fill tooth cavities. Dental amalgam is a mixture of the metals mercury, silver, tin and copper;

b) Amalgam Separator - A Device That Employs Filtration, settlement, centrifugation, or ion exchange to remove amalgam and its metal constituents from a dental office vacuum system before it discharges to the wastewater system;

c) Amalgam Waste - Non-contact amalgam (amalgam scrap that has not been in contact with the patient); contact amalgam (including, but not limited to, extracted teeth containing amalgam); amalgam sludge captured by chairside traps, vacuum pump filters, screens, and other amalgam trapping devices; used amalgam capsules; and leaking or unusable amalgam capsules; and

d) Existing Amalgam Source – When discussing dental amalgam, any facility subject to this Section whose first discharge to the sewer collection system occurred on or before July 14, 2017, and;

e) New Amalgam Source – When discussing dental amalgam, any facility subject whose first discharge to the sewer system occurs after July 14, 2017 and must comply immediately upon commencement of discharge.

1.2.6 ANSI/ADA STANDARD NO. 108
The American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and American Dentistry Association (ADA) standard for amalgam separators.
1.2.7 ASSIGNMENT
The documentation furnished to the Department when a Property Owner sells all or a portion of their property to another entity. Said documentation shall include, but not be limited to, the names and addresses of the assignor and assignee, the property description, a copy of the recorded warranty deed, and signatures of both parties.

1.2.8 AT COST
The current applicable direct cost of all equipment, labor, fringe benefits, and materials used to perform a defined task plus a 25% general and administrative fee, with a minimum specified as appropriate.

1.2.9 AUXILIARY WATER SUPPLY
Any water supply on or available to the premises other than the Department approved public Potable Water supply. These auxiliary waters may include water from a public Reclaimed Water system, private non-Potable Water supply, or any natural source(s), including but not limited to wells, springs, rivers, streams, or canals.

1.2.10 BACKFLOW
The undesirable reversal of flow of water or mixtures of water and other liquids, gases or other substances into the distribution pipes of the Potable Water supply system from any source or sources.

1.2.11 BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLY
Any effective assembly used to prevent backflow into a potable water system.

1.2.12 BACKPRESSURE
A form of backflow where the pressure on the delivery side exceeds the pressure in the supply, which can cause the reversal of normal water flow.

1.2.13 BACK-SIPHONAGE
A form of backflow where reduced pressure in the supply can “siphon” water in a reversal of the normal water flow.

1.2.14 BASE FACILITY FEE
A fee paid on a monthly basis by all Customers to recover the Customer’s share of the Utility’s fixed or non-variable costs.

1.2.15 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs)
The schedule of activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to implement the prohibitions listed in Rule 62-625.400(1)(a) and (2) F.A.C. It shall also include the treatment requirements, operating procedures, and practices to control plant site runoff, spillage or leaks, industrial sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw materials storage.

1.2.16 BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (BOD)
The quantity of oxygen used in the biochemical oxidation of organic matter at a specified time, at a specified temperature, and under specified conditions. It shall also mean a standard test for assessing Wastewater strength expressed in the demand for oxygen for a five-day period as specified in Rule 62-160, F.A.C.

1.2.17 BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS (BCC)
Elected officials representing the residents of Palm Beach County.
1.2.18 BUSINESS HOURS
Administration, Finance & Accounting, Engineering and
Environmental Health & Safety - 7:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Customer Service Lobby and Drive-thru - 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
Customer Service Call Center – 7:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.
Operations & Maintenance - 7:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m.

All hours shown are Monday through Friday, excluding County holidays.

1.2.19 BYPASS
The intentional diversion of Wastewater streams from any portion of an Industrial User’s treatment facility.

1.2.20 CASH ONLY
Designation on an account for which cash, money order, certified funds, and bank draft are the only
acceptable methods of payment.

1.2.21 CATEGORICAL INDUSTRIAL USER
An industrial user subject to categorical pretreatment standards under Rule 62-625.410 F.A.C., including
40 CFR Chapter I, Subchapter N, Parts 405 through 471 which has been adopted by reference.

1.2.22 CERTIFIED BACKFLOW TECHNICIAN
A State licensed plumbing contractor, or an individual under his employment, who is also certified by the
Florida Section of the American Water Works Association (AWWA) Testing and Certification Program or
others approved by the Water Utilities Department.

1.2.23 CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (COD)
A measure of the oxygen equivalent to that portion of the organic matter of a water sample that is susceptible
to oxidation by a strong chemical oxidant. It shall also mean a standard test for assessing Wastewater
strength expressed in the demand for oxygen as specified in Rule 62-160, F.A.C.

1.2.24 CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS (CFR)
A codification of the general and permanent rules published in the Federal Register by the executive
departments and agencies of the Federal Government.

1.2.25 COMMODITY FEE
A fee paid on a monthly basis by all Customers with recorded actual or estimated consumption during the
month. The Commodity Fee is intended to recover the Customer’s share of the Utility’s variable operating
expenses.

1.2.26 CONCURRENCY
The requirement that the necessary public facilities and services to maintain the adopted level of service
standards are available when the impacts of development occur.

1.2.27 CONGREGATE LIVING FACILITY
A designation given to certain residential dwelling units which have minimal impact on the Department’s
system capacity and an ERC value of 0.4 per congregate unit. These facilities have both cooking and laundry
functions onsite.
1.2.28 CONGREGATE UNIT
A room of a designated Congregate Living Facility or Assisting Living Facility with no more than six (6) beds. For rooms with more than six (6) beds, there will be one (1) congregate unit for every six (6) beds or less. For example, a room with seven (7) beds will have two (2) congregate units.

1.2.29 CONNECTION FEE
The fee designed to recover the capital cost of system capacity which has been or will be constructed in anticipation of future service requests.

1.2.30 CONTAMINATION
Any impairment to the quality of Potable Water and/or Reclaimed Water.

1.2.31 CONVENTIONAL POLLUTANT
Any of five Wastewater Pollutants including B.O.D., suspended solids, fecal coliform, pH, and oil and grease.

1.2.32 CROSS-CONNECTION
Any actual or potential connection or structural arrangement between a public or a consumer’s potable water system and any other source or system through which it is possible to introduce into any part of the potable system any used water, industrial fluid, gas, or substance other than the intended potable water with which the system is supplied. Bypass arrangements, jumper connections, removable sections, swivel or change-over devices and other temporary or permanent devices through which or because of which backflow can occur are considered to be cross-connections. A direct cross-connection is a cross-connection which is subject to both backsiphonage and backpressure. An indirect cross-connection is a cross-connection which is subject to backsiphonage only.

1.2.33 COUNTY
Palm Beach County, Florida, a political subdivision of the State of Florida.

1.2.34 CREDIT CARD CHARGEBACK
A payment amount that was made in error and is reversed from the customer’s account and credited back to their debit or credit card.

1.2.35 CUSTOMER OR PERSON
Any person, Dwelling Unit, agent, property owner, developer, user, company, municipal corporation, political subdivision, homeowners’ association, or other entity which accepts or receives Potable Water, Wastewater, or Reclaimed Water services or benefits directly from services rendered by this Department.

1.2.36 CUSTOMER ACCOUNT FEE (MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL)
A fee charged to all Multi-Family Residential Accounts, active or inactive, which recovers the cost of meter reading, postage, Customer service and the preparation, processing, and collection of Customer bills/payments.

1.2.37 DAILY MAXIMUM
The arithmetic average of all effluent samples for a pollutant collected during a calendar day.
1.2.38 DAILY MAXIMUM LIMIT
The maximum allowable discharge limit of a pollutant during a calendar day. Where Daily Maximum Limits are expressed in units of mass, the daily discharge is the total mass discharged over the course of the day. Where Daily Maximum Limits are expressed in terms of a concentration, the daily discharge is the arithmetic average measurement of the pollutant concentration derived from all measurements taken that day.

1.2.39 DEFERRED PAYMENT PLAN
A program allowing qualified Customers to pay certain fees on the installment method.

1.2.40 DEPARTMENT
The Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department.

1.2.41 DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (DEP)
The State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection.

1.2.42 DEVELOPER
Has the meaning given to it in Section 380.031, Florida Statutes.

1.2.43 DEVELOPMENT
Has the meaning given it in Section 380.04, Florida Statutes.

1.2.44 DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT
A contract between the BCC and a Developer providing for Utility Concurrency and conditions that the Developer must meet to obtain a commitment for utility service from the Department.

1.2.45 DILUTION
Any addition to a Wastewater discharge for the purpose of, but not limited to, making weaker, less potent, mixing, dispersing, or thinning, so as to alter the physical, chemical or biological properties, other than what is defined as Pretreatment.

1.2.46 DIRECTOR
The Director of the Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department or designee.

1.2.47 DISCHARGE
To dispose, deposit, place, emit, unload, release, or cause or allow to be disposed of, deposited, placed, emitted, unloaded or released into the PBCWUDWWS.

1.2.48 DISCHARGE LIMITS
The level of contaminants allowed to be discharged into the PBCWUDWWS as defined in Palm Beach County Ordinance 96-3, as amended.

1.2.49 DISCHARGER
A Wastewater Customer.

1.2.50 DISHONORED CHECK FEE
A fee established by the County in accordance with F.S. 125.0105 to be assessed for dishonored checks.

1.2.51 DISHONORED PAYMENT
Adjustment from the bank applied to a customer’s utility account, not proven to be fraudulent.
1.2.52 DOMESTIC OR RESIDENTIAL WASTE
Any superfluous solid, liquid, or gaseous material derived principally from the use of sanitary conveniences of Dwelling Units; Wastewater produced from a non-residential or a non-industrial source.

1.2.53 DOUBLE CHECK DETECTOR ASSEMBLY (DCDA)
An assembly consisting of a main-line DC with a bypass arrangement around the main-line DC that shall contain a bypass water meter and a bypass DC.

1.2.54 DOUBLE CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY (DC)
An assembly containing two internally loaded, independently operating, approved check valves; two resilient-seated shutoff valves; and four properly located test cocks.

1.2.55 DWELLING UNIT
A single residential unit designated or intended for one-family occupancy (a household of one or more persons), including, but not limited to, one single-family house, one-half of a duplex, one apartment, one condominium, or one mobile home.

1.2.56 ENFORCEMENT
Actions taken by PBCWUD in response to non-compliance with any provisions of this UPAP and/or any rules or regulations of the Department.

1.2.57 ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL HEARING BOARD (ECHB)
A five-member panel appointed to hear appeals by persons aggrieved by actions or decisions of environmental agencies not already referred to the State Attorney for criminal prosecution. The panel may consider the facts material to such appeals and render decisions quickly, without litigation. The ECHB conducts due process hearings into the merits of alleged violations and issues injunctive orders including affirmative relief against persons found in violation of environmental regulations.

1.2.58 ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL RULES (ECR)
Palm Beach County Ordinances which include specific water and Wastewater regulations.

1.2.59 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA)
The United States Environmental Protection Agency.

1.2.60 EQUIVALENT RESIDENTIAL CONNECTION (ERC)
A system capacity equivalency unit which corresponds to the peak design demand of the 5/8 x ¾ inch meter sub-category of the "single-family" residential category of Customer usage. This system capacity equivalency unit is utilized to establish the system demand for various sized connections for the purpose of assessing fees and designing the capacity of capital facilities.

1.2.61 EQUIVALENT RESIDENTIAL IRRIGATION CONNECTION (ERIC)
A system capacity equivalency unit which corresponds to the peak Reclaimed Water design demand of the 5/8 x ¾ inch meter sub-category of the "single-family" residential category of Customer usage. This system capacity equivalency unit is utilized to establish the system demand for various sized connections for the purpose of assessing fees and designing the capacity of capital facilities.

1.2.62 EXCESSIVE USAGE CREDIT
A monetary credit provided under certain circumstances to a Customer with abnormally high water usage.
1.2.63 FIRE LINES
A dedicated Potable Water service line utilized to provide water for fire suppression systems:

(1) Residential Fire Lines:

   (a) Single family home or duplex residential fire line as defined further in NFPA 13d. The Fire Marshall non-monitored system is connected to the Department’s Potable Water System on the customer side of the primary potable water meter serving a dwelling unit. Single family homes which would normally qualify for a 5/8” meter with a NFPA 13d fire sprinkler system shall require a 1” meter, but will charged connection fees and guaranteed revenue fees in accordance with the rates established for a 5/8” meter. However, installation fees at the rate for a 1” meter will be assessed.

   (b) Multi-Family fire lines are defined further in NFPR 13r. The Fire Marshall monitored system serving multiple residential units is connected to the Department’s Potable Water System through a separate tie-in and properly sized, approved, testable above ground backflow prevention device.

(2) Non-Residential Fire Lines:
Fire lines serving any other structures as defined further in NFPA 13. The Fire Marshall monitored system serving non-residential structures is connected to the Department’s Potable Water System through a separate tie-in and properly sized, approved, testable above ground backflow prevention device.

(3) Dedicated Firelines:
A fireline that serves only one (1) specific business or residence.

1.2.64 FLORIDA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE (F.A.C.)
A codification of the rules and regulations of the various regulatory agencies in the State of Florida.

1.2.65 FRANCHISE FEE
A percentage surcharge applied to all of the Department’s fees for Customers within portions of the Department’s utility Service Area with said fees collected by the Department and distributed to another governmental entity.

1.2.66 GRAB SAMPLE
An individual, discrete sample collected at a specified time. It shall include all sub samples or aliquots and all applicable field quality control samples collected at the same locations within a time not exceeding 15 minutes.

1.2.67 GREASE TRAP
A Department approved device designed and installed to separate and retain floatable, deleterious, hazardous, and/or undesirable matter generated by food processing facilities from Wastewater or liquid wastes, prior to discharges into the PBCWUDWWS.

1.2.68 GUARANTEED REVENUE FEES
Fees designed to recover the carrying costs of system capacity which has been or is being constructed in anticipation of future service requests. Carrying costs include fixed operating and renewal and replacement expenses necessary to maintain excess system capacity for future use. Guaranteed Revenue Fees do not recover variable operating expenses or capital improvement costs.

1.2.69 HEALTH HAZARD
An actual or potential threat of Contamination to Potable Water and/or Reclaimed Water.
1.2.70 HAZARDOUS WASTE PHARMACEUTICAL
A pharmaceutical that is a solid waste, as defined in Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations (40 CFR) section 261.2, and exhibits one or more characteristics identified in 40 CFR part 261 subpart C or is listed in 40 CFR part 261 subpart D.

1.2.71 HEALTHCARE FACILITY
Any facility or person that is lawfully authorized to:

a) Provide preventative, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance or palliative care, and counseling, service, assessment or procedure with respect to the physical or mental condition, or functional status, of a human or animal or that affects the structure or function of the human or animal body; or

b) Distribute, sell, or dispense pharmaceuticals. This definition includes, but is not limited to, wholesale distributors, third-party logistics providers that serve as forward distributors, military medical logistics facilities, hospitals, psychiatric hospitals, ambulatory surgical centers, health clinics, physicians’ offices, optical and dental providers, chiropractors, long-term care facilities, ambulance services, pharmacies, long-term care pharmacies, mail-order pharmacies, retailers of pharmaceuticals, veterinary clinics, and veterinary hospitals.

Healthcare facility does not include pharmaceutical manufacturers.

1.2.72 HOLDING TANK WASTE
Waste from holding tanks including, but not limited to, vessels, chemical toilets, campers, trailers, septic tanks, and vacuum-pump tank trucks.

1.2.73 INDUSTRIAL DISCHARGE PERMIT
Written authorization from the Director of the PBCWUD to discharge industrial Wastewater into the PBCWUD Wastewater System setting certain conditions and/or restrictions on such discharge.

1.2.74 INDUSTRIAL MONITORING REPORT (IMR)
A report submitted by SIUs indicating the nature and concentration of Pollutants for which the industry is regulated. These reported Pollutants may include local discharge standards and/or Categorical Pretreatment Standards.

1.2.75 INDUSTRIAL USER (IU)
Any non-residential user discharging Industrial Wastewater into the PBCWUDWWS.

1.2.76 INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER
Wastewater from industrial operations, trade or other activities as distinct from residential and non-residential Wastewater.

1.2.77 INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMIT (IWWDP)
A permit issued by the Department to Significant Industrial Users and certain Industrial Users requiring limitation or removal of Pollutants in the Wastewater prior to discharge to the PBCWUD Wastewater Collection System.

1.2.78 INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER SURCHARGE
An additional monthly fee assessed to Industrial Users of the PBCWUDWWS whose Wastewater characteristics exceed established Surcharge Limits.
1.2.79 INSTANTANEOUS LIMIT
The maximum concentration of a pollutant allowed to be discharged at any time, determined from the analysis of any discrete or composited sample collected, independent of the industrial flow rate and the duration of the sampling event.

1.2.80 INTERFERENCE
A discharge which alone, or in conjunction with a discharge or discharges from other sources, both:
(1) Inhibits or disrupts the PBCWUDWW’s treatment processes or operations, or its sludge processed, use or disposal; and
(2) Is a cause of a violation of any requirement of the PBCWUDWW’s NPDES permit (including an increase in the magnitude of duration of a violation) or prevents use or disposal of domestic wastewater residuals in compliance with local regulations or rules of DEP and Chapter 403, Florida Statutes.

1.2.81 ISO 11143
The standard for amalgam separators set by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

1.2.82 LOCAL LIMIT OR LOCAL DISCHARGE STANDARDS
Specific discharge limits developed and enforced by PBCWUD upon industrial or non-residential facilities to implement the general and specific discharge prohibitions listed in 40 CFR 403.5(a)(1) and (b).

1.2.83 MANDATORY AGREEMENT PAYMENT (MAP)
An amount equal to twelve (12) months of Guaranteed Revenue Fees as further explained in Section 3.1.5 (b) of this UPAP.

1.2.84 MANDATORY RECLAIMED WASTEWATER SERVICE AREA
Part of PBCWUD service area defined through the Reuse Water Ordinance, subject to mandatory landscape irrigation using reclaimed water.

1.2.85 MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE INDUSTRIAL LOADING
The total mass of a pollutant that all industrial users and other controlled sources may discharge without causing pass through or interference.

1.2.86 MEDICAL WASTE
Isolation wastes, infectious agents, human blood and blood products, pathological wastes, sharps, body parts, contaminated bedding, surgical wastes, potentially contaminated laboratory wastes, and dialysis wastes.

1.2.87 METER DROP FEE
The fee for providing and installing a Potable/Reclaimed Water meter in an existing meter box.

1.2.88 METHOD DETECTION LIMIT (MDL)
An estimate of the minimum amount of a substance that an analyte process can reliably detect. It is analyte- and matrix-specific and is laboratory dependent.

1.2.89 MINOR USER
User whose discharge may not significantly impact the PBCWUDWWS, degrade receiving water quality and/or contaminate sludge. Although a Minor User is not a categorical industry, it has a potential to discharge a non-domestic or process waste stream.

1.2.90 NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT
A permit issued pursuant to Section 402 of the Federal Clean Water Act.
1.2.91 NATIONAL CATEGORICAL PRETREATMENT STANDARDS
The categorical pretreatment standards found at 40 CFR, Chapter 1, Subchapter N, part 405-471 are hereby incorporated.
A. Where a categorical pretreatment standard is expressed either as concentration or mass limits, or only in terms of mass of pollutant per unit of production, the Director or his designee has the authority to and may develop equivalents to these standards in accordance with CFR 403.6(c) and 62-625.410(4) F.A.C., hereby adopted and incorporated by reference.
B. When wastewater subject to categorical pretreatment standard is mixed with wastewater not regulated by the same standard, the Director or his designee shall impose an alternate limit using the combined waste stream formula in 62-625.410(6) F.A.C.
C. A user may obtain a variance from a categorical pretreatment standard if the user can prove, pursuant to the procedural and substantive provisions in 62-625.700 F.A.C., that factors relating to its discharge are fundamentally different from their factors considered by the EPA when developing the categorical pretreatment standards.
D. A user may obtain a net gross adjustment to a categorical standard in accordance with 62-625.820, F.A.C.

1.2.92 NONCONTACT COOLING WATER
Water used for cooling that does not come into direct contact with any raw material, intermediate product, waste product, or finished product.

1.2.93 NONRESIDENTIAL CONNECTIONS
Non-residential connections include all utility connections that are not in the Residential Connection and any secondary service connections that are in addition to the service connection that serves as a Customer’s primary source of Potable Water, Wastewater, or Reclaimed Water. Also included are motels, hotels, bed and breakfast facilities, campgrounds, hospitals, and incarceration facilities. The Non-Residential category is separated into subcategories by meter size with all fees determined by meter size.

1.2.94 NON-SERVICE ACCOUNT
A separate account established to record billings and collect fees for services other than those derived from the direct sale of Potable or Reclaimed Water or the collection and treatment of Wastewater. Examples include, but are not limited to, billings for damage to Department property, plan review fees, and charges for copies.

1.2.95 NON-STANDARD DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT (NSDA)
A Development Agreement with special conditions requiring BCC approval.

1.2.96 NON-STANDARD DEVELOPMENT RENEWAL AGREEMENT (NSDRA)
Agreement with special conditions extending the capacity reservation for unused ERCs (ERICs) in a Non-Standard Development Agreement for an additional five (5) years.

1.2.97 NORTH AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (NAICS)
A classification pursuant to the NAICS Manual issued by the United States Office of Management and Budget.

1.2.98 OIL/GREASE INTERCEPTOR (OGI)
A Department approved device designed and installed to separate and retain floatable, deleterious, hazardous, and/or undesirable matter generated by food processing facilities from Wastewater or liquid wastes, prior to discharges into the PBCWUDWWS.
1.2.99 OGI USER (OGIU)
An establishment that uses an OGI.

1.2.100 OTHER WASTE
Waste including, but not limited to, refuse, decayed wood, sawdust, shavings, bark, lime, sand, ashes, offal, oil, tar, chemicals, and all other substances as distinguished from domestic waste, industrial Wastewater, holding tank waste or medical waste.

1.2.101 PALM BEACH COUNTY WATER UTILITIES DEPARTMENT WASTEWATER SYSTEM (PBCWUDWWS)
All facilities utilized for collecting, pumping, treating, and/or disposing of Wastewater and Wastewater sludge which are owned, operated or controlled by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, Florida.

1.2.102 PASS-THROUGH
A discharge which exits the PBCWUDWWS treatment process into waters of the State or of the United States in quantities or concentrations which, alone or in conjunction with a discharge or discharges from other sources, is a cause of a violation of any requirement of the PBCWUDWWS’s NPDES permit (including an increase in the magnitude or duration of a violation).

1.2.103 PBCWUD
The Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department.

1.2.104 pH
The logarithm of the reciprocal of the hydrogen ion concentration. The concentration is the weight of hydrogen ions, in grams, per liter of solution.

1.2.105 PHARMACEUTICAL
Any drug or dietary supplement for use by humans or other animals; any electronic nicotine delivery system (e.g., electronic cigarette or vaping pen); or any liquid nicotine (e-liquid) packaged for retail sale for use in electronic nicotine delivery systems (e.g., pre-filled cartridges or vials). This definition includes, but is not limited to, dietary supplements, as defined by the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act; prescription drugs, as defined by Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations part 203.3(y); over-the-counter drugs; homeopathic drugs; compounded drugs; investigational new drugs; Pharmaceuticals remaining in non-empty containers; personal protective equipment contaminated with Pharmaceuticals; and clean-up material from spills of Pharmaceuticals. Pharmaceutical does not include dental amalgam or sharps.

1.2.106 POINT OF SERVICE
The Department’s responsibility for ownership operation and maintenance shall end at the following location:

1. Potable Water System: Discharge side of the dual check value (Customer side) of the Department's Potable Water meter.

2. Fire Line (with direct connection to PBCWUD Potable Water system): the discharge side of the Department's underground gate valve within the right-of-way/utility easement and prior to the Customer’s fire line backflow assembly device.

3. Wastewater Gravity System: the point where the Department’s Wastewater service lateral intersects the right-of-way line or, in the event a utility easement exists, the point where the Department’s Wastewater service lateral intersects the easement line furthest from the main.
(4) Reclaimed Water System: the outlet side of the single check valve or the outlet side of the shut-off valve (Customer side of the Department’s Reclaimed Water meter) as defined in the Construction Standards. For lake discharge service, the Point of Service is the point of discharge into the lake.

(5) Private Lift Stations and Force Mains: The Point of Service shall be the inlet side of the underground valve located at the point where the private force main enters a public road right-of-way. If the private force main does not enter a public road right-of-way, the Point of Service shall be the inlet side of the underground valve located at the point where the Customer’s force main is connected to the Department's force main.

1.2.107 POLLUTANT
Any dredged spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, Wastewater garbage, Wastewater sludge, munitions, chemical wastes, biological materials, radioactive materials, heat, wrecked or discharged equipment, rock, sand, cellar dirt or industrial, municipal, or agricultural waste discharged into the Wastewater Collection System.

1.2.108 PORTABLE HYDRANT METERS
Meters utilized on a temporary basis for mobile users and various construction purposes.

1.20.109 POTABLE WATER
Water for human consumption which meets stringent Federal, State, and County standards.

1.2.110 PRESSURE VACUUM BREAKER (PVB)
An assembly consisting of an independently operating internally loaded check valve and an independently operating loaded air inlet valve located on the discharge side of the check valve, with properly located resilient-seated test cocks and tightly closing resilient-seated shutoff valves attached at each end of the assembly.

1.2.111 PRETREATMENT
Reduction of the amount of Pollutants, the elimination of Pollutants, or the alteration of the nature of Pollutant properties in Wastewater prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introducing such Pollutants into the PBCWUDWWS. The reduction or alteration may be obtained by physical, chemical or biological processes, process changes or by other means, except as prohibited by Rule 62-625.410(5), F.A.C.

1.2.112 PRETREATMENT FACILITY
Any equipment, system and/or process intended to reduce or eliminate the amount of Pollutants or alter the nature of prohibited Pollutants prior to discharge into the PBCWUDWWS.

1.2.113 PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS
Any substantive or procedural requirements related to pretreatment, other than a pretreatment standard, imposed on an industrial user.

1.2.114 PRETREATMENT STANDARDS
PBCWUD’s discharge standards as set forth in the Wastewater Facilities Use Ordinance, the State of Florida’s pretreatment standards, or the Categorical Pretreatment Standards of the EPA, whichever is more stringent.

1.2.115 PRIORITY POLLUTANTS
Any toxic Pollutant regulated under Categorical Pretreatment standards.
1.2.116 PROHIBITIVE DISCHARGE STANDARDS OR PROHIBITED DISCHARGE
Absolute prohibitions against the discharge of certain substances; these prohibitions appear in Section 27-69 of the Wastewater Facilities Use Ordinance (No. 96-3).

1.2.117 PROMISE TO PAY (PTP)
A payment extension, requested by a qualifying customer whereby five (5) additional business days are applied to the delinquent date on a past due bill.

1.2.118 PROPERTY OWNER
The person who is vested in the ownership, dominion, or title of real property as recorded in the Public Records of Palm Beach County.

1.2.119 RECLAIMED WATER
Water that has received at least secondary treatment and basic disinfection and is reused after flowing out of a Wastewater treatment facility (Florida Administrative Code Chapter 62-610). Reclaimed water may be used for irrigation of residential and non-residential lawns, golf courses, cemeteries, parks, landscaped areas, edible crops (as set forth in Chapter 62-610, Florida Administrative Code), highway medians, dust control on construction sites, mixing of concrete, and cleaning of roads and sidewalks. Reclaimed Water may be provided directly or via lake discharge.

1.2.120 RECLAIMED WATER IRRIGATION SYSTEM
A network of pipes, pumping facilities, storage facilities, sprinkler heads, and appurtenances on the Customer’s side of the Point of Service designed to convey and apply Reclaimed Water.

1.2.121 RECLAIMED WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
A network of pipes, pumping facilities, and related appurtenances designed to convey and distribute Reclaimed Water from one or more Wastewater treatment facilities up to the Department’s side of the Point of Service.

1.2.122 REDUCED PRESSURE PRINCIPLE BACKFLOW PREVENTION ASSEMBLY (RP)
An assembly that contains two loaded, independently acting check valves with a hydraulically operating, mechanically independent pressure-differential relief valve located between the check valves below the first check valve. The check valves and relief valve shall be located between two tightly closing, fully ported, resilient-seated shutoff valves. The RP shall have four properly located resilient-seated test cocks.

1.2.123 REDUCED PRESSURE PRINCIPLE BACKFLOW PREVENTION DETECTOR ASSEMBLY (RPDA)
An RP with an integral metered Bypass.

1.2.124 RESIDENTIAL CONNECTIONS
For the purposes herein, there shall be two classes of residential connections: Single-family and Multi-Family (these classes do not necessarily correspond to prevailing zoning designations).

(1) Multi-Family:
Individually or master-metered Dwelling Units which meet one or more of the following criteria:

a. Apartment buildings, condominiums, duplexes, triplexes, quadruples, and any other Dwelling Units that share one or more common walls, roofs, and/or floors and having less than 1,800 square feet of living space per average unit.
b. Multiple Dwelling Units that share a common parcel, but do not share one or more common walls, roofs, and/or floors and have less than 1,200 square feet of living space per unit.

c. Grooms quarters having less than 1,200 square feet of living space per unit.

d. Mobile homes smaller than 1,200 square feet of living space.

e. Congregated Living Facilities with common kitchens that consume less than 100 gallons per day per unit (0.4) ERC/Unit.

(2) Single-Family:
Individually metered Dwelling Units which meet one or more of the following criteria:

a. Mobile Homes greater than 1200 square feet of living space.

b. All Residential Dwelling Units that do not qualify as Multi-Family.

1.2.125 RESIDENTIAL DUAL CHECK VALVE (RDC)
An ASSE approved device containing two single check valves within an integral housing that is on the Department’s approved material list. These devices cannot be tested without removing the device from the piping system.

1.2.126 RESIDENTIAL SERVICE vs. NON-RESIDENTIAL SERVICE
Residential Service is intended strictly for Dwelling Unit (household) use. All other service, including irrigation systems and separately serviced residential laundries and clubhouses shall be considered Non-Residential Service.

1.2.127 REVERSE DISTRIBUTOR
Any person that receives and accumulates prescription pharmaceuticals that are potentially creditable hazardous waste pharmaceuticals for the purpose of facilitating or verifying manufacturer credit. Any person, including forward distributors, third-party logistics providers, and pharmaceutical manufacturers, that processes prescription pharmaceuticals for the facilitation or verification of manufacturer credit is considered a reverse distributor.

1.2.128 SAND AND OIL INTERCEPTOR (SOI)
A Department approved device used to prevent sand and oil from entering the Wastewater stream.

1.2.129 SERVICE ACTIVATION
The date the Department sets a meter for the requested potable, Wastewater, and/or Reclaimed Water service.

1.2.130 SERVICE INITIATION
The date applicable fees are paid for a Potable Water meter, Reclaimed Water meter, Wastewater connection, or Fire Sprinkler System. Service Initiation Fees shall include Guaranteed Revenue Fees, applicable Franchise Fees, Connection Fees, and Service Installation Fees as described in Chapter 6.

1.2.131 SERVICE INSTALLATION FEE WITH TAP
The fee for providing and installing the Potable/Reclaimed Water tap, curb stop, service line, control valve, yoke, fittings, meter, and meter box.
1.2.132 SERVICE INSTALLATION FEE WITHOUT TAP
The fee for providing and installing the Potable/Reclaimed Water service line from the control valve to the meter yoke and for providing and installing the yoke, fittings, meter, and meter box.

1.2.133 SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER (SIU)
(1) Categorical industrial user; and/or

(2) Any non-categorical Wastewater User that discharges 25,000 gallons per day or more of processed Wastewater into the PBCWUDWWWS (excluding domestic wastewater, non-contact cooling and boiler blowdown Wastewater), or that contributes a process waste stream which makes up five (5) percent or more of the average dry weather hydraulic or organic capacity of the treatment plant, or is designated as such by PBCWUD on the basis that the industrial user has a reasonable potential for adversely affecting the treatment plant operation or for violating any pretreatment standard or requirement (in accordance with Rule 62-625.500(2)(e), F.A.C.; and/or

(3) PBCWUD may determine that an industrial user subject to categorical pretreatment standards under Rule 62-625.410 F.A.C., including 40 CFR Chapter I, Subchapter N, Parts 405 through 471, is a non-significant industrial user; and/or

(4) Upon finding that an Industrial Wastewater user meeting the criteria in sub-paragraph (2) above, has no reasonable potential for adversely affecting the PBCWUDWWWS operation or for violating any pretreatment standard or requirement, the PBCWUD may at any time, on its own initiative or in response to a request received from an industrial user, and in accordance with Rule 62-625.500(2)(e), F.A.C., determine that such industrial user is not a Significant Industrial User.

1.2.134 SIGNIFICANT NON-COMPLIANCE
Significant non-compliance may include one or all of the following:

(1) Violations of Wastewater discharge limits:
   (a) Chronic violations. Sixty-six (66%) percent or more of the measurements exceed the same daily maximum limit or the same average limit, including instantaneous limits in a six (6) month period (any magnitude of exceedance).

   (b) Technical Review Criteria (TRC) violations. Thirty-three (33%) percent or more of all of the measurements for each Pollutant parameter taken during a six-month period equal or exceeding the product of the daily maximum limit or the average limit, including instantaneous limits multiplied by the applicable TRC (TRC = 1.4 for BOD, TSS, fats, oil and grease, and 1.2 for all other Pollutants except pH).

   (c) Any other violation(s) of an effluent limit (average, daily maximum, or instantaneous limits) that the Director believes has caused, alone or in combination with other discharges, interference or pass-through, or endangered the health, safety or welfare of the PBCWUDWWWS personnel or the public.

   (d) Any discharge of Pollutant that has caused imminent endangerment to human health, safety or welfare or to the environment and has resulted in PBCWUD exercising its emergency authority to halt or prevent such a discharge.

(2) Violations of compliance schedule milestones contained in a permit or enforcement order for starting construction, and attaining failure to attain final compliance by ninety (90) days or more after the compliance schedule date.
(3) Failure to provide reports for compliance schedules, self-monitoring data, or categorical standards (baseline monitoring reports, ninety (90) day compliance reports, and periodic reports) within forty-five (45) days from the date due.

(4) Failure to accurately report non-compliance.

(5) Any other non-compliance, which may include a violation of Best Management Practices (BMPs), that the Director considers to be significant.

1.2.135 SINGLE CHECK VALVE
A device which allows fluids to flow in only one direction and that is on the Department’s approved material list.

1.2.136 SLUDGE
Any solid or semisolid waste generated from a county, municipal, non-residential, or industrial Wastewater treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility exclusive of the treated effluent from a Wastewater treatment plant.

1.2.137 SLUG LOAD OR SLUG DISCHARGE
Any discharge of Wastewater or industrial Wastewater into the PBCWUD Wastewater Collection System in which the concentration of any given constituent or quantity of flow exceeds, for any period of duration longer than fifteen (15) minutes, five (5) times the average twenty-four (24) hour concentration or flow during normal operation. A Slug Discharge is any Discharge of a non-routine, episodic nature, including but not limited to an accidental spill or a non-customary batch Discharge, which has a reasonable potential to cause interference or pass through, or in any other way violate PBCWUD’s regulations, local limits or permit conditions.

1.2.138 SPECIAL ASSESSMENT PROGRAM
A program permitting qualified property owner to pay for certain utility improvements by installment method.

1.2.139 STANDARD DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT (SDA)
A Development Agreement with no special conditions requiring BCC approval.

1.2.140 STANDARD DEVELOPMENT RENEWAL AGREEMENT (SDRA)
Agreement with no special conditions extending the capacity reservation for unused ERCs (ERICs) in a Standard Development Agreement for an additional five (5) years.

1.2.141 SUCCESSOR DEVELOPER
A Developer who purchases UCRA property during the life of the UCRA.

1.2.142 SUSPENDED SOLIDS
Tiny particles of solids disbursed but undissolved in a solid, liquid or gas.

1.2.143 TOTAL ACCRUED AMOUNT (TAA)
An amount equal to sixty (60) months of Guaranteed Revenue Fees as further explained in Section 3.1.5 (c) of this UPAP.

1.2.144 TOXIC POLLUTANT
Any Pollutant or combination of Pollutants listed as toxic under the provisions of the Federal Clean Water Act.
1.2.145 UPSET
An incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with Wastewater pretreatment standards because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the Industrial User.

1.2.146 USER
A Customer of the Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department.

1.2.147 UTILITY
The Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department.

1.2.148 UTILITY CONCURRENCE
The requirement that the necessary utility system capacity to maintain the adopted level of service standards is available when the impacts of development occur.

1.2.149 UTILITY CONCURRENCE FEE (UCF) an amount equal to twelve (12) months of Guaranteed Revenue Fees that is due prior to approval of a UCRA.

1.2.150 UTILITY CONCURRENCE LETTER
A letter issued by the department to the Planning, Zoning and Building Department based on the Developer’s representation that the development project requires neither an SDA or NSDA and requires no more than 17 ERCs.

1.2.151 WASTEWATER
Liquid and water-carried industrial, domestic, medical, food, superfluous solid, gaseous material, holding tank or other wastes from Dwelling Units, non-residential establishments and/or manufacturing facilities, whether treated or untreated, which are discharged into the PBCWUDWWS.

1.2.152 WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM
System for carrying Wastewater including, but not limited to, domestic, industrial, non-residential, medical, holding tank or other waste, to which storm, surface, and groundwater are not intentionally admitted.

1.2.153 WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMIT
A written authorization from the Director of PBCWUD which states the conditions, parameters, and/or circumstances whereby a User may discharge into the PBCWUDWWS.

1.2.154 WASTEWATER FACILITIES OR WASTEWATER SYSTEM
The structures, equipment, and processes required to collect, carry away, and treat domestic, industrial, non-residential, medical, holding tank and other wastes and dispose of the effluent. Any facility which discharges waste into waters of the State or which can reasonably be expected to be a source of water pollution and includes any of the following: the collection any transmission system, the wastewater treatment works, the reuse or disposal system, and the residuals management facility.

1.2.155 WASTEWATER FACILITIES USE ORDINANCE
The authority by which the County shall set forth and enforce uniform requirements for users of the PBCWUDWWS.

1.2.156 WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT
A facility where Wastewater is treated.
1.2.157 WATER CONNECTION PERMIT
A permit obtained from Palm Beach County PZ&B/Building Department that allows a customer to disconnect from a well and connect to Palm Beach County Water Utilities.

1.3 ABBREVIATIONS
The following abbreviations are used in this manual:

AASHTO – American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
AC – Asbestos/Cement
ACI – American Concrete Institute
AHB – Administrative Hearing Board
ADA – American Dental Association
ANSI – American National Standards Institute
ASSE – American Society of Sanitary Engineering
ASTM – American Society of Testing and Materials
AWWA – American Water Works Association
BCC – Board of County Commissioners
BOD – Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CFR – Code of Federal Regulations
DA – Development Agreement
DC – Double Check
DCDA – Double Check Detector Assembly
DFT – Dry Film Thickness
DIP – Ductile Iron Pipe
DOT – Department of Transportation
DU – Dwelling Unit
ECHB – Environmental Control Hearing Board
ECR – Environmental Control Rules
EMS – Environmental Monitoring Systems
EPA – Environmental Protection Agency
ERC – Equivalent Residential Connection
ERIC – Equivalent Residential Irrigation Connection
FAC – Florida Administrative Code
FDEP – Florida Department of Environmental Protection
FM – Force Main
FP&L – Florida Power & Light
FPS – Feet Per Second
FST – Fiberglass Structures & Tank
GMC – Good Month Calculation
GPM – Gallons Per Minute
GT – Grease Trap (less than 750 gal)
HDD – Horizontal Directional Drilling
HDPE – High Density Polyethylene
ICRI – International Concrete Repair Institute
ID – Interior Diameter
IMR – Industrial Monitoring Report
ISO – International Organization for Standardization
IU – Industrial User
IWS – Industrial Wastewater Surcharge
IWWDP – Industrial Wastewater Discharge Permit
LF – Linear Feet
MAP – Mandatory Agreement Payment
MDFT – Minimum Dry Film Thickness
mg/L – milligrams per liter
MJ – Mechanical Joint
MOT – Maintenance of Traffic
MUPD – Multiple Use Planned Developments
NAICS – North American Industrial Classification System
NFPA – National Fire Protection Association
NPDES – National Pollutant Discharge System
NSDA – Non-Standard Development Agreement
NSDRA - Non-Standard Development Renewal Agreement
NSF – National Science Foundation
OGI – Oil and Grease Interceptor
OGI/GT – Oil/Grease Interceptor and/or Grease Trap
OGIU – Oil and Grease Interceptor User
OSHA – Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PBCWUD – Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department
PBCWUDWWS – Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department Wastewater System
PCCP – Prestressed Concrete Cylinder Pipe
PDI – Plumbing and Drainage Institute
PEC – Product Evaluation Committee
PFS – Primary Flow Signal
PP-R – Polypropylene Random Copolymer
PTP - Promise To Pay
PVB – Pressure Vacuum Breaker
PVC – Polyvinyl Chloride
PZ&B – Planning, Zoning and Building
RAS – Return Activated Sludge
RDC – Residential Dual Check Valve