Delete – Parts 1-7 in Exhibit C, Art 3 Zero Lot Line Homes and Residential Building Coverage, pages 6-16.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 6.B.3.A – Dimensions of Access Ways</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Width at Street</td>
<td>Feet (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One-Way</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two-Way</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two-way with median</td>
<td>40 (2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two-way without median</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right Turn Radius (3)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. Widths exceeding these standards may be approved by the Zoning Director, the County Engineer, or Fire Rescue official, as necessary.
2. Width excludes median. 20-foot unobstructed pavement required on both sides of median, excluding guard houses and landscape islands.
3. Measured on side of driveway exposed to entry or exit by right-turning vehicles.
Palm Beach County

Land Development Regulation Advisory Board (LDRAB)
Land Development Regulation Commission (LDRC)

November 13, 2019

Board Members

Wesley Blackman, AICP, Chair (PBC Planning Congress)
Dr. Lori Vinikoor, Vice-Chair (District 5)

Joanne Davis (District 1)       Jaime M. Plana (American Institute of Architects)
Drew Martin (District 2)       Susan A. Kennedy (Environmental Organization)
Ari Tokar (District 3)         Frank Gulisano (Realtors Association of the Palm Beaches)
Glenn E. Gromann (District 4)  Jim Sullivan (Florida Surveying and Mapping Society)
Myles Basore (District 6)      Charles Drawdy (Assoc. General Contractors of America)
Robert J. Harvey (District 7)  Tommy B. Stroud (Alternate At-Large #1)
Daniel J. Walesky (Gold Coast Builders Association)  Abraham Wein (Alternate At-Large #2)
Anna Yeskey (Palm Beach League of Cities)
Terrence Bailey (Florida Engineering Society)

Board of County Commissioners

Mack Bernard
Mayor, District 7

Dave Kerner
Vice Mayor, District 3

Hal R. Valeche
Commissioner, District 1

Robert S. Weinroth
Commissioner, District 4

Melissa McKinlay
Commissioner, District 6

Gregg K. Weiss
Commissioner, District 2

Mary Lou Berger
Commissioner, District 5

County Administrator
Verdenia C. Baker

“An Equal Opportunity – Affirmative Action Employer”
2300 North Jog Road, West Palm Beach, Florida 33411 (561) 233-5200
A. CALL TO ORDER/CONVENE AS LDRAB
   1. Roll Call
   2. Introductions – Mr. Jim Sullivan as a new Board Member
   3. Additions, Substitutions, and Deletions
      a. Staff
      b. Board Member
   4. Motion to Adopt Agenda
   5. Adoption of September 25, 2019 Minutes (Exhibit A)
   6. Public Comments – Any persons wanting to speak on an item shall complete and submit a comment card to the Secretary prior to the item being discussed.

B. ULDC AMENDMENTS – NEW
   1. Exhibit B  Art. 2 ULDC Privately Initiated Amendment  1 –  5
   2. Exhibit C  Art. 3 Zero Lot Line Homes and Residential Building Coverage  6 –  17
   3. Exhibit D  Art. 3 Westgate Redevelopment Area Overlay – Residential Uses  18 –  28
   4. Exhibit E  Art. 4 Caretaker Quarters  29 –  29
   5. Exhibit F  Art. 6 Parking  30 –  63
   6. Exhibit G  Art. 7 Easement Overlaps of Landscape Buffers  64 –  67

C. PRIVATELY INITIATED AMENDMENTS
   No Items

D. CONVENE AS LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATION COMMISSION (LDRC)
   1. Proof of Publication
      2. Consistency Determination for Exhibits B through R  68 –  68
         a. Exhibit H  Art. 2 Planning Process and Historic Resources Review  69 –  70
         b. Exhibit I  Art. 2 HB 7103 Legislation to Modify Timeline for Review of DOs  71 –  83
         c. Exhibit J  Art. 2 Monitoring  84 –  98
         d. Exhibit K  Art. 3 CRE Consistency and RR-10 FLU  99 –  100
         e. Exhibit L  Art. 3 PDD Setback Measurement  101 –  104
         f. Exhibit M  Art. 3 & 5 Community and Neighborhood Park Recreation Standards  105 –  108
         g. Exhibit N  Art. 4 CLF Distance to Fire Rescue  109 –  109
         h. Exhibit O  Art. 4 Industrial Uses in CH Land Use  110 –  113
         i. Exhibit P  Art. 1, 2, and 7 Vegetation Violations and HB 1159  114 –  125
         j. Exhibit Q  Art. 11 Code Reference FLU versus Article 2 process  126 –  126

E. ADJOURN AS LDRC AND RECONVENE AS LDRAB

F. STAFF COMMENTS
   1. Attachment 1, LDRAB 2020 Calendar  130 - 130

G. BOARD MEMBER COMMENTS

H. ADJOURN
   LDRAB/LDRC Meeting  November 13, 2019
Minutes of September 25, 2019 LDRAB Meeting

On Wednesday, September 25, 2019, the Palm Beach County Land Development Regulation Advisory Board (LDRAB), met in the Kenneth S. Rogers Hearing Room (VC-1W-47), at 2300 North Jog Road, West Palm Beach, Florida.

A. CALL TO ORDER/CONVENE AS LDRAB

1. Roll Call

Chair Mr. Wesley Blackman, called the meeting to order at 2:00 p.m. Mr. Alexander Biray, Code Revision Zoning Technician, called the roll.

Members Present: 14

- Joanne Davis (District 1, Commissioner Valeche)
- Art Tokar (District 3, Commissioner Kenner)
- Glenn E. Gromann (District 4, Commissioner Weinroth)
- Dr. Lori Vinikoor (District 5, Commissioner Berger)
- Robert J. Harvey (District 7, Commissioner Bernard)
- Anna Yeskey (League of Cities)**
- Terrence Bailey (Florida Engineering Society)*
- Jaime M. Plana (American Institute of Architects)
- Susan A. Kennedy (Environmental Organization)
- Frank Gulisano (Realtors Association of the Palm Beaches)
- Charles D. Drawdy (Assoc. General Contractors of America)
- Wesley Blackman (PBC Planning Congress)
- Daniel J. Walesky (Gold Coast Builders Association)

Members Absent: 3

- Drew Martin (District 2, Commissioner Weiss)
- Tommy B. Strowd (Alternate At-Large #1)
- Myles Basore (District 6, Commissioner McKinlay)

County Staff Present: 12

- Jon MacGillis, Zoning Director
- Wendy N. Hernández, Principal Site Planner
- Jan Rodriguez, Senior Site Planner
- Lorraine Fuster, Senior Site Planner
- Alexander Biray, Zoning Technician
- Scott A. Stone, Assistant County Attorney I
- Dorine Kelley, Customer Relations Manager
- Bryan Davis, Principal Planner
- Melissa Michael, Senior Planner
- Jean W. Matthews, Senior Planner
- Khurshid Mohyuddin, Principal Planner*
- Bruce O. Thomson, Principal Planner*

* County Staff in audience.
** Mr. Bailey arrived at 2:04 p.m.
*** Mrs. Yeskey arrived at 2:05 p.m.

2. Introductions

Mr. Blackman introduced Mr. Gromann of District 4 and Mr. Tokar of District 3 as new Board members, who gave brief introductions.

3. Commemoration of Former Board Member Mr. Jim Knight's Service

Mr. Blackman recognized Mr. Jim Knight for his years of service to the County. Ms. Kelley presented a plaque to Mr. Knight as a token of appreciation and took his photo with Mr. Blackman. Mr. Knight thanked the Board and County Staff, looking forward to working with them as a Planning Commission member. Mr. MacGillis thanked him for his service on behalf of Staff.

** Mr. Bailey arrived at 2:04 p.m.

4. Additions, Substitutions, and Deletions

Mr. Blackman noted an Add/Delete sent to the Board in advance. Motion to incorporate the Add/Delete by Mr. Gulisano, seconded by Mr. Gromann. Motion passed (13-0).

5. Motion to Adopt Agenda

Motion to adopt the Agenda by Dr. Vinikoor, seconded by Mr. Gulisano. Motion passed (13-0).

6. Adoption of September 25, 2019 Minutes (Exhibit A)

Motion to adopt the Minutes by Dr. Vinikoor, seconded by Mr. Gulisano. Motion passed (13-0).

7. Public Comments

No public comments.
B. ULDC AMENDMENTS – NEW

1. Exhibit B – Art. 2, Planning Processes and Historic Resources Review

Mrs. Hernández explained the amendment from the Planning Division to update quorum requirements and meeting policy for the Historic Resources Review Board (HRRB) and Planning Commission (PLC).

** Mrs. Yeskey arrived at 2:05 p.m.

a. Discussion

Mr. Blackman clarified that it will make it easier for the HRRB and PLC to have quorum and more flexibility in scheduling meetings.

Motion to approve by Dr. Vinikoor, seconded by Mr. Gulisano. Motion passed (14-0).


Mrs. Hernández explained the amendment from the Planning Division to update policy in the ULDC to be consistent with the aforementioned Plan Amendments, resulting in them being stricken out of Art. 12, Traffic Performance Standards.

a. Discussion

Mr. Blackman asked for clarification of CRALLS to new Board members. Mr. Davis explained it is an acronym for Constrained Roadway at a Lower Level of Service (LOS), which regulates development based on roadway capacity. Mrs. Yeskey asked if it would affect intergovernmental coordination. Mr. Davis said it is merely a housekeeping item to delete obsolete, non-applicable language.

Motion to approve by Mr. Gulisano, seconded by Mr. Drawdy. Motion passed (14-0).

3. Exhibit D – Art. 3 and 5, Community and Neighborhood Park Recreation Standards

Mrs. Hernández explained the amendment from the Parks and Recreation Department, noting Mrs. Matthews present to address any questions, is to consolidate existing Property Development Regulations (PDRs) for Recreation properties, establish new size ranges, and update cross-references.

a. Discussion

Mr. Blackman asked if the new sizes would facilitate infill development. Mrs. Hernández said that is correct.

Motion to approve by Dr. Vinikoor, seconded by Mr. Drawdy. Motion passed (14-0).

4. Exhibit E – Art. 2, Monitoring

Mrs. Hernández explained the amendment from the Planning Division, including updated language in the Add/Delete, to define Community Development Districts (CDDs) by referencing the Florida Statutes (F.S.). Mr. Davis explained the rewrite of Art. 2.E, noting Mr. Mohyuddin and Mr. Thomson present to address any questions, is to modernize and update the language in a manner of which the Code is constructed, and make it more clear and succinct to understand, including the addition of Conditions of Approval for Land Use Amendments and creation of CDDs overseen by Monitoring.

a. Discussion

Mr. Blackman noted a typo on page 22, line 21, whereas “owner” was written twice, and wanted further clarification on straight rezonings without a Development Order. Mr. Davis clarified nothing would change. Dr. Vinikoor asked if CDD should just directly be defined in the Code. Mrs. Hernández contended that it is consistent formatting, citing how Agritourism was referenced.

Dr. Vinikoor noted a typo on page 20, line 29, whereas “applies” should be “apply” and asked for consistency on page 21, whether “standalone” and “buildout” should be hyphenated as “stand-alone” and “build-out.”

Mr. Gromann asked if F.S. would conflict with the ULDC and Plan. Mrs. Hernández stated no language exists for CDDs to conflict. Mr. MacGillis noted Staff has to be careful when referencing F.S. because they are subject to change. Mr. Blackman noted F.S. references are hyperlinked in the Code on the web.

Motion to approve as amended, by Mr. Gulisano, seconded by Mr. Gromann. Motion passed (14-0).
5. Exhibit F – Art. 1, 2, and 7, Vegetation Violations and HB 1159
Mrs. Hernández explained the amendment covers two topics to comply with passed State law on processes and procedures for vegetation removal, whereas permits are not required if determined by a certified arborist or professional Landscape Architect, to be damaged.

a. Discussion
Mr. Gulisano asked whether vegetation encroaching into foundations or sidewalks and dying because the roots have to be cut is self-induced. Mr. MacGillis responded yes. Mr. Gulisano further asked if vegetation has to be replaced because of such actions. Mr. MacGillis said it would if they are required trees. Mr. Stone contended such a situation is very fact specific. Mr. Gulisano clarified his question was regarding Single Family residences. Mr. MacGillis stated that scenario has not been brought to his attention in 30 years and that the Code only requires a minimal amount of trees.

Dr. Vinikoor noted a typo on page 34, line 36, whereas an “I” was missing for “Irreversible.” Mrs. Davis also noted a typo on line 4, whereas “irreparably” should be “irreparable”.

Motion to approve as amended, by Mr. Gulisano, seconded by Mrs. Davis. Motion passed (14-0).

6. Exhibit G – Art. 2, HB 7103 Legislation to Modify Timeline for Review of DOs
Mrs. Hernández explained the amendment is also a response to comply with changes in State law mandating set timelines and response procedures.

a. Discussion
Mr. Gromann asked whether Impact Fee credits and Affordable Housing would require amendments. Mrs. Hernandez responded that she spoke with Planning and the Impact Fee Coordinator, and no additional changes would be needed.

Mr. Wein asked how many times an Applicant is allowed to have extensions. Mrs. Hernandez said there is no limit, as long as it is mutually agreed upon. Mr. Blackman added that Applicants have a right to refuse changes per new State law.

Mr. Plana asked if there is any allowance for an expedited process.

Mr. Walesky asked for clarification on sufficiency requirements as they relation to timeframes. Mrs. Hernandez clarified the timeframe starts when the appropriate documents for review are submitted. Mr. Stone added Staff would have to be reactive to situations.

Motion to approve as amended, by Mr. Gromann, seconded by Mr. Gulisano. Motion passed (14-0).

C. PRIVATELY INITIATED AMENDMENTS
No items.

D. CONVENE AS LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATION COMMISSION (LDRC)
No items.

E. ADJOURN AS LDRC AND RECONVENE AS LDRAB
No items.

F. STAFF COMMENTS
Mrs. Hernández proposed shifting the next meeting in October to the 31st, or delay to November 13, 2019 with four additional new items and reconvene as LDRC.

Motion to move next meeting to November 13, 2019, by Mr. Gulisano, seconded by Mr. Wein. Motion passed (14-0).

G. BOARD MEMBER COMMENTS
1. Follow-Up to Mrs. Kennedy’s question of August 25th meeting regarding CLF approval process.
Mrs. Hernández explained the amendment part of Ordinance No. 2019-005 was to codify Planning Ordinance No. 2017-036, specifically clarifying Type 3 CLFs are prohibited in the RS Zoning District when the Future Land Use designation is LR-1, LR-2, or LR-3. No changes were made in regards to the AR Zoning District. Mrs. Kennedy expressed concern why a sixteen-person plus staff facility is allowed in the lower density AR Zoning District, when not allowed in a higher density RE or RT Zoning Districts.

H. ADJOURN
The Land Development Regulation Advisory Board meeting adjourned at 3:03 p.m.
EXHIBIT A

PALM BEACH COUNTY
LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATION ADVISORY BOARD (LDRAB)
(Updated 10/29/19)

Minutes of September 25, 2019 LDRAB Meeting

Recordings of all LDRAB meetings are kept on file in the Palm Beach County Zoning/Code Revision office and can be requested by contacting the Code Revision Section at (561) 233-5243.
EXHIBIT B

ARTICLE 2.D ULDC PRIVATELY INITIATED AMENDMENT
CR-2013-043
(Updated 10/29/2019)

Part 1. ULDC Art. 2.A.2., Application Processes and Procedures, General, Zoning Applications
(pages 13 of 101, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]
1. Include reference to Chapter D for the PIA as there are references to the PIA process in Chapter A. [Ord. 2018-002]

CHAPTER A GENERAL

Section 2 Zoning Applications

Chapters A through CD address application processes of the Zoning Division. These processes are generally classified as legislative, quasi-judicial and administrative, and are reviewed by various County agencies and presented to the applicable decision making bodies or person for consideration. Both legislative and quasi-judicial processes are subject to the public hearing procedures. For the purpose of this Article, the term “public hearing” refers to the legislative and quasi-judicial processes. [Ord. 2018-002]

Part 2. ULDC Art. 2.D, Application Processes and Procedures, ULDC PRIVATELY INITIATED AMENDMENT (PIA) (pages 56-61 of 101, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]
1. Minor modifications to purpose and intent. Include reference that the BCC may request a Subcommittee be established for some PIA Applications. [Ord. 2018-002]

2. Amend and correct the reference of “PZB” to “Zoning Director” relating to who the applicant has confirmed consultation of an application. [Ord. 2018-002]

3. Modify the decision of the Pre-application appointment result letter in that staff will affirm when it supports, does not support, or requires more follow up, rather than stating we are approving or not approving the request. [Ord. 2018-002]

CHAPTER D ULDC PRIVATELY INITIATED AMENDMENT (PIA)

Section 1 Purpose and Intent

The PIA is a discretionary process based on BCC authority to initiate, hear, consider, approve or deny amendments to the ULDC. The BCC or responsible PBC Official, as specified in Art. 1.B.1.A, Authority, initiate ULDC amendments, which typically includes input or requests from other governmental entities, industry or the public. [Ord. 2018-002]

The PIA is established to provide for a transparent application process to allow for non-government entities to make a formal request to the BCC to initiate amendments to the ULDC, in scenarios where the responsible PBC Official does not support initiating the amendment, or recommends staff address the request in a future scheduled ULDC Amendment Round. [Ord. 2018-002]

The PIA process is comprised of two phases, the first of which serves to minimize both applicant and staff resources, by allowing for an abbreviated application for initial staff and LDRAB review, and presentation to the BCC to confirm or deny a request to simply initiate the amendment process. If initiated, the second phase typically requires additional specificity and supporting information from the applicant, coordination with staff and any interested parties to refine and calibrate the amendment, but otherwise follows the standard procedure for the processing of ULDC amendments. The BCC may request a Subcommittee be established by the LDRAB to provide expertise and additional time to review and consider the final language before presenting it for a final decision to the BCC. [Ord. 2018-002]

Under no circumstance will a PIA be processed that is in violation of State, Federal or other applicable local government laws, or where inconsistent with the Comprehensive Plan, except where submitted with a concurrent amendment to the Plan. [Ord. 2018-002]

Section 2 Authority

Acceptance of a PIA application to amend the ULDC shall be at the discretion of the responsible PBC Official as specified in Art. 1.B.1.A, Authority, in consultation with the Zoning Director. Any private application to amend the Comprehensive Plan that will require a concurrent or subsequent amendment to the ULDC, shall comply with the following: [Ord. 2018-002]

U:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\2 - LDRAB\11-13-19\7 - LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit B - CR-2013-043 Art 2. ULDC Privately Initiated Amendment.docx

Notes:
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- ... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
EXHIBIT B

ARTICLE 2.D ULDC PRIVATELY INITIATED AMENDMENT
CR-2013-043
(Updated 10/29/2019)

The applicant shall include documentation confirming that the responsible PBC Official and PZB
the Zoning Director have been consulted prior to submittal of an amendment to the
Comprehensive Plan; and, [Ord. 2018-002]

Submittal of a concurrent PIA application to amend the ULDC, unless the responsible PBC Official
specifies an alternative submittal deadline. The responsible PBC Official, in consultation with the
Zoning Director, shall have the discretion to waive the Phase 1 PIA requirement, provided that this
is specified in the initiation requests to the Planning Commission and BCC. [Ord. 2018-002]

Section 4 Mandatory Pre-Application Appointment (PAA)

A. Applicability

A PAA is mandatory for any request for a PIA, or for any proposed Plan amendment that will require
an amendment to the ULDC. [Ord. 2018-002]

B. Purpose

The purpose of the PAA is to confirm that a potential applicant has coordinated with staff to evaluate
or exhaust all other potential options and has performed sufficient due diligence to ascertain the
viability of the request. [Ord. 2018-002]

C. PAA Requirements

The applicant shall provide a Justification Statement and any necessary supporting documentation
outlining the rationale for the proposed amendment, to include a preliminary evaluation of the
Standards cited above. [Ord. 2018-002]

D. Decision

The applicable responsible PBC Official shall provide a written response within seven working days
affirming if a PIA will be accepted, denied, supported, not supported, or if additional follow up is
required by the applicant. Other options may be applicable, including where the applicant and
responsible PBC Official may agree to a staff initiated amendment based on currently two Round
of amendments each year or a standalone ordinance based on BCC direction when the amendment
is requested to be expedited. [Ord. 2018-002]

Part 3. ULDC Art. 2.D.5 Application Processes and Procedures, ULDC Privately Initiated
Amendment (PIA) (pages 56-61 of 101, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

1. Modify the application procedures to be consistent with the changes to the PAA letter. The PIA
process is discretionary and the PBC Official confirms if the PIA can be processed.

2. Clarify the Overview of the Phase 2 PIA application.

3. Delete Application Fees as all Zoning Fees are described under Article 2.A Processes and
Procedures General.

4. Modify the application requirements to defer to the application and then clarify on the application
forms what needs to be submitted. Language will be consistent with other zoning applications and
what is described in Article 2.A.

5. Clarify the Sufficiency Review to be consistent with the timeframe of other Zoning
applications. Clarify that Sufficiency Review is not necessary for the Phase 2, since the application
is already submitted.

6. Modify the procedures for Insufficiency determination, Time Extensions and Administrative
Withdrawals to be consistent with other Zoning Applications described in Art 2.B and 2.C.

7. Clarify the review and resubmittal procedures for both Phase 1 and Phase 2. Describing Staff’s
requirement to provide comments to an applicant and the applicant’s responsibility to respond and
address the Standards for a PIA. Delete reference to the timing of the LDRAB/LDRC as the
application will be scheduled to the next applicable meeting that meets required advertising
requirements.

8. Modify terminology from certified to completed, as a PIA is not certified for a public hearing.

9. Clarify that once staff has completed the review of the application is scheduled to the next appropriate
hearing or a hearing date agreed to by the applicant.

10. Modify the BCC decision for a PIA, as the code cannot be approved with conditions, it is approved,
approved with modifications or denied.

CHAPTER D ULDC PRIVATELY INITIATED AMENDMENT (PIA)

...
EXHIBIT B

ARTICLE 2.D ULDC PRIVATELY INITIATED AMENDMENT
CR-2013-043
(Updated 10/29/2019)

A. General Overview

The PIA is comprised of two phases as outlined under Purpose and Intent above. [Ord. 2018-002]

1. Phase 1

The Phase 1 PIA allows an applicant to submit a preliminary request for staff evaluation and recommendation, presentation to the LDRAB for recommendation, and final presentation to the BCC to deny the request, or direct the responsible PBC Official to accept a request for a Phase 2 PIA, or other direction including scheduling, limitations or other similar. [Ord. 2018-002]

2. Phase 2

The Phase 2 PIA requires the applicant to coordinate with staff and any interested parties, and may require a more detailed analysis and with supporting documentation to substantiate the request. Once the application is deemed sufficient the review and analysis of the proposed amendment is completed, it shall be scheduled for presentation to the LDRAB and LDRC for the intent of this hearing is to obtain a final recommendation and determination of consistency with the Comprehensive Plan. The request will be scheduled for a BCC hearing prior to being scheduled for a presentation to the BCC for and Request for Permission to Advertise. Pursuant to approval of the request to advertise, one or more duly noticed Public Hearings are required, in accordance with F.S. § 125.66. [Ord. 2018-002]

B. Application Fees

Fees shall be established in accordance with the official PZB Fee Schedule. Additional public notice costs may be assessed to the applicant seeking to process a PIA amendment outside of the two yearly scheduled ULDC Amendment Rounds. [Ord. 2018-002]

BC. Application Requirements

Applications shall be in a form established by the responsible PBC Official, in consultation with the Zoning Director, but at a minimum shall include an updated Justification Statement in accordance with the standards specified for a Phase 1 PIA. [Ord. 2018-002]

CD. Sufficiency Review

The applicant shall be notified whether or not the application is of sufficientcy or insufficient will be forwarded to the applicant within ten days no more than thirty calendar days from the date of receipt of a Phase 1 or 2 PIA application. Sufficiency review is not required for Phase 2. [Ord. 2018-002]

1. Sufficiency

If the application is determined to be insufficient by the applicable PBC Official, it shall be reviewed and evaluated pursuant to the procedures and standards of this Chapter. [Ord. 2018-002]

2. Insufficiency

In an application is determined to be insufficient, s Staff shall provide written notification to the applicant summarizing the deficiencies. [Ord. 2018-002]

a. No further action may be taken on the application until the deficiencies are remedied. If the deficiencies are not remedied within 20 days from the date of the insufficiency notification, the application shall be administratively withdrawn. [Ord. 2018-002]

b. The Applicant shall address all insufficiencies and resubmit the application to the Zoning Division within 30 calendar days after the application was determined to be insufficient. Revised applications shall be subject to the above timeframe to determine sufficiency or insufficiency. [Ord. 2018-002]

c. If the application is amended and determined to be sufficient, the application may be processed for review. [Ord. 2018-002]

d. If the deficiencies are not remedied in the revised submittal, or fails to submit revised documents within 30 calendar days, a second written notification shall be sent to the Applicant. The letter shall indicate that the application is considered withdrawn unless a written request for a time extension has been submitted and approved by the Zoning Director pursuant to 2.D.5.C.3 Time Extension.

3. Time Extension

The Applicant may submit a written request for an extension of time to the Zoning Director if an additional 30 calendar days is needed to address unresolved issues. Such request shall be submitted to the Zoning Director no later than five days after the issuance of the second written notification.

4. Administrative Withdrawal

If the Applicant fails to address the insufficiencies or request and receive a time extension, it shall result in an Administrative withdrawal of the application.

U:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\2 - LDRAB\11-13-19\7 - LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit B - CR-2013-043 Art 2. ULDC Privately Initiated Amendment.docx

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text.
Strikethrough indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
**E3. Application Modification After Certification Completion of Staff Review**

Applications may not be modified after certification completion of Staff review, unless requested or agreed to by the responsible PBC official, the latter of which may be subject to postponement of any scheduled meetings or Hearings. Modifications after presentation to the LDRAB/LDRC may not be permitted where substantially different from what the LDRAB reviewed, or where such may alter the original LDRC consistency determination. [Ord. 2018-002]
C. Postponements
All applications postponed for three or more consecutive LDRC meetings or Public Hearings, shall
require that the newspaper notification be republished. [Ord. 2018-002]

Section 76  Action by LDRAB and LDRC

A. Advisory Board
The LDRAB is the designated advisory board for the majority of the ULDC; however, there may be
other entities tasked with reviewing specific ULDC provisions. All ULDC amendments are subject
to LDRC review. [Ord. 2018-002]

1. Meeting
The advisory board shall consider the application, staff report, relevant support materials, and
public testimony given at the meeting. [Ord. 2018-002]

2. Recommendation
In concluding that portion of the meeting designated on the agenda for a PIA, the advisory
board shall recommend to the BCC that the application be approved, approved with
modifications, or denied, based on the standards for a PIA, unless the applicant and
responsible PBC Official agrees to a continuance or postponement. [Ord. 2018-002]

B. LDRC
A Phase 2 PIA shall be presented to the LDRC, which shall make a determination of consistency
with the Plan. [Ord. 2018-002]

Section 87  Action by the BCC

After review and recommendation by the LDRAB, including LDRC consistency determination for a Phase
2 PIA, the application shall be considered at the next available regularly scheduled Public Hearing by the
BCC, or such time as is mutually agreed upon between the applicant and responsible PBC Official. [Ord.
2018-002]

A. Public Hearing
At the public hearing(s), the BCC shall consider the application, staff report, relevant support
materials, the recommendation of the LDRAB, the testimony given and the evidence introduced
into the record at the public hearing(s). [Ord. 2018-002]

B. Postponements, Continuance or Remand
The BCC shall have the discretion to postpone or continue any PIA application at any time, or
remand the application back to the LDRAB. [Ord. 2018-002]

C. Decision
1. Phase 1
At the conclusion of the hearing, the BCC may elect to initiate the amendment, initiate with
additional modifications or stipulations, or deny the request. [Ord. 2018-002]

2. Phase 2
A Phase 2 PIA shall require a Public Hearing to Request for Permission to Advertise required
Public Hearings, and one or more Public Hearings in compliance with F.S. § 125.66. At the
conclusion of the final Public Hearing, the BCC may approve, approved with conditions
modification, modify, or deny the PIA application. [Ord. 2018-002]

D. Conduct at Hearing

Section 98  Appeals
The PIA process is discretionary and not subject to appeals. [Ord. 2018-002]
**EXHIBIT C**

**ARTICLE 3 – OVERLAYS AND ZONING DISTRICTS**

CR-2017-0029  
(Updated 11/5/19)

Part 1. ULDC Art. 3.D.1.D.5 – Overlays and Zoning Districts, Property Development Regulations (PDRs), PDRs for Standards Zoning Districts (pages 122 and 126 of 211). Supplement 25, is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Add footnote for SF and TH homes to increase side setback when adjacent to a ZLL home.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. The existing language was adopted in August 2005 to allow for balconies on SF and ZLL homes. Proposed amendment will delete repeated front setback references that is described in the beginning sentence, but keep reference that the encroachment will not apply to a balcony that is included as part of the home where there is a reduced setback for the side loading garage or unit.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. The proposed amendment deletes the restriction that the balcony width is limited to 25 percent of the total width of the front façade. This limitation is too restrictive and has impacts of the design and proportion to the home.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Deletion of the ten-foot setback from the Zero lot line property line, and inclusion of setbacks for ZLL home balconies included under the ZLL section of the code. Setbacks are proposed to be modified to be consistent with other setback requirements of ZLL.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CHAPTER D  PROPERT DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS (PDRS)

#### Section 1  PDRs for Standard Zoning Districts

##### A. PDRs

The minimum lot dimensions, density, maximum FAR, maximum building coverage, and minimum setbacks in each standard zoning district are indicated in Table 3.D.1.A. Property Development Regulations unless otherwise stated. Front, side, side street and rear setbacks shall be applied in accordance with the lot orientation as defined by lot frontage. [Ord. 2005-041]

Notes:

1. **Table 3.D.1.A – Property Development Regulations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Zoning District</th>
<th>Min Lot Dimensions</th>
<th>Density (5)</th>
<th>Max FAR (6)</th>
<th>Max Building Coverage</th>
<th>Min Setbacks (11)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Size</td>
<td>Width and Frontage</td>
<td>Depth</td>
<td></td>
<td>Front</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AR</td>
<td>(2) (3)(4)</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RE</td>
<td>2.5 ac.</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RT (LR-1)</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RT (LR-2)</td>
<td>14,000</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RS</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RM</td>
<td>(5)</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

Notes:

- **Underlined** indicates new text.
- **Stricken** indicates text to be deleted. **Stricken and italicized** means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- **Italicized** indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

---

U:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\2 - LDRAB\11-13-197- LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit C - CR 2017-0029 Art. 3, Residential Uses and Building Coverage.docx

LDRAB/LDRC Meeting November 13, 2019 Page 6
Part 2. ULDC Art. 3.D.2.B. – Overlays and Zoning Districts, Property Development Regulations, PDRs for Specific Housing Types (page 128-129 of 211, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Add footnote for TH homes to increase side setback when adjacent to a ZLL home.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHAPTER D PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS (PDRS)

Section 2 PDRs for Specific Housing Types

A. Townhouse

The minimum lot dimensions, maximum height, maximum FAR, maximum building coverage, and minimum setbacks and separations for townhouses in all districts where they are permitted shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 3.D.2.A – Townhouse Property Development Regulations</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lot Dimensions</strong></td>
<td><strong>Setbacks and Separations (1)(2)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>800 SF</td>
<td>Front</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width and Frontage</td>
<td>Max Height</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

1. Front and side street setbacks measured from street or parking tract. Side and rear setbacks measured from plat, parcel, or pod boundary; lake maintenance easement, canal easement, or canal R-O-W; or required landscape buffer. [Ord. 2005-002]

2. Separations apply to the proximity of one townhouse group to another. Separation between two townhouse buildings shall be by drawing a centerline between the two adjacent buildings and measuring a minimum distance equal to one-half of the required separation from the centerline to ensure an equidistant separation between structures. For the purpose of this Section, a townhouse building shall mean two or more attached townhomes.

3. Recreation buildings and other structures which are not accessory structures shall comply with the setback requirements in this Section.

4. TH side setback shall be increased to 10 feet when adjacent to the ZLL side property line of a ZLL home.

Part 3. ULDC Art. 3.D.2.B. – Overlays and Zoning Districts, Property Development Regulations, PDRs for Specific Housing Types (pages 129-134 of 211, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. Modify the ZLL PDR table to provide clarification on the setbacks for the different ZLL design criteria</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Delete Footnote 1 as it is redundant to other Sections of Art.3.D, Property Development Regulations on how to measure setbacks.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Delete Footnote 2, as the requirements for connections to driveways to streets are described in Article 6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Delete Footnote 3, as the requirements for mechanical equipment screening is described in Article 5.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Delete and Replace graphic for ZLL Property Development Regulations.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Relocate language describing minimum and maximum requirement for Zero Lot line setback to be included under PDR requirements.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Relocate minimum setback from the ZLL side property line</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Relocate requirements for ZLL homes that are designed to be located on more than one property line. Code provisions were previously described in a prior 1992 Version of the ULDC.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Relocate requirements for ZLL Side Street Homes (aka Floater homes). These homes do not abut a property line due to the layout of the subdivision and there adjacency to open space and streets.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Add requirements for setbacks for SF and TH homes when they are adjacent to ZLL side property line of a ZLL home.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

Underlined indicates new text. Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to:]. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from:]. .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
**EXHIBIT C**  
**ARTICLE 3 – OVERLAYS AND ZONING DISTRICTS**  
CR-2017-0029  
(Updated 11/5/19)  

#### Section 2  
**PDRs for Specific Housing Types**  

**B. Zero Lot Line (ZLL)**

1. **Property Development Regulations**

   The minimum lot dimensions, maximum height, maximum building coverage, and minimum setbacks for ZLL homes in all districts where they are permitted, shall be as follows.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lot Dimensions</th>
<th>Max Height</th>
<th>Building Coverage</th>
<th>Setbacks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Size</td>
<td>Width</td>
<td>and Frontage</td>
<td>Front</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4500 sf</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>10 – unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>25 – front loading garage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 – side street home</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td></td>
<td>10 – side loading garage</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**

1. Lot frontage may be measured from the required front building setback.
2. The driveway of a front loading or side loading garage shall terminate the street at or near a 90-degree angle to the road center line. The driveway of a ZLL home shall intersect the street P.O.W at a 90 degree angle for a minimum length of five feet on both sides.
3. Mechanical equipment shall be screened and oriented away from the front door and private outdoor space of the adjacent lot.

---

**Figure 3.D.2.B-7 – Typical Example of ZLL and Side Street Home**

---

**a. ZLL Side Setback**

1. A ZLL home shall be located on a minimum of one, but not more than two property lines, except as stated in Art. 3.C.2.B.1.c. Side Street Home. [Ord. 2005-002]

[Relocated from: Art. 3.D.2.C.1, Location]

2. A minimum of 20 feet of the length of the home under air or occupied by a totally enclosed area under roof which is attached to and directly accessible from an air conditioned living area, such as a garage or storage area, shall be located on one lot line and shall have a zero foot setback from the lot line. [Relocated from: Art. 3.D.2.C.6, Zero Setback]

3. The remaining portion of the home along the ZLL side shall be setback a minimum of four feet from the zero property line, unless otherwise stated herein Art. 3.D.2.B.1.b

---

**Notes:**

*Underlined* indicates new text.  
*Stricken* indicates text to be deleted.  
*Stricken and italicized* means text to be totally or partially relocated.

If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].  
*Italicized* indicates text to be relocated.  
Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

…. A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
Double ZLL Home

b. Double ZLL Home

A double ZLL home is constructed with portions of the home located on two side property lines. A minimum 10 foot side setback shall be provided for the portion of the Double ZLL home that is not on the side property line. Reduction in setbacks, as described in Art 3.D.2.B for Windows and Doors shall be prohibited.

c. Side Street Home

A side street home may only be located on a lot having a street or at least 50 feet of open space abutting two sides. This home shall meet the setbacks pursuant to Table 3.D.2.B ZLL Property Development Regulations. [Partially relocated from Art. 3.D.2.C.9.f Side Street Home]

d. ZLL Adjacent to Other Housing Types

1) Side setback for TH and SF units adjacent to the ZLL side shall be a minimum of 10 feet;
2) Side setback for MF and Cottage Homes (Multiple Units in a Single Lot) adjacent to the ZLL side shall be a minimum of 15 feet.
3) ZLL homes shall not be adjacent to a Cottage Home (Single Unit in a Single Lot).

---

Figure 3.D.2.B.7 – Typical PDRs for ZLL, Corner, and Side Street Homes

---

Figure 3.D.2.B – Typical PDRs for Double ZLL Home
Part 4. ULDC Art. 3.D.2.B. – Overlays and Zoning Districts, Property Development Regulations, PDRs for Specific Housing Types (page 129-134 of 211, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Relocate Location criteria under ZLL PDR heading.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Delete Access requirements as it is redundant to the requirements of Article 11.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Relocate Height Limitations and graphic under new Design Standards heading.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Delete parking requirements as they are redundant to the requirements described under Parking in Article 6.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 2  PDRs for Specific Housing Types**

B. Zero Lot Line (ZLL)

4. **ZLL Design Standards**

1. **Location**

   A ZLL home shall be located on a minimum of one, but not more than two, property lines. [Ord. 2005-002] [Relocated to Art. 3.D.2.B.1.a.1 ZLL Side Setback]

2. **Access**

   ZLL homes and side street homes within a planned development may front on a residential access street subject to Table 11.E.2.A.1., Chart of Access of Hierarchy. Residential subdivisions located outside of a planned development shall provide access to lots as required by Art. 11.E.2.A.25, Guardhouses. [Relocated to Art. 3.D.2.B.3.a, Height Limitation]

3. **Height Limitation**

   Buildings or structures shall not exceed 35 feet in height. Lots with a ZLL side that abuts or is separated from the rear property line of an adjacent lot by less than 10 feet shall be limited to one story in height. [Ord. 2009-040] [Ord. 2009-040]

4. **Parking**

   Each ZLL and side street home shall have a minimum of two parking spaces and shall comply with the requirements of Art. 6, Parking. [Relocated to Art. 3.D.2.B.3.a, Height Limitation]

Part 5. ULDC Art. 3.D.2.B. – Overlays and Zoning Districts, Property Development Regulations, PDRs for Specific Housing Types (page 129-134 of 211, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Clarify the existing requirement for modifications of previously approved ZLL developments, as it relates to the replacement modification, or expansion of the ZLL home. Include clarification that the modifications may not deviate from the requirements</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

- Underlined indicates new text.
- Strikethrough indicates text to be deleted.
- Strikethrough and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italics indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
**ARTICLE 3 – OVERLAYS AND ZONING DISTRICTS**

CR-2017-0029

(Updated 11/5/19)

**EXHIBIT C**

**Reason for amendments:** [Zoning]

2. Relocate requirements for the Zero Setback and the remaining setback to the PDR section described in Part 3.

---

2. PDRs for Specific Housing Types

---

### B. Zero Lot Line (ZLL)

#### 25. Replacement Modifications

In an effort to address current building trends and needs of homeowners to modify existing units, the following procedures have been established to facilitate replacement and expansion of existing units, and to ensure the consistency of replacement units with the character of the overall community. In the event a home built in being replaced, modified, or expanded, the following shall apply: [Ord. 2008-037]

**a. General**

The application of a provision in this Section which was not allowed prior to the effective date of this Code shall require:

1) consent from the HOA;
2) submittal of an application to amend the prior DO approved by the DRO;
3) the amendment to apply to an entire pod; and,
4) the pod to be brought into conformance with the remainder of this Code, to the extent possible. [Relocated to Art. 3.D.2.C.9.g Additional Requirements]

**b. Process**

1) Building Permit Review

An application for building permit will shall be consistent with either a typical unit detail that is shown on the Final Plan approved by the DRO or the original building permit. If no typical unit detail is included on the Final Plan then staff shall rely on the tabular data Site Data Table for setbacks/separations and height, required at the time of issuance of the original DO. [Ord. 2008-037]

2) DRO Zoning Review Administrative Modifications

Proposed amendments that are subject to a Full DRO or ZAR application shall be required to reflect the proposed changes to a DRO approved site plan typical unit detail including: Site data, setbacks, separations and height. A reduction or increase in setback may be allowed subject to the following: [Ord. 2008-037]

a) Standards for Review

Setbacks/separations may be decreased a maximum of 30 percent of the setback required at the time of issuance of the D.O., provided it is not less than the setbacks described in Table 3.D.2.B; ZLL Property Development Regulations; minimum standard (provided the development was not approved utilizing flexible regulations; or, received prior variance relief.

b) A 30 percent increase in the maximum allowable height allowed in the original DO may be permitted but may not exceed the height limitations described in Art.3.D.2.B.3.a Height Limitations; [Ord. 2008-037]

i) Demonstrate compliance with all applicable parking, landscaping and drainage provisions; [Ord. 2008-037]

ii) Comply with all applicable application requirements. [Ord. 2008-037]

iii) Submit a letter of support from the applicable community HOA/POA. and [Ord. 2008-037]

Any proposed deviation that exceeds the above standards will require variance relief pursuant to Art. 2.C.5.D, Type 1 Variance. [Ord. 2008-037]

6. Zero Setback

A minimum of 20 feet of the length of the home under air or occupied by a totally enclosed area of a garage or storage area, shall be located on one lot line and shall have a zero foot setback from the lot line. If a home is located on two lot lines, the minimum length shall be the sum of the length on both lot lines. [Relocated to: Art. 3.D.2.B.1.a.2, ZLL Side Setback ]

7. Remaining Setback

The remaining portion of the home along the ZLL side shall be setback a minimum of four feet from the zero property line. [Relocated to: Art. 3.D.2.B.1.a.3, ZLL Side Setback]

---

**Notes:** Underlined indicates new text. Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].

**Italicized** indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

---

**Part 6. ULDC Art. 3.D.2.B. – Overlays and Zoning Districts, Property Development Regulations, PDRs for Specific Housing Types (page 129-134 of 211, Supplement 25)**, is hereby amended as follows:

---

U:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\2 - LDRAB\11-13-19\7 - LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit C - CR 2017-0029 Art. 3, Residential Uses and Building Coverage.docx

---

LDRAB/LDRC Meeting November 13, 2019 Page 11
Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

1. Relocate height existing height limitation requirements and graphic under new Design Standards heading.

2. Clarify prohibited openings on the ZLL side façade.

3. Modify and relocate to new headings the permitted openings along the ZLL side façade.

4. Modify existing requirements and incorporate allowances for Windows and Doors described in Zoning PPM ZO-O-024. Require translucent windows with the ZLL façade zero to one foot from a property line and prohibit doors; allow for translucent windows or doors or a 6’-8” wall when greater than one foot but less than 4 feet from the ZLL side; or allow for transparent windows when 4 feet or greater from the ZLL side property line. Include restrictions on the Double ZLL home for windows/doors.

---

Section 2  
PDRs for Specific Housing Types

B. Zero Lot Line (ZLL)

3. Design Standards

a. Story Limitation

   Lots with a ZLL side that abuts or is separated from the rear property line of an adjacent lot by less than 10 feet shall be limited to one story in height, [Ord. 2009-040] [Partially relocated from: Art. 3.D.2.C.3, Height Limitation]

---

8.1) Prohibited Openings and Attachments

(9) Hose bibs; and [Ord. 2005-002]

(10) Satellite dishes; and [Ord. 2005-002]

(11) Electrical Outlets.

b). Exceptions may be considered only for those existing projects where an opening or attachment was permitted on the ZLL wall for the models or more than 30 percent of the total ZLL units of that project. [Ord. 2005-002]

2) Permitted Openings and Attachments

a. Openings/Attachments

The following openings and attachments Clean out fittings and Soffit vents shall be allowed to penetrate and/or be attached to the portion of the home on the ZLL side;

[Ord. 2005-002]

1) Clean out fittings [Relocate above]

2) Soffit vents [Relocate above]

3) Glass block or other translucent material pursuant to Art. 3.D.2.C.9.b, Glass Blocks;

4) Atrium/courtyard exit pursuant to Art. 3.D.2.C.9.d, Atrium/Courtyard; and

5) Windows and doors facing an atrium/courtyard, or in a recessed portion of the home if the outdoor area is completely screened from view from the adjacent home.

[Ord. 2005-002]

b) Glass Blocks, Windows and Doors

Glass block or other translucent material may be used along the portion of the home on the Zero Lot Line ZLL side pursuant to the following:

a) First Floor

(1) ZLL façade constructed at zero to one foot on the side property line

All windows shall be made with translucent material. Doors shall be prohibited.

(2) ZLL façade constructed greater than one foot and less than four feet from the side property line

(a) Windows and doors shall be made with translucent material; or

(b) Windows and doors may be made with transparent material provided a minimum six-foot eight-inch high wall is constructed along the ZLL side to screen it from the adjacent home.

(3) ZLL façade constructed greater than or equal to four feet from the side property line

(a) Windows and doors may be made with transparent material; and

(b) No wall is required

b) Second Floor

(1) All windows shall be translucent. This shall not apply to a Double ZLL home for the portion of the facade that is constructed 10 feet from the side.

(2) Light Transmission

Only building material which allows a maximum 60 percent of exterior light transmission according to the manufacturer’s specifications shall be used. A notarized affidavit shall be submitted with the building permit which verifies the degree of light transmission and the translucency of the material to be used.

c) Exception

Transparent windows may be permitted on the ZLL wall if the wall abuts a dedicated open space or landscape buffer a minimum of 50 feet in width.

d) Surface Area

Use shall be limited to a maximum of 50 percent of the surface area of the wall along the portion of the home on the ZLL side.

f) Limitation

Use shall be limited to new construction only, unless consent from the HOA is submitted with the building permit.

Part 7. ULDC Art. 3.D.2.B. – Overlays and Zoning Districts, Property Development Regulations, PDRs for Specific Housing Types (page 129-134 of 211, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

U:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\ - LDRAB\11-13-19-7 - LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit C - CR 2017-0029 Art. 3, Residential Uses and Building Coverage.docx

**Notes:**

*Underlined* indicates new text.

*Stricken* indicates text to be deleted. *Stricken and italicized* means text to be totally or partially relocated.

If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].

*Italicized* indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
ARTICLE 3 – OVERLAYS AND ZONING DISTRICTS
CR-2017-0029
(Updated 11/5/19)

EXHIBIT C

SECTION 2 — PDRS FOR SPECIFIC HOUSING TYPES

B. Zero Lot Line (ZLL)

3. Design Standards

6. Courtyards, Covered Porches, and Balconies

1) Covered Porch (front and rear of the ZLL home)

A covered porch may be constructed along the ZLL side, at the front or rear of the home. If windows and doors are constructed into the façade of the home adjacent to the porch, the following shall apply:

a) Windows or Doors less than four feet from ZLL side

   (1) Shall be made with translucent material; or
   (2) Windows and doors may be made with transparent material provided:

      (a) a minimum five foot wall or hedge is provided along the ZLL for the porch at the front of the home. If a wall is used, the wall shall comply with Art. 3.D.2.B.3.h.3, Design Requirements; or
      (b) a minimum five foot wall is provided along the ZLL for the porch at the rear of the home and the wall shall comply with Art. 3.D.2.B.3.h.3, Design Requirements.

b) Windows or Doors greater or equal to four feet from ZLL side

   (1) Transparent windows may be permitted; and
   (2) No wall is required.

2) Courtyard

   A courtyard may be constructed along the ZLL side. The minimum depth shall be four feet measured from the unit to the ZLL. A gate shall be installed on the ZLL for emergency exit purposes provided the gate is a minimum of 36 inches in width, six feet eight inches in height, opaque, and operable only from the inside with the gate opening inward toward the unit. Windows and doors facing the courtyard shall comply with Art. 3.D.2.B.3.i.1, Windows and Doors. [Partially relocated from: 3.D.2.C.9.d.

3) Balconies

   In addition to the requirements of Art. 3.D.1.D.5; Setback Exceptions, a minimum six foot eight inches high wall shall be required for open balconies located less than four feet from the ZLL side property line. The wall shall extend the entire length of the balcony located along the ZLL side.

   a) Covered Porch

      The subdivision plan and plat shall indicate a maintenance and roof eave encroachment easement along the ZLL for each ZLL lot for the purpose of allowing maintenance of the portion of the home with a zero setback and to accommodate any overhang of the roof eave and gutter. Should a fence or wall traverse or be located within a maintenance and roof easement, written permission from the POA will be required prior to the issuance of a permit by PBC. A gate for access and maintenance purposes will be required. Access for the owner of the lot abutting the easement and the easement beneficiaries shall be provided after advanced notification and during reasonable hours. No construction, landscaping, mechanical equipment, fence or wall shall prevent perpetual access to said easement by the owner of the lot abutting the easement or the easement beneficiaries.

   [Ord. 2013-0041] [Ord. 2015-031]

   b) Atrium/Courtyard

   [Updated 11/5/19]

   c) Maintenance and Roof Overhang Easement

   The subdivision plan and plat shall indicate a maintenance and roof eave encroachment easement along the ZLL for each ZLL lot for the purpose of allowing maintenance of the portion of the home with a zero setback and to accommodate any overhang of the roof eave and gutter. Should a fence or wall traverse or be located within a maintenance and roof easement, written permission from the POA will be required prior to the issuance of a permit by PBC. A gate for access and maintenance purposes will be required. Access for the owner of the lot abutting the easement and the easement beneficiaries shall be provided after advanced notification and during reasonable hours. No construction, landscaping, mechanical equipment, fence or wall shall prevent perpetual access to said easement by the owner of the lot abutting the easement or the easement beneficiaries.

   [Ord. 2013-0041] [Ord. 2015-031]

   d) Easement Width

   [Updated 11/5/19]
ARTICLE 3 – OVERLAYS AND ZONING DISTRICTS
CR-2017-0029
(Updated 11/5/19)

This easement shall have a minimum width of two feet.

2) Roof Overhang
   Roof eaves, soffits and gutters may encroach the easement up to a maximum of 24
   inches. Gutters shall be installed along the entire length of the ZLL side to prevent
   water runoff onto the adjacent property.

3) Drainage
   This easement shall not overlap a drainage easement.

4) Plat
   The following language shall be on the plat for each ZLL subdivision: Maintenance and
   roof overhang easements are hereby reserved in perpetuity to the owner of the lot
   abutting the easement and the HOA for the purpose of access to and maintenance of
   improvements, the roof overhang, eave, gutters, drainage and utility services,
   decorative architectural treatment, and impact shutters, within and adjacent to said
   easement without recourse to PBC. [Ord. 2013-001] [Ord. 2014-025]

5) Easement Encroachments
   Projections or improvements may be permitted to encroach into the ZLL maintenance
   and roof overhang easement, upon demonstration that the plat dedication includes the
   items specified, as follows: [Ord. 2014-025]
   a) Mounting hardware for impact shutters, accordion shutters, or roll down shutters,
      projecting a maximum of six inches into the ZLL easement, and; [Ord. 2014-025]
   b) Decorative architectural treatment such as lintels, stone veneer or stucco banding
      extending a maximum distance of three feet measured from the front facade,
      projecting a maximum of two inches into a ZLL easement. [Ord. 2014-025]
   [Relocated to Art. 3.D.2.B.3.e, Easements]

d) Atrium/Courtyard
   An atrium/courtyard may be constructed along the ZLL side. An atrium/courtyard along the
   ZLL side shall be limited to the ground floor only. The minimum depth shall be four feet. A
   gate may be installed on the ZLL for emergency exit purposes provided the gate is a
   minimum of 36 inches in width, six feet eight inches in height, opaque, and operable only
   from the inside with the gate opening inward. [Relocated to: 3.D.2.B.3.C.2 Courtyard]

   1) ZLL Home Wall
      A minimum five foot high opaque wall or fence shall be provided along the ZLL of a
      ZLL home, beginning at the end of the home with a zero setback and extending a
      minimum distance of ten feet beyond the rear of the home toward the rear property
      line. [Ord. 2005-041]
      a) Exception
         A wall or fence shall not be required if the ZLL side is adjacent to dedicated open
         space a minimum of 50 feet in width.

   2) Rear Lot Line
      A minimum five foot high opaque wall or fence shall be provided along the rear lot line
      between lots with abutting rear lot lines and between lots with abutting side and rear
      property lines.

   3) Design Requirements
      If a wall is constructed, the required wall, including any extension, shall be constructed
      of the same material used to construct the adjoining ZLL wall of the home (e.g. brick
      wall with a brick privacy wall) or any structurally sound, opaque, and permanent
      material with an exterior finish that matches the style, color, and surface texture of the
      exterior of the adjoining ZLL wall (e.g. CBS home with stucco finished wood frame wall
      painted to match the home).

   4) Roof Enclosures
      When a screened or solid roof enclosure is attached to the ZLL wall, the length and
      height of the wall shall comply with Art. 5.B.1.A.11, Screen Enclosures.

   5) Height Limitation
      Lots with a ZLL side which abut the rear property line of an adjacent lot shall be limited
      to one story in height.

f) Side Street Home
   A side street home may be located on a lot having a street, a minimum of 50 feet of open
   space, or combination along two sides. A side street home shall comply with the minimum
   setback requirements in Table 3.D.2.B. ZLL Property Development Regulations. A side
   street home shall be exempt from Art. 3.D.2.C. ZLL Design Standards, unless expressly
   Home]

   g) Additional Requirements

Notes:
Undertined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

LDRAB/LDRC Meeting November 13, 2019 Page 15

U:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\2 - LDRAB\11-13-19\7 - LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit C - CR-2017-0029 Art. 3, Residential Uses and Building Coverage.docx
The application of a provision in this Section which was not allowed prior to the effective
date of this Code shall require:
1) consent from the HOA;
2) submittal of a site plan amendment application to the DRO;
3) the amendment to apply to an entire pod; and
4) the pod to be brought into conformance with the remainder of this Code, to the extent
possible. [Partially Relocated to Art. 3.D.2.B.2 Modifications]

e. Easements

Roof Overhang Easement
The subdivision plan and plat shall indicate a maintenance and roof edge encroachment
allowing the ZLL for each ZLL lot for the purpose of allowing maintenance of the
porch of the home with a zero setback and to accommodate any overhang of the roof
eave and gutter. Should a fence or wall traverse or be located within a maintenance and
roof edge easement, written permission from the POA will be required prior to the issuance of a
permit by PBC. A gate for access and maintenance purposes will be required. Access for
the owner of the lot abutting the easement and the easement beneficiaries shall be
provided after advanced notification and during reasonable hours. No construction,
landscaping, mechanical equipment, fence or wall shall prevent perpetual access to said
easement by the owner of the lot abutting the easement or the easement beneficiaries.

[Ord. 2013-001] [Ord. 2015-031]

a. Easement Width

This easement shall have a minimum width of two feet.
b. Roof Overhang

Roof eaves, soffits and gutters may encroach the easement up to a maximum of 24
inches. Gutters shall be installed along the entire length of the ZLL side to prevent
water runoff onto the adjacent property.
c. Drainage

This easement shall not overlap a drainage easement.
d. Plat

The following language shall be on the plat for each ZLL subdivision: Maintenance and
roof overhang easements are hereby reserved in perpetuity to the owner of the lot
abutting the easement and the HOA for the purpose of access to and maintenance of
improvements, the roof overhang, eave, gutters, drainage and utility services,
decorative architectural treatment, and impact shutters, within and adjacent to said
easement without recourse to PBC. [Ord. 2013-001] [Ord. 2014-025]


a. Easement Encroachments

Projections or improvements may be permitted to encroach into the ZLL maintenance
and roof overhang easement, upon demonstration that the plat dedication includes the
items specified, as follows: [Ord. 2014-025]

1) Mounting hardware for impact shutters, accordion shutters, or roll down shutters,
projecting a maximum of six inches into the ZLL easement; and, [Ord. 2014-025]
2) Decorative architectural treatment such as lintels, stone veneer or stucco banding
extending a maximum distance of three feet measured form the front facade,
projecting a maximum of two inches into a ZLL easement. [Ord. 2014-025]


Part 8. ULDC Art. 3.E.2.D. PUD Property Development Regulations (PDRs) (page 147 of 211,
Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]
1. After discussion with industry and multiple variances that had been approved by the Zoning
Commission, the proposed amendment incorporates an allowance to increase the building coverage
for SF and ZLL home by 10% provided they are one story.

CHAPTER E PLANNED DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS (PDDS)

Section 2 Planned Unit Development (PUD)

D. Property Development Regulations (PDRs)

The minimum lot dimensions, density, maximum FAR, maximum building coverage, and minimum setbacks
in each pod are indicated in Table 3.E.2.D, PUD Property Development Regulations, unless
otherwise stated.

1. Setbacks
For residential development, building setbacks shall be measured from the inside edge of the perimeter landscape buffers. For non-residential development, building setbacks shall be measured from the property line. Rear or side setbacks may be reduced pursuant to Art. 3.D.1.D.4, Setback Reductions.

### Table 3.E.2.D – PUD Property Development Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>POD</th>
<th>Lot Dimensions</th>
<th>Density</th>
<th>FAR (2)</th>
<th>Building Coverage</th>
<th>Setbacks</th>
<th>Front</th>
<th>Side</th>
<th>Side Street</th>
<th>Rear</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SF (4)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cottage Homes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZLL (4)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TH</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MF</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Notes:

1. Preservation includes the Preservation Areas in a PUD allowed in the AGR FLU designations.
2. The maximum FAR shall be in accordance with FLUE Table III.C.2 of the Plan, and other related provisions, unless otherwise noted. [Ord. 2007-001]
3. Recreation pods required for multi-family units, CLFs, or other similar uses may be exempt from the following:
   - a) Minimum frontage requirement, where internal street frontages are not available in the area required for recreation amenities, upon demonstration that access is provided by frontage on internal access ways, the pedestrian network other as may be approved by Parks and Recreation; and, [Ord. 2016-042]
   - b) Minimum PDRs may be reduced proportionate to or in accordance with Art. 5.D.2.B.9. Exceptions, [Ord. 2016-042]
4. SF and ZLL residential units may be allowed to increase Building Coverage by ten percent subject to the following:
   - a) Maximum one story; and,
   - b) Increase in Building Coverage cannot be in conjunction with other reductions, waivers, or variances for building coverage.
Part 1. ULDC Art. 3.B.14.B.1.b. and 1), WCRAO, Westgate Community Redevelopment Area Overlay, General Development Standards, Nonconformities (pages 41-42 of 211, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Westgate CRA]

1. Extend the existing non-conformities provisions for permitted uses and uses subject to DRO approval within a non-conforming structure to single family dwellings in the NG Sub-area. Part 3 of this amendment seeks to prohibit new single family dwellings in the UH, UG, NC and NG Sub-areas in accordance with the CRA’s Community Redevelopment Plan which encourages higher intensity commercial in the UI, UH and UG Sub-areas, and increased residential density and mixed use in the NC and NG Sub-areas. The Redevelopment Plan promotes and incentivizes redevelopment but also looks to protect and enhance existing housing stock. Sub-area use regulations and PDRs foster a specific character and desired development pattern, but the primary focus of the CRA is on reinvestment and community revitalization, so permitted uses or uses subject to DRO approval in non-conforming structures are afforded added flexibility to improve. In Sub-areas that are earmarked for more intense and dense redevelopment such as the UH, UG, and NC, or that are in a transitional zone between Okeechobee Blvd. and Westgate Avenue, such as the NG Sub-area, single family as a typical use, is anticipated to phase out over time. However, it is recognized that single family homes do, with the exception of the UH, currently exist in those Sub-areas, so by providing a mechanism that allows renovations, maintenance or repair beyond the thresholds of Art. 1.F., to those existing single family dwellings in those Sub-areas, homes can be maintained or improved until such a time that redevelopment may occur.

2. Modify the minimum percentage requirements for exterior building and site elements. Of the 25% that is currently required, a minimum of 10% must be dedicated to façade improvements and a minimum of 10% dedicated to landscape improvements with the remaining 5% to be applied to exterior site improvements generally. Smaller non-conforming sites often cannot accommodate enough landscaping to achieve 10% of total improvement costs particularly when total improvement or renovation costs are high. A site may also be too small, irregular, or otherwise constrained by utilities placement to accommodate additional landscape material. In addition, planned or potential CRA infrastructure efforts that address streetscape improvements incorporating landscaping and hardscaping, that can be further be complimented by private property improvements in a way that cannot be captured by existing percentages. By removing the current 10% façade-10% landscape standard, flexibility to comply with code while remaining consistent with the intent of the provision to enhance and beautify building exteriors and improve site aesthetics is provided and the urban context of small lots and infill conditions in the redevelopment area is recognized. The Westgate CRA Executive Director may authorize how the required 25% is dispersed across façade, exterior site, and landscaping or hardscape improvements to meet the requirement and address the site specific character of a subject site.
### 1) Exterior Building and Site Elements Improvements

A minimum 25 percent of the total maintenance, renovation, or natural disaster damage repair improvement value shall be dedicated to exterior building, façade improvements and other site elements. Of that percentage, 10 percent shall be dedicated to façade improvements abutting the R-O-W per Art. 1, General Provisions, landscaping, pedestrian amenities, and other site elements. Of that percentage, 10 percent shall be dedicated to façade improvements abutting the ROW and a minimum ten percent percentage shall be dedicated to landscape improvements, as determined by the Westgate CRA Executive Director to address specific site constraints that include, but are not limited to, lot size, lot configuration, and/or adjacent redevelopment efforts. [Ord. 2010-022]

### 2) Limitation

The total maintenance, renovation, or natural disaster damage repair improvements for the proposed use(s) may be allowed only if the proposed improvements will not cause an increase in building square footage or generate additional parking unless the additional parking requirements or design is required to bring the site into compliance with the ULDC to the greatest extent possible; and, [Ord. 2010-022]

### 3) Certification of Improvements

The detailed justification statement of compliance to the above standards and calculations of the improvements, including the total improvement value for the project, shall be signed and sealed by the architect of record for the project, and shall be reviewed and certified by the Westgate CRA for compliance with this section prior to submittal to the Building Division. [Ord. 2010-022]

---

### Part 2. ULDC Art. 3.B.14.E.1. WCRAO, Westgate Community Redevelopment Area Overlay, Use Regulations (pages 45 of 211, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments</th>
<th>[Westgate CRA]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Clarify WCRAO minimum and maximum permitted residential and commercial uses in the NC Sub-area in Table 3.B.14.E.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Relocate language from Art. 3.B.14.E.1.a. and b. in to Table 3.B.14.E, WCRAO Mixed Use for ease of use and to eliminate confusion and redundancy. Percentages and notes in the table are reassigned to be consistent with relocated information. A row is added to the table for clarity in application of residential and non-residential uses across Sub-areas.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Add language to restrict residential only developments in the NC, UG and UH Sub-areas to projects with 4 or more dwelling units commensurate with the intent of the CRA’s Community Redevelopment Plan and WCRAO for those Sub-area areas where mixed-use development is envisioned and encouraged in the NC; intense commercial is envisioned in the UH; and higher density residential development is envisioned in the UG.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

### E. Use Regulations

#### 1. Mixed Use

In the WCRAO, mixed use means the combination of residential and one or more non-residential uses that are functionally integrated. Mixed use may be required or permitted in commercial districts that have a commercial with underlying residential FLU designation, as indicated in Table 3.B.14.E, WCRAO Mixed Use. [Ord. 2006-004]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-areas</th>
<th>NR</th>
<th>NRM</th>
<th>NG</th>
<th>NC</th>
<th>UG</th>
<th>UH</th>
<th>UI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mixed Use</strong></td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>Prohibited</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Permitted</td>
<td>Prohibited</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Percentage of Allowed Residential and Nonresidential Use</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Minimum Residential Use</strong></td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Maximum Residential Use</strong></td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Minimum Non-residential Use</strong></td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Maximum Non-residential Use</strong></td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
Part 3. ULDC Art. 3.B.14.E.2. and Table 3.B.14.E, WCRAO, Westgate Community Redevelopment Area Overlay, Use Regulations (pages 45-47 of 211, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for Amendments: [Westgate CRA]

1. Modify Table 3.B.14.E, WCRAO Sub-area Use Regulations, to include where single family, cottage homes, and zero lot line homes are permitted or prohibited within Sub-areas commensurate with the intent of the CRA’s Community Redevelopment Plan and to address an increased interest in small-scale infill housing interest development across the NRM, NC and NG Sub-areas. WCRAO Sub-area use regulations are currently silent on where single family dwellings, zero lot line homes, and the newly codified cottage home housing type, may be permitted by Sub-area. Single family residential and cottage homes (single unit on a single lot) are prohibited in the UI and UH Sub-areas, the UG, Urban General which is envisioned as a “redevelopment area allowing for mixed use development with more intense commercial and residential uses, including multi-story towers where feasible”; in the NG, Neighborhood General Sub-area where the intent is to “encourage mixed use development, including more intense commercial uses, and house and multi-family dwelling units”; as well as, in the NC, Neighborhood Commercial, which is “intended to be the key focal point of the redevelopment area, with provisions to encourage and incentivize mixed use development”. Cottage homes (multiple units on a single lot or site) are also prohibited in the UG and NC Sub-areas. All cottage homes are prohibited in the NR, Neighborhood Residential Sub-area which is intended to preserve the existing single family character of those neighborhoods. Zero Lot Line homes are prohibited across WCRAO Sub-areas since provisions to accommodate a zero lot line building form is already addressed by Art.3.B.14.F.a. and allowed in the NRM, NG, and NC Sub-areas.

2. Remove the word NOTE column of Table 3.B.14.E, WCRAO Sub-area Use Regulations and replace with Supplementary Standards table mirror same column in ULDC use matrices. Add new references from Art. 4.B.1.A Residential Use Matrix. Remove footnote reference to location of use classifications for Employment Agencies in Article 4; already referenced in Supplementary Standards #. Relocate Office Warehouse use from Commercial Uses to Industrial Uses.

Notes:
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Strikethrough indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
## Table 3.B.14.E – WCRAO Sub-area Use Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-areas</th>
<th>NR</th>
<th>NRM</th>
<th>NG</th>
<th>NC</th>
<th>UG</th>
<th>UH</th>
<th>UI</th>
<th>Notes: Supplementary Use Standards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Residential Uses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single Family</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.1.C.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cottage Home – Single Unit on a Single Lot</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.1.C.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cottage Home – Multiple Units on a Single Lot or Site</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.1.C.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zero Lot Line (ZLL)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.1.C.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Commercial Uses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Entertainment (3)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.2.C.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convenience Store</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.2.C.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electric Vehicle Charging Station Facility</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.2.C.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Agencies (5)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.2.C.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas and Fuel Sales, Retail</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.2.C.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repair and Maintenance, Heavy</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.2.C.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repair and Maintenance, Light</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.2.C.31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self-Service Storage</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.2.C.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle Sales and Rental, Light</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.2.C.41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle or Equipment Sales and Rental, Heavy</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.2.C.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office – Warehouse (Relocated to Industrial Uses)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>4.B.5.C.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contractor Storage Yard</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>4.B.5.C.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Industrial Uses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office Warehouse (Relocated from Commercial Uses)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>A (1)</td>
<td>A (1)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4.B.5.C.17</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Notes:
- **Stricken** indicates text to be deleted, **Stricken and italicized** means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. **Italicized** indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

---

**Key:**
- **X** Prohibited in Sub-area
- Subject to Use Regulations of zoning district.
- **P** Permitted by Right in Sub-area
- **A** Class A Conditional Use [Ord. 2017-007]

1. Limited to lots with a CH FLU Designation and corresponding zoning district. [Ord. 2006-004] [Ord. 2008-002]
2. A number in the **Notes** Supplementary Use Standards column refers to Art 4.B., Use Classifications, which are applicable to the use. [Ord. 2006-004]
3. Adult entertainment shall also be prohibited as an accessory use to other principal uses within the sub-areas. [Ord. 2007-013]
4. Limited to lots with a CH or CL FLU Designation and corresponding zoning district. Work/Live Space shall be Permitted by Right in all Sub-areas except the NR and UI. [Ord. 2007-013]
5. Adult Family and Townhouse units may be Permitted by Right in non-residential districts where Mixed Use is required or permitted in accordance with Table 3.B.14.E, WCRAO Mixed Use. [Ord. 2017-002]
6. Employment Agencies as contained in Art. 4 under Office, Business or Professional. [Ord. 2017-007]

---

**Legends:**
- **NR** Near Retail
- **NRM** Near Retail, Mixed Use
- **NG** Near General
- **NC** Near Conventional
- **UG** Urban Gulf
- **UH** Urban Hillside
- **UI** Urban Industrial
- **P** Permitted
- **X** Prohibited
1. Create a new Table 3.B.14.F, WCRRAO Residential Sub-area PDRs, to in order to differentiate residential PDRs from Non-Residential and Mixed Use Development. The Residential Sub-area PDR table addresses a range of residential use types, particularly single family, cottage and middle housing types, that were not effectively captured in the Sub-area PDR table originally created in 2006 which applied Form Based Code (FBSDC) to building configuration and placement throughout Sub-areas without consideration for applicability to specific uses. This amendment recognizes that a one size fits all approach to FBSDC redevelopment in the WCRRAO, given the unique character of the area and increasing interest in small-scale residential infill development, has been difficult to implement. New residential PDRs and complementary amendments to Supplementary Standards seek to remain true to the fundamental principles of New Urbanist zoning: improved predictability, ease of use, and the creation of a walkable public realm by continuing to utilize minimal front and side setbacks and building frontage requirements to create building presence and massing; through requirements for rear access and parking, and through engaging building design and orientation that requires a front-facing entrance, porches and balconies.

The urban infill character of the Westgate redevelopment area is distinctly different from County-wide standard residential zoning districts. The residential Sub-area PDR table recognizes the historical platting of 25 ft. lots in the NRM and NG sub-areas where lot dimensions are typical of older first tier sub-urban areas; provisions for the cottage home housing type are modified to reflect typical conditions: width and frontage is best applied in increments of 25 ft rather than 20 ft. or 30 ft. A distinction is made between PDRs for townhome groups and individual townhome lots, where groups are required to conform to WCRRAO standards for setbacks and individual lots may utilize provisions for individual townhome lots in Art. 3.D.2.A. Townhouse Groups refer to individual townhome lots that are arranged in groups fronting a street. PDRs for multifamily projects of 4 units or less address a marked increase in small-scale residential interest and construction in the WCRRAO particularly in duplex development where existing WCRRAO sub-area PDRs inadequately represent these middle housing types. For example, multifamily projects of 4 units or less are proposed to meet a minimum lot width of 75 ft. (an increment of 25 ft.) since the minimum RS and RM standard zoning district lot width is 65 ft. This allows for a front facing building orientation further reinforced by a 60% frontage requirement. Side setbacks are reduced to 5’ for all residential building types except multifamily projects of 5 or more units to create better massing and presence. Side setbacks are reduced to 2.5 ft. for single family cottage homes to allow for a less narrow building width. Lot size, minimum frontage, setbacks and accessory structure provisions have been created that are specific to the WCRRAO but consistent with the overall intent of the ULDC.

3. Revise existing PDR table to amend footnote 1 in the NR Sub-area column since single family dwelling PDRs are now addressed in new residential PDR table. The NR Sub-area column will remain for consistency and continuity in presentation of Sub-areas. Re-order footnotes.

4. To clarify an existing provision from Section 3.14.F.2.b.2) that the minimum lot frontage of a single family dwelling may be 50 ft. on a public ROW. This language is now further codified as a minimum lot frontage/lot width for Single Family in Table 3.B.14.F, WCRRAO Residential Sub-area PDRs.


### Table 3.B.14.F – WCRAO Non-Residential and Mixed Use Sub-area PDRs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-areas</th>
<th>NR (1)</th>
<th>NRM</th>
<th>NG</th>
<th>NC</th>
<th>UG</th>
<th>UH</th>
<th>UI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lot Dimensions:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Lot Depth</td>
<td>30'</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Building Coverage</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>40% (2)</td>
<td>40% (2)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Build to Line/Setbacks:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front or Side Street Build to Line (1/3)(8)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Build to Line: - 15'</td>
<td>Build to Line: -15'</td>
<td>Build to Line: -10'</td>
<td>Build to Line</td>
<td>- C/MU: 10'- - 25'</td>
<td>Build to Line</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Frontage (4)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>10' (4)</td>
<td>10' (4)</td>
<td>10' (4)</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Rear (1)(4)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Minimum Building Frontage</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Minimum Frontage (1)(8)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Building Frontage</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Build to Line Exception (4)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Maximum 50% of Building Frontage, minimum width: 20' and maximum depth of 25'</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Maximum Stories/Height (2)(6)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Stories (4)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Height (4)(2)(6)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>36'</td>
<td>48'</td>
<td>72'</td>
<td>240'</td>
<td>120'</td>
<td>180'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Accessory Quarters Max. Height/Stories</strong></td>
<td>2 stories and 25'</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Maximum Building Length (2)(6)(7)</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>300'</td>
<td>300'</td>
<td>300'</td>
<td>300'</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**

- Strikethrough indicates text to be deleted. Strikethrough and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- *Italicized* indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

---


**CR-2019-018**

(Updated 10/31/2019)

  - **a.** NRM, NG and NC Side Setback Reduction
    - A building in the NRM, NG and NC sub-areas may be built along the interior side property line with a zero setback, subject to the following: [Ord. 2006-004] [Ord. 2015-031]
    - **7.** Height shall be limited to a maximum of 35' feet for properties in the NRM and NG sub-areas abutting existing single-family uses. [Ord. 2006-004] [Ord. 2019-005]
  - **7.** Height shall be limited to a maximum of 35' feet for properties in the NRM and NG sub-areas abutting existing single-family uses. [Ord. 2006-004] [Ord. 2017-007] [Ord. 2019-005]

---

**LDRAB/LDRC Meeting November 13, 2019 Page 23**

### ARTICLE 3 – OVERLAYS AND ZONING DISTRICTS

**WCR AO GENERAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS, USE REGULATIONS, PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS**

CR-2019-018 (Updated 10/31/2019)

Table 3.B.14.F – WCR AO Residential Sub-area PDRs

| Residential Use Type | Single Family | Cottage Homes - Single Unit on a Single Lot | Cottage Homes - Multiple Units on a Single Lot or Site | Townhouse (1) | Multi-Family (4 Units or Less) | Multi-Family (5 Units or More) |
|----------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------−|---------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Lot Dimensions       |               |                                           |                                                   |               |                              |                              |
| Minimum Frontage/Lot Width | 50%          | 25%                                      | 75%                                              | 10            | 75                            | 100                          |
| Minimum Lot Depth    | 10            | 10                                       | 100                                              | 50            | 100                           | 100                          |
| Maximum Building Coverage | 50%          | 50%                                      | 80%                                              | 80%           | 80%                           | 80%                          |

**Setbacks**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Minimum Side (3)</th>
<th>Minimum Side Street</th>
<th>Minimum Rear</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5'</td>
<td>7.5'</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front/build-to-Line</td>
<td>25 min.</td>
<td>20 min.</td>
<td>10 min.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10-25</td>
<td>10-25</td>
<td>10-25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0'</td>
<td>10'</td>
<td>0'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0'</td>
<td>10'</td>
<td>0'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0'</td>
<td>10'</td>
<td>0'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10'</td>
<td>10'</td>
<td>10'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10'</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>10'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10'</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Height/Stories**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maximum Stories</th>
<th>Maximum Height (4)</th>
<th>Accessory Structures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Building Frontage**

| Minimum Building Frontage | N/A | N/A | N/A | 60% (2) | 80% (2) | 60% (2) |

**Notes:**

2. Building coverage may be increased to 80 percent if all parking is provided curbside or in a parking structure.
3. Side setbacks may be reduced to zero in accordance with Art. 3.B.14.F.4, NRM, NG and NS, Setback Reduction.
4. Minor increases in maximum height may be permitted subject to the standards of Art. 5.C.1.E.a-c. as exempted by Art. 3.D.1.E.4, Height Exceptions, and as defined by Art. 1, General Provisions.
5. Maximum height of Multi-Family projects of five units or more shall be in accordance with Maximum Stories and Height by Sub-Area in Table 3.B.14.F, WCR AO Non-Residential and Mixed Use Development Sub-area PDRs.
6. Multi-Family developments with five units or more shall be required to be a minimum of two stories in the NC, Ud, and Off Sub-areas.
7. Minimum building frontage of 80 percent is required for all Townhome and all Multi-Family developments in the NC Sub-areas.

#### 2. Build to Line and Frontages

2.

b. Minimum Building Frontage

1) The minimum building frontage shall be in accordance with the requirements of Table 3.B.14.F, WCR AO Non-Residential and Mixed Use Sub-area PDRs or Table 3.B.14.F.

#### 3. Minimum Lot Frontage

Parcels accommodating single-family dwellings shall have a minimum lot frontage of 50 feet on a public R-O-W. [Ord. 2008-003] [Ord. 2015-031] [Ord 2017-025]

#### Notes:

- **Underlined** indicates new text.
- **Stricken** indicates text to be deleted. **Stricken and italicized** means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- **Italicized** indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- **....** A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
ARTICLE 3 – OVERLAYS AND ZONING DISTRICTS
WCRAO GENERAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS, USE REGULATIONS, PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS
CR-2019-018
(Updated 10/31/2019)

Figure 3.B.14.F – WCRAO Sub-area Building Configurations and Lot Placements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-area</th>
<th>Maximum Height, Number of Floors, and Uses by Floor</th>
<th>PDRs – Setbacks, Building Area, and a Maximum Building Coverage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NR</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NRM</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NG</td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

U:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\2 - LDRAB\11-13-19-17\ LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit D - CR-2019-018 Art. 3 Westgate Redevelopment Area Overlay, Residential Uses.docx

LDRAB/LDRC Meeting November 13, 2019 Page 25
ARTICLE 3 – OVERLAYS AND ZONING DISTRICTS
WCRAO GENERAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS, USE REGULATIONS, PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS
CR-2019-018
(Updated 10/31/2019)

--- Figure 3.B.14.F – WCRAO Sub-area Building Configurations and Lot Placements (Continued) ---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-area</th>
<th>Maximum Height, Number of Floors, and Uses by Floor</th>
<th>PDRs - Setbacks, Building Area, and Maximum Building Coverage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UG</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UH</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UI</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Use allowed by floor only where permitted by existing zoning district, and the mixed use provisions of Table 3.15.E.5, WCRAO Mixed Use.

[Ord. 2008-004] [Ord. 2009-040] [Ord. 2015-031]

Part 5. ULDC Table 3.B.14.G., and Art. 3.B.14.G.3.b., WCRAO, Westgate Community Redevelopment Area Overlay, Supplementary Standards (pages 53-55 of 211, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

1. To modify supplemental standards related to residential use types provided for in Table 3.14.F. WCRAO Residential Sub-area PDRs. Existing architectural standards meant to complement form based code such as window glazing requirements for the ground floor intended for mixed use retail store fronts do not function for small scale Multi-Family development or cottage homes with multiple units on a single lot or site where allowed in the NRM and NG Sub-areas. Supplemental standards related to entryways, private and common areas are introduced to incorporate architectural interest and open space within Multi-Family development.

2. Notes re-ordered as necessary. Delete sub-column referring to location and setbacks; delete attached. Reformat to one row referencing required location for detached accessory quarters and garages.

3. Eliminate exemption of smaller sites to comply with front entrance orientation to be consistent with the intent of the new Residential PDR table.

LDRAB/LDRC Meeting November 13, 2019 Page 26
EXHIBIT D

ARTICLE 3 – OVERLAYS AND ZONING DISTRICTS
WCR AO GENERAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS, USE REGULATIONS, PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS

CR-2019-018
(Updated 10/31/2019)

G. Supplementary Standards

In addition to the requirements of Art. 5, Supplementary Standards, and Table 3.B.14.G, WCR AO

Supplementary Standards by Sub-Area, the following shall apply: [Ord. 2006-004]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-areas</th>
<th>NR</th>
<th>NRM</th>
<th>NG</th>
<th>NC</th>
<th>UG</th>
<th>UH</th>
<th>UI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Enclosed Living Area</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single Family Dwelling Unit</td>
<td>1,000 s.f.</td>
<td>1,000 s.f.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessory Quarters</td>
<td>300 s.f.</td>
<td>300 s.f.</td>
<td>300 s.f.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fences and Walls

Prohibited Materials [(2)(4)] Chain link, wire mesh, barbed wire, wood basket weave, or corrugated metal panels

Architectural Features

Arcades and Galleries (1) - - - - - - -

Minimum Building Height 20' 20' 20' 30' - - -

Minimum 1st Floor Height - - - 12' - - -

Minimum Number of Floors 2 (2) - - - - - -

Windows and Doors

Minimum Glazing of Frontage (3) - (3) - (3) - - - -

Porches, Balconies and Entryways [(4)(4)(8)(10)]

Front Setback Maximum Encroachment (4)(7) 8' 6' 6' - - - - -

Min/Max Porch Depth (4) 6'/50% - - - - - -

Min/Max Porch Length (4) 8'/50% of building façade - - -

Min/Max Balcony Depth (4) 3'/3 - - - - - -

Min/Max Balcony Length (4) 6'/50% total of building façade - - - - - -

Parking:

Location of Surface Parking (40)

Detached

| Location | Rear | Rear | Rear | - | - | - |

Attacked

| Location | Setback with front or rear access | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Location of Accessory Quarters and Garages

Detached

| Location | Rear | Rear | Rear | - | - | - |

Attacked

| Location | Setback with front or rear access | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Landscaping

See Art. 3.B.14.J, WCR AO Landscape Modifications allowing for reduction in perimeter and foundation planting requirements.

Minimum Pervious Surface - 20% 20% 20% - - - -

Key:

- Subject to the supplementary standards of the lot’s zoning district

Notes:


2. The maximum encroachment for porches, balconies, and entryways located in NC sub-area shall only apply to permitted residential or hotel uses. These ground floor improvements shall not conflict with the placement of street trees. [Ord. 2011-001]

3. Single-family dwellings and Cottage Homes – Single Unit on a Single Lot. Nonresidential uses within the UI sub-area shall only apply to permitted residential or hotel uses. These ground floor improvements shall not conflict with the placement of street trees. [Ord. 2011-001]

4. Single-family dwellings and Cottage Homes are not required to provide porches, balconies, and entryways. But may elect to utilize setback exceptions provided encroachment complies with other applicable maximum dimensions. [Ord. 2015-031]

5. Lots with 100 feet or less of frontage and residential development are required to allow Front Setback shall be required for garages fronting on a street or alley. [Ord. 2006-004]

6. Chain link fences may be installed for the following: [Ord. 2009-040]

   a. Single-family residential use provided a continuous native hedge is planted along the exterior side of the fence and adequate room for maintenance is provided along the property lines adjacent to public R-O-W. The hedge shall be maintained at the same height as the chain link fence. Black or green vinyl coated chain link fence may be installed along remaining perimeter property lines not adjacent to a public R-O-W. [Ord. 2009-040]

   b. Nonresidential uses within the UI sub-area if the chain link fence is black or green vinyl coated; or


7. Single-family residential lot size requirements: [Ord. 2009-040]

   a. Single-family residential use provided a continuous native hedge is planted along the exterior side of the fence and adequate room for maintenance is provided along the property lines adjacent to public R-O-W. The hedge shall be maintained at the same height as the chain link fence. Black or green vinyl coated chain link fence may be installed along remaining perimeter property lines not adjacent to a public R-O-W. [Ord. 2009-040]

   b. Nonresidential uses within the UI sub-area if the chain link fence is black or green vinyl coated; or


8. Minimum 20-foot setback shall be required for garages fronting on a street or alley. [Ord. 2006-004]

9. Minimum 20-foot setback shall be required for garages fronting on a street or alley. [Ord. 2006-004]

10. Single-family dwellings and Cottage Homes are not required to provide porches, balconies, and entryways. But may elect to utilize setback exceptions provided encroachment complies with other applicable maximum dimensions. [Ord. 2015-031]

11. Single-family dwellings and Cottage Homes are not required to provide porches, balconies, and entryways. But may elect to utilize setback exceptions provided encroachment complies with other applicable maximum dimensions. [Ord. 2015-031]

12. Single-family dwellings and Cottage Homes are not required to provide porches, balconies, and entryways. But may elect to utilize setback exceptions provided encroachment complies with other applicable maximum dimensions. [Ord. 2015-031]

13. Single-family dwellings and Cottage Homes are not required to provide porches, balconies, and entryways. But may elect to utilize setback exceptions provided encroachment complies with other applicable maximum dimensions. [Ord. 2015-031]

14. Single-family dwellings and Cottage Homes are not required to provide porches, balconies, and entryways. But may elect to utilize setback exceptions provided encroachment complies with other applicable maximum dimensions. [Ord. 2015-031]

15. Single-family dwellings and Cottage Homes are not required to provide porches, balconies, and entryways. But may elect to utilize setback exceptions provided encroachment complies with other applicable maximum dimensions. [Ord. 2015-031]

16. Single-family dwellings and Cottage Homes are not required to provide porches, balconies, and entryways. But may elect to utilize setback exceptions provided encroachment complies with other applicable maximum dimensions. [Ord. 2015-031]

17. Single-family dwellings and Cottage Homes are not required to provide porches, balconies, and entryways. But may elect to utilize setback exceptions provided encroachment complies with other applicable maximum dimensions. [Ord. 2015-031]

18. Single-family dwellings and Cottage Homes are not required to provide porches, balconies, and entryways. But may elect to utilize setback exceptions provided encroachment complies with other applicable maximum dimensions. [Ord. 2015-031]

19. Single-family dwellings and Cottage Homes are not required to provide porches, balconies, and entryways. But may elect to utilize setback exceptions provided encroachment complies with other applicable maximum dimensions. [Ord. 2015-031]

20. Single-family dwellings and Cottage Homes are not required to provide porches, balconies, and entryways. But may elect to utilize setback exceptions provided encroachment complies with other applicable maximum dimensions. [Ord. 2015-031]
ARTICLE 3 – OVERLAYS AND ZONING DISTRICTS
WCRAO GENERAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS, USE
REGULATIONS, PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS

CR-2019-018
(Updated 10/31/2019)

1. Accessory and Prohibited Uses

   a. Accessory Structures

      1) Except as otherwise stated within Art. 3.B.14, accessory structures shall meet the
         setbacks of the underlying zoning district and Supplementary Regulations as stated
         within Art. 5.B.1.A.1, General. [Ord. 2019-005]

         ****

      3) Accessory structures permitted pursuant to Art. 4.B.6.C.10.c, Community Vegetable
         Garden and Art. 4.B.2.C.17.d, Accessory Uses – Green Market shall comply with the
         PDR’s of the zoning district in which the parcel is located and supplementary standards
         in Art. 5, and shall not be subject to Table 3.B.14.F, Build to Line/Setbacks and
         Minimum Building Frontage requirements or Figure 3.B.14.F, WCRAO Sub-area
         Building Configurations and Lot Placements. [Ord. 2019-005]

   ****

2. Architectural Guidelines

   b. Building Entrance Orientation

      All uses in the NRM, NG, NC and UG Sub areas shall have a principal entrance on the first
      floor oriented towards the street used as the primary frontage for the building. Buildings
      less than 100 feet in length or frontage or sites less than one acre in size may be exempted
      from this requirement. Cottage Home – Multiple Units on a Single Lot may also be oriented
      to a common entryway or open space courtyard which is oriented towards the street used
      as the primary frontage. [Ord. 2006-004] [Ord. 2010-022]

      ****
**EXHIBIT E**

**ARTICLE 4.B.1 – RESIDENTIAL USES**

*[RELATED TO CARETAKER QUARTERS]*

CR-2019-021  
(Updated 10/28/2019)

Part 1.  ULDC Art. 4.B.1, Use Regulations, Use Classification, Residential Uses [Related to Caretaker Quarters] (page 18 and 19 of 200 Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments: [Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Ord. 2018-002 removed the Special Permit (SP) review process from the Code and substituted it for the Development Review Officer (DRO) process. Prior to Ord. 2018-002, Caretaker Quarter was one of the uses approved through Special Permit (SP) process when a Mobile Home structure was utilized. If other type of structure was used, a Caretaker Quarter was Permitted by Right.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This amendment changes the approval process for accessory Caretaker Quarters from DRO to Permitted by Right in order to make it consistent with similar accessory residential uses, and eliminate the need for Site Plan approval, which is excessive for an accessory use.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## CHAPTER B  USE CLASSIFICATION

### Section 1  Residential Uses

#### D. General Standards for Accessory Uses

Accessory uses shall comply with the specific Supplementary Use Standards contained in this section.

1. Corresponding Accessory Use to a Principal Use

#### Table 4.B.1.D – Corresponding Accessory Use to a Principal Use

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accessory Use</th>
<th>Mobile Home Dwelling</th>
<th>Multi-Family</th>
<th>Single Family</th>
<th>Townhouse</th>
<th>Zero Lot Line</th>
<th>Bona Fide Agriculture</th>
<th>Stable Commercial Use</th>
<th>Stable Private</th>
<th>Agricultural Use</th>
<th>Commercial Use</th>
<th>Institutional, Public and Civic Use</th>
<th>Recreation Use</th>
<th>Utilities and Excavation Use</th>
<th>Transportation Uses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Caretaker Quarters</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caretaker Quarters (A)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caretaker Quarters (B)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caretaker Quarters (C)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estate Kitchen</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family Day Care Home</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farm Residence (2)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farm Workers Quarters</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garage Sale</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grooms Quarters</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guest Cottage</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Occupation</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kennel, Type 1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited Pet Boarding</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A (3)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**

- Underlined indicates new text.  
- Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.  
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].  
- italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].  
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
CHAPTER A    GENERAL

1. Prohibitions

Parking and loading spaces are prohibited in the following:

a. Landscape Buffers; and
b. Drainage District R-O-W or Easements, except additional parking in excess of the minimum required may be located in these areas with an agreement with the applicable district and subject to approval by the Zoning Director. [Ord. 2011-001]

2. Exemptions

The following exemptions shall apply, unless the parcel is vacant. [Ord. 2007-013]

a. Commercial Vehicle

One commercial vehicle of not over one ton rated capacity may be parked per dwelling unit, providing all of the following conditions are met:

1) vehicle is registered or licensed;
2) used by a resident of the premises;
3) gross vehicle weight rating (gvwr) does not exceed 12,500 pounds;
4) height does not exceed nine feet, including any load, bed, or box; and,
5) total vehicle length does not exceed 26 feet. [Ord. 2005-041]

b. Construction Vehicles

Temporary parking of construction vehicles or equipment engaged in work on private land where construction is underway, for which a current and valid building permit has been issued by the Building Director and the building permit is displayed on the premises. [Ord. 2007-013]

c. Delivery and Service Vehicles

The routine deliveries by tradesmen, or the use of trucks in making service calls. [Ord. 2007-013]

d. Emergency Repairs

A situation where a motor vehicle becomes disabled and, as a result of such emergency, is required to be parked longer than two hours. Any prohibited motor vehicle shall be removed within 24 hours, regardless of the nature of the emergency.

3. Deviations for the PO Zoning District

Deviation(s) from the provisions of this Article may be permitted for development supporting government facilities within the PO Zoning District, subject to Art. 2 Application Processes and

U:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\2 - LDRAB\11-13-19-7 - LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit F - CR-2018-020 Art. 6, Parking Reqns. for 2019 Round.docx

Notes:

Underlined indicates new text.

Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.

If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].

Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

Part 1. ULDC Art. 6, Parking (pages 1-40 of Supplement 26), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

1. Rename Article from Parking to Parking, Loading and Circulation
2. Reorganize the Parking Article according to specific types of parking and requirements. Create additional sections such as Calculation, Location, Design and Parking Storage.
3. Rewrite the Applicability section to reduce redundancy and include prohibitions, exemptions for Residential Zoning Districts.
4. Remove Off-Street parking requirements from the Applicability section and relocate to the Off-Street Parking section.
5. Relocate the Minimum Off-Street Parking and Loading Requirements Table to a newly created Calculation - Parking & Loading section. Rename table to Minimum Parking and Loading Requirements.
6. Create an Exemption section.
7. Create a Prior Approval and Nonconformities section.
8. Delete Off-Street and replace with on-site or reference as parking, where applicable.
**EXHIBIT F**

**ARTICLE 6 – PARKING, LOADING, AND CIRCULATION**

CR 2018-020  
(Updated 11/05/19)

---

**Part 2. ULDC Art. 6, Parking (pages 1-40 of Supplement 26), is hereby amended as follows:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. The last comprehensive amendment to Art. 6, Parking was in 1992. During the Use Regulations Project and subsequent research, staff has identified and recommends the following:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• to review and adjust parking requirements in order to address industry trends.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• the need to consider more recent studies (Parking Generation, 4th Edition by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) and Urban Land Institute (ULI)).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• the need to consider and address input from industry on identified uses that currently do not reflect the parking spaces or loading demands needed, and</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• the need to correct glitches and issues (Variances for Parking and Loading).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Create a new Chapter B Parking and Loading</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Correct the spelling of drive-thru to drive-through.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Delete Kennel, Type 1 as this is an accessory residential use and is parked accordingly.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Add or delete uses based on the Use Regulations Project.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Delete off-street and replace with on-site or reference as parking, where applicable.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Consolidate similar uses and delete duplicative uses, such as Theater or Performance Venue. Delete Swimming Pool, as the parking will be pursuant to either Clubhouse or Fitness Center. Delete Tennis and Basketball Courts, as the parking will be pursuant to a Clubhouse or an Outdoor Recreation Amenity use. Relocate existing language from Art. 5.B.1.A.9.b.2) to provide a parking exemption for recreation pods or facilities on less than one acre. Relocate the bicycle-parking requirement to Art. 5.B.1.A.18, Bike Racks.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Rename the Minimum Off-Street Parking and Loading Requirements table to Minimum Parking and Loading Requirements and combine all tables, rather than separate them by each use classification.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Revise loading key in the Minimum Parking and Loading Requirements Table to reduce requirements or add flexibility based on users needs. Allow a smaller loading space to be used with certain uses.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Reduce parking requirements for warehouse use consistent with ITE, from 1 per 1,000 square feet to 1 per 2,000 square feet.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Make reference to Notes consistent in the table.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Relocate the Parking Spaces for Persons Who Have Disabilities to the newly created Section 2 Calculation – Parking and Loading, correct reference to the Florida Statute and delete the table.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Clarify the application of parking requirements for Park use when another principal use is proposed in a Park to prevent duplication.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**CHAPTER B PARKING AND LOADING**

**Section 1 Calculation**

**A. Computing Parking Standards**

**1. Multiple Uses**

On lots containing more than one use, the total number of required parking spaces shall be equal to the sum of the required parking for each use as if provided separately, unless shared parking is approved pursuant to Art. 6.C.1.A, Shared Parking or as allowed pursuant to Art. 3.B. Overlays and Zoning Districts.

---

**Notes:**

Underlined indicates new text.  
Stricken indicates text to be deleted.  Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.  
If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].  
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].  
.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
**ARTICLE 6 – PARKING, LOADING, AND CIRCULATION**

**CR 2018-020**

(Updated 11/05/19)

Parking requirements that are based on square footage shall be computed using gross floor area (GFA), unless another measurement is specifically called for in this Section.

4. Occupants

When the calculation of required parking spaces is based on the number of occupants, the calculation shall be based on the maximum number of persons legally residing on the premises at any one time.

5. Bench Seating

When the calculation of required parking spaces is based on the number of seats, each 22 linear inches of bench, pew, or similar bench seating facility shall be considered one seat.

6. Gross Lot Area

When the calculation of required parking spaces is based on gross lot area (GLA), the amount of lot area dedicated to parking shall not be included in the calculation.

7. Unlisted Land Uses

In the event that parking requirements for a particular use are not listed in this Section, the requirements for the most similar use shall be applied. In making the determination, any evidence of actual parking demand for similar uses shall be considered as well as other reliable traffic engineering and planning information that is available.

8. Government Services and Government Facilities

May be allowed alternative calculations based on evidence of actual parking demand for similar uses or reliable traffic engineering and planning information. [Ord. 2019-005]

9. Landscaping

The landscape requirements for parking and interior vehicular use areas shall be calculated in accordance with Art. 7, Landscaping.

10. Reduction

Refer to Art. 6.C.1. Requirements to Reduce or Increase Parking.

**B. Minimum Parking Requirements**

**Table 6.B.1.B – Minimum Parking and Loading Requirements**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Classification: Residential</th>
<th>Loading (↑)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Congregate Living Facility, Type 1, Type 2, Type 3</td>
<td>0.6 spaces per unit or .25 per resident/bed whichever is greater, plus 1 space per 250 sq. ft. of office space (12)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multifamily and Cottage Home (Multiple Units on a Single Lot)</td>
<td>1 space per efficiency unit; 2.1/2 spaces per unit (one bedroom or more); plus 1 guest parking space per 4 units with common parking areas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single Family Cottage Home (Single Unit on a Single Lot), Zero Lot Line Home, Townhouse, Farm Residence, or Mobile Home Dwelling Accessory Quarters, Caretaker Quarters, Grooms Quarters, Guest Cottage Farm Worker Quarters</td>
<td>2 spaces per unit, plus 1 guest parking space per 4 units with common parking areas for Cottage Homes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kennel, Type 1</td>
<td>1 space per unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bed and Breakfast</td>
<td>1 space per 4 units, 1 space per 500 sq. ft. of cage or kennel area.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Use Classification: Commercial**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Classification: Commercial</th>
<th>Loading (↑)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adult Entertainment</td>
<td>1 space per 200 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auction, Indoor</td>
<td>1 space per 200 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auction, Outdoor</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft. of enclosed or indoor space</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bed and Breakfast</td>
<td>1 additional space for each guest room</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Car Wash</td>
<td>1 space per 200 sq. ft. of office, retail, or indoor seating area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic self service (13) Catering Service</td>
<td>1 space per 200 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocktail Lounge</td>
<td>1 space per 3 seats</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convenience Store</td>
<td>1 space per 200 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dispatching Service</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dog Daycare</td>
<td>3-12 x 20' transient spaces for 50 dogs; 1 space per 500 sq. ft. of cage and retail area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial institution</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Institution with Drive-through Facilities (19)</td>
<td>2 spaces in a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Institution Freestanding ATM (9)</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft. of affected land area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flea Market, Indoor</td>
<td>2 spaces per 200 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flea Market, Outdoor</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas and Fuel Sales, Retail and Electric Vehicle Charging Station (EVCS) Green Market Permanent</td>
<td>Number of parking spaces to be based on associated Principal Use structure (i.e. Convenience Store, etc.) 1 space per 250 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**

Underlined indicates new text. Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ]. ...A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

LDRAB/LDRC Meeting November 13, 2019 Page 32
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Classification: Recreation</th>
<th>Loading (3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arena or Stadium or Amphitheater</td>
<td>1 space per 3 seats</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bowling alley</td>
<td>2 spaces per lane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campground</td>
<td>1 space per campsite</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recreation Pod or Neighborhood</td>
<td>1 space per 300 sq. ft. of air conditioned area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recreational Facility (7)</td>
<td>(includes all interior uses) or Outdoor Recreation Amenities, whichever is greater; 1 bicycle parking rack shall be provided</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entertainment, Indoor (except bowling alley)</td>
<td>1 space per 200 sq. ft. or 1/3 seats, whichever is greater</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bowling alley</td>
<td>3 spaces per lane for Bowling alley</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entertainment, Outdoor</td>
<td>1 space per 3 seats; or 10 spaces per acre occupied by amusements, whichever is greater</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fitness Center</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Golf Course (7)</td>
<td>4 spaces per hole; plus 1 space per 250 sq. ft. of clubhouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park, Passive and Park, Public (14)</td>
<td>2 spaces for the first acre; plus 1 space for each additional 2 acres; additional parking shall be provided for each additional facility or land use constructed in the park as herein provided</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shooting Range, Indoor and Shooting Range, Outdoor</td>
<td>1 space per target area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swimming pool (2)</td>
<td>1 space per 200 sq. ft. of pool area; or 1 bicycle parking rack shall be provided</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennis Courts (6)(7)</td>
<td>1.5 spaces per court; or 1 bicycle parking rack shall be provided</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zoo</td>
<td>1 space per 2,000 sq. ft. of land area</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Classification: Institutional, Public and Civic</th>
<th>Loading (4)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Animal Shelter</td>
<td>1 space per 500 sq. ft. of cage and retail area</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Use Classification: Industrial

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Classification</th>
<th>Loading</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contractor Storage Yard</td>
<td>1 space per 500 sq. ft.; plus 1 space per 5,000 sq. ft. of outdoor storage area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data and Information processing</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution Facility</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft. of office space</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equestrian Waste Management Facility</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft. of office space; plus 1 space per employee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas and Fuel, Wholesale</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heavy Industry</td>
<td>2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of first 10,000 sq. ft.; plus 1 space per 1,000 sq. ft. over 10,000 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Machine or welding shop</td>
<td>1 space per 200 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing and processing</td>
<td>2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of first 10,000 sq. ft.; plus 1 space per 1,000 sq. ft. over 10,000 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical or dental laboratory</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multimedia Production</td>
<td>2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of first 10,000 sq. ft.; plus 1 space per 1,000 sq. ft. over 10,000 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recycling Center</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft. of office space; plus one space per 250 sq. ft. of warehouse and maintenance area; plus 1 space per 10,000 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recycling Plant</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft. of office space; plus 1 space per employee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research and Development</td>
<td>2 spaces per 1,000 sq. ft. of first 10,000 sq. ft.; plus 1 space per 1,000 sq. ft. over 10,000 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salvage and Junk Yard</td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft. of office space; plus 1 space per employee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Towing Service and Storage</td>
<td>1 space per 500 sq. ft.; plus 1 space per 5,000 sq. ft. of outdoor storage area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck Stop</td>
<td>1 truck space per 80 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warehouse</td>
<td>1 space per 12,000 sq. ft.; plus 1 space per 250 sq. ft. of office space</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wholesaling</td>
<td>1 space per 1,000 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Use Classification: Agricultural

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Classification</th>
<th>Loading</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture, bona fide</td>
<td>1 space per 1,000 sq. ft.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Notes:
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Strikethrough indicates text to be deleted.
- Strikethrough and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

---

**LDRAB/LDRC Meeting**

**November 13, 2019**

Page 34

---

**EXHIBIT F**

**ARTICLE 6 – PARKING, LOADING, AND CIRCULATION**

CR 2018-020

(Updated 11/05/19)
### ARTICLE 6 – PARKING, LOADING, AND CIRCULATION

**Use Classification: Restaurants**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Description</th>
<th>Spaces per</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nursery, retail</strong></td>
<td>1 space per 500 sq. ft. plus 1 space per 4 animal stalls</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nursery, wholesale</strong></td>
<td>1 space per 4 acres if nursery is 20 acres or less, or 1 space per 5 acres if nursery is greater than 20 acres.</td>
<td>[Relocated to: B]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Potting soil manufacturing</strong></td>
<td>2 spaces per acre; minimum of 5 spaces</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Commercial Greenhouse</strong></td>
<td>1 space per acre of greenhouse</td>
<td>[Relocated to: CB]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sugar mill or refinery</strong></td>
<td>1 space per 2,000 sq. ft.; plus 1 space per 200 sq. ft. of office space</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Use Classification: Utilities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Description</th>
<th>Spaces per</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chipping and mulching</strong></td>
<td>2 spaces per acre; minimum of 5 spaces</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Composting facility</strong></td>
<td>2 spaces per acre; minimum of 5 spaces</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Electric Distribution Substation</strong></td>
<td>1 space</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Electric Power Plant</strong></td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft. of office space; plus 1 space per 10,000 sq. ft.</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Minor Utility</strong></td>
<td>1 space per Minor Utility</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Renewable Energy Solar Facility</strong></td>
<td>1 space per site; and 1 space per 250 sq. ft. of office space</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Renewable Energy Wind Facility</strong></td>
<td>Exempt from parking requirements for unmanned Wind Turbines or MET Towers, unless otherwise required by the Zoning Director</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Landfill or Incinerator</strong></td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft. of office space; plus 1 space per employee</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Soluble waste transfer station</strong></td>
<td>1 space per 1,000 sq. ft.</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Water or Wastewater Treatment Plant</strong></td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft. of office space; plus 1 space per employee</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Use Classification: Transportation Uses**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Description</th>
<th>Spaces per</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Airport, Heliport or Landing Strip</strong></td>
<td>1 space per tie-down and hangar space, minimum of 5 spaces</td>
<td>[Relocated to: CA]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Seaplane Facility</strong></td>
<td>1 space per tie-down and hangar space, minimum of 5 spaces</td>
<td>[Relocated to: CA]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Transportation Facility</strong></td>
<td>1 space per 250 sq. ft. of office space</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Use Classification: Commercial Communication Towers and Government Owned Towers**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Description</th>
<th>Spaces per</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Commercial Communication Towers and Government Owned Towers</strong></td>
<td>Exempt from parking regulations</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Use Classification: Excavation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Description</th>
<th>Spaces per</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Excavation</strong></td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Use Classification: Temporary**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Description</th>
<th>Spaces per</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Communication Cell Site on Wheels (COW)</strong></td>
<td>Exempt from parking regulations</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Day Camp</strong></td>
<td>(&lt; 100 licensed capacity: One space per five persons; plus one drop off stall per 20 persons.)</td>
<td>[Relocated to: EA]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mobile Retail Sales</strong></td>
<td>2 spaces per sales model.</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Real Estate Sales Model and Management Office, Non-PDD, Real Estate Sales Model and Management Office, PDD and TDD and Real Estate Sales Model, PDD and TDD</strong></td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Recycling Drop-Off Bin</strong></td>
<td>1 space per bin.</td>
<td>[Relocated to: N/A]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Temporary Green Market</strong></td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Temporary Retail Sales</strong></td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Temporary Vehicle Sales</strong></td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Notes:** Underlined indicates new text. Strikened indicates text to be deleted. Strikened and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ]. 

---

**November 13, 2019**
EXHIBIT F
ARTICLE 6 – PARKING, LOADING, AND CIRCULATION
CR 2018-020
(Updated 11/05/19)

C. Parking Spaces for Persons Who Have Disabilities

Pursuant to FS § 553.513, the provision of parking spaces and passenger loading areas for persons
who have disabilities is governed by F.S. § 553.511, 553.5041, and the current effective version of the

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

1. To create a new Section 2. Location for existing language that identifies certain parking location
requirements.

2. Change the term Off-Street parking to On-Site Parking.

3. Reorganize existing Off-Site parking language that was referenced as Off-Street parking.

4. Distinguish between Off-Site parking that is used in conjunction with a permanent use as opposed to
a temporary use.

5. Clarify the location of Front, Side and Rear Parking graphic.

6. Add provisions to Parking Structure/Garage for Parking Lift.

7. Delete foundation planting graphic.

CHAPTER B
PARKING AND LOADING

Section 2
Location

A. On-Site Parking

1. Required Parking

All required parking, shall be provided on the same lot or project as the principal use(s), or as
allowed pursuant to Art. 6.B.2.C, Off-Site Parking. The location of required parking spaces shall
not interfere with normal traffic flow or with the operation of queuing and backup areas. Loading
areas shall not obstruct pedestrian pathways.

a. Distance from Building or Use

Unless otherwise provided in this Section, all required parking spaces shall not be located
more than 600 linear feet from the nearest building or use it is intended to serve. This

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted, Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

LDRAB/LDRC Meeting
November 13, 2019
Page 36
EXHIBIT F
ARTICLE 6 – PARKING, LOADING, AND CIRCULATION
CR 2018-020
(Updated 11/05/19)

standard shall not apply to parking spaces provided for auditoriums, stadiums, assembly
halls, gymnasiums, and other places of assembly, nor shall it apply to hospitals, large-scale
retail, wholesale, and consumer services uses over 500,000 square feet or industrial,
wholesaling or manufacturing establishments.

b. Location of Front, Side, and Rear Parking
A minimum of ten percent of the required parking spaces shall be located at the side or
rear of each building it is intended to serve; however, development requiring 50 or less
parking spaces shall be exempt. A public pedestrian walk shall connect the parking areas
to a store entrance. Such pedestrian access way shall be a minimum of four feet in width,
clearly marked, well lighted and unobstructed. [Ord. 2005-041]

1) Large Scale Commercial Development
Developments with single tenants occupying 65,000 gross square feet or more shall
locate parking in accordance with Figure 6.B.2.A, Location of Front, Side, and Rear
Parking, as follows:

a) A maximum of 75 percent of required parking shall be located at the front.
b) A minimum of 15 percent of required parking shall be located immediately fronting
a side or secondary entrance.
c) A minimum of 25 percent of the required parking spaces at the side or rear, as
indicated in Figure 6.B.2.A, Location of Front, Side and Rear Parking.
d) Type 2 Waiver
The BCC may waive these requirements as a Type 2 Waiver if the applicant
demonstrates there is an unusual site configuration or unique circumstances, and
the alternative site design clearly meets the intent of this provision, by increasing
the proximity of parking spaces to public entrances, reducing the visual blight of
large expanses of surface parking areas, and improving pedestrian connectivity.

Figure 6.B.2.A – Location of Front, Side, and Rear Parking

---

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
EXHIBIT F
ARTICLE 6 – PARKING, LOADING, AND CIRCULATION
CR 2018-020
(Updated 11/05/19)

Guest parking spaces shall be located within 300 feet of the use they are intended to serve. Guest parking may be grassed, as provided in Art. 6.B.3.B.2. Grass. All guest parking shall be prominently identified with an above-grade sign or marking on the wheelstop or curb.

B. On-Street Parking

On-street parking is prohibited unless stated below. [Ord. 2019-034]

1. Residential

On-street parking may be allowed as determined by the Land Development Division in subdivisions located in standard residential zoning districts or residential pods of a PDD when the following requirements are met. [Ord. 2019-034]

a. parking spaces are located on an internal private street; [Ord. 2019-034]


c. parking spaces shall not reduce the minimum fire department access width of 20 feet, pursuant to the Florida Fire Prevention Code, NFPA 1; [Ord. 2019-034]

d. shall not be used to satisfy required parking; and, [Ord. 2019-034]

e. not required to be shown on an approved zoning site plan. [Ord. 2019-034]

2. Developments location in the WCRAO, IRO, URAO, or TDD Zoning Districts in accordance with the specific provisions in Art. 3, Overlays and Zoning Districts that allow on-street parking. [Ord. 2019-034]

C. Off-Site Parking

1. Permanent

The DRO may permit all or a portion of the required parking spaces to be located on a lot separate from the lot on which the principal use is located. Off-site parking shall be subject to the following standards:

a. Necessity

The applicant shall demonstrate that it is not feasible to locate all of the required parking on the same lot as the principal use.

b. Ineligible Activities

Off-site parking shall not be used to satisfy the minimum parking requirements for restaurants, lounges, convenience stores and other high turnover-oriented uses. Required handicap parking spaces shall not be located off-site.

c. Location

Off-site parking shall not be located more than 600 linear feet from the building or use it is intended to serve. Off-site parking shall not be separated from the principal use by a street with a width of more than 80 feet. [Ord. 2005-002]

d. Zoning

Off-site parking areas shall require the same or a more intensive zoning classification than that required for the building or use served.

e. Signs

One sign shall be located at the off-site parking lot indicating the use that it serves, and one sign shall be located on the site of the use served, indicating the location of the off-site parking lot.

f. Agreement for Off-Site Parking

In the event that an off-site parking area is not under the same ownership as the principal use served, a written agreement or unity of control shall be required. Copy of the agreement among the owners of record shall be submitted to the DRO and review and approved by the County Attorney. The agreement shall be filed in the deed records of PBC by the owner of record. Proof of recordation of the agreement shall be presented to the DRO prior to approval. The agreement shall:

1) list the names and ownership interest of all parties to the agreement and contain the signatures of those parties;

2) provide a legal description of the land;

3) include a site plan showing the area of the use and parking parcel;

4) expressly declare the intent for the covenant to run with the land and bind all parties and all successors in interest to the covenant;

5) assure the continued availability of the spaces and provide assurance that all spaces will be usable without charge;

6) describe the obligations of each party, including the maintenance responsibility;

7) require that the Zoning Director be notified prior to the expiration or termination of an off-site parking area lease agreement;

8) be made part of the Site Plan/Final Subdivision Plan; and

9) describe the method by which the covenant shall, if necessary, be revised.

2. Temporary

The Zoning Director may consider a ZAR process for temporary off-site parking. [Ord. 2017-007] [Ord. 2018-002]
EXHIBIT F
ARTICLE 6 – PARKING, LOADING, AND CIRCULATION
CR 2018-020
(Updated 11/05/19)

D. Commercial Parking Lot

1. General

A commercial parking lot shall not be contiguous to lands used or zoned for residential purposes. Parking spaces may be rented for parking. No other business of any kind shall be conducted on the lot, including repair, service, washing, display, or storage of vehicles or other goods. Review of parking lots and structures shall consider the proposed operation of the lot. The standards of this Article, including signage, maneuvering, and backup distances may be varied, based on the proposed operation.

2. Design Standards

The site plans for a commercial parking lot shall depict the layout of the street connection and access ways, drainage provisions, signs, surfacing, curbs or barriers, street connections and access ways of lands located contiguous and directly across the street, and the location and type of landscaping.

3. Access

Ingress and egress shall be located to present the least interference with traffic and the least nuisance on any adjacent street. The location, size, and number of entrances and exits shall be subject to approval by the DRO.

E. Parking Structures

1. General

A parking structure may be constructed as a garage with or without a parking lift, and may be used to meet parking requirements for any use or combination of uses. Such structures shall be considered accessory to the principal use and shall be designed to meet or exceed the following standards.

a. Parking Garage

Shall comply with the standards for surface parking lots with regard to marking, signage striping and minimum number of spaces to be provided.

1) Design Layout

The Applicant shall submit a Site Plan that shows interior traffic circulation, access use of ramps, parking space and aisle dimensions, traffic control signs and pavement marking, safe and efficient vehicular and pedestrian operation, location of entrances and exits, sight distances at entrances and exits, and screening of the cars located in or on the parking structure from adjoining lands and public streets.

a) Floor Width

...
The unobstructed distance between columns or walls measured at any point between the ends of the parking aisle shall be as indicated in Table 6.B.2.E, Minimum Floor Width.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Angle</th>
<th>Parking on Both Sides of Aisle</th>
<th>Parking on One Side of Aisle</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>60 feet one-or two-way aisle</td>
<td>43 feet one-or two way aisle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>59 feet one-way aisle (1)</td>
<td>40 feet one-way aisle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>53 feet one-way aisle (1)</td>
<td>34 feet one-way aisle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. Requests for reductions of unobstructed distances will be considered if aisle and sight parking dimensions are met, and the columns are not located at the rear of the parking spaces, or interfere with the opening of doors.

b) Minimum Space Width

The minimum parking space width shall be nine feet.

2) Parking Lifts
   a) May be used to stack two or three vehicles vertically in each parking space and shall be located within a parking garage or structure for the use they serve.
   b) Shall not be subject to the minimum parking length and width dimensions.
   c) Queuing is prohibited within any R-O-W.
   d) Maximum sound levels shall not exceed applicable thresholds as stipulated in Article 5.B.4.B – Maximum Sound Levels.
   e) Details of the interior traffic circulation, parking space and aisle dimensions shall be shown on the Site Plan.

Part 4. ULDC Art. 6.A.1.D. Parking (page 1-40 of Supplement 26), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]
1. Create a new Section 3 Design and Materials.
2. Create a new Dimensions and Layout section and reorganize accordingly.
3. Codify PPM ZO-O-053 related to dual drive-through and provide graphic.
4. Create a new Materials section.
5. Edit the Drainage review to be pursuant to Art. 11, Subdivision, Platting and Required Improvements, rather than reviewed and approved by the County Engineer.
6. Increase the golf cart allowance to 30 percent.
7. Remove the County Engineer from the approval process for the use of Shell Rock.
8. Provide a minimum dimension in the Motorcycle Parking diagram.
9. Establish acceptable instances to allow shell rock parking for Government Facilities and Parks.
10. Relocate Chapter C Driveways and Access to Section 3 Design and Layout.

CHAPTER B
PARKING AND LOADING

Section 3
Design and Materials

A. Dimensions and Layout
   1. Dimensions
      The dimensions and geometrics of parking areas shall conform to the following minimum standards.
      a) Residential
         1) Individual Parking Space
            Each parking space for dwelling units that do not share a common parking lot shall be a minimum of eight feet wide and 20 feet long. Parking spaces may be side to side, end to end, or not contiguous to each other.
         2) Common Parking Lots
            For dwelling units that share a common parking lot, parking spaces and aisles shall be subject to Table 6.B.3.A, Minimum Parking Dimensions for Nonresidential Uses and Residential Uses with Shared Parking Lots.
      b) Nonresidential
         All nonresidential uses and residential uses with shared parking lots shall provide parking spaces that comply with Table 6.B.3.A, Minimum Parking Dimensions for Nonresidential Uses and Residential Uses with Shared Parking Lots, and Figure 6.B.3.A, Typical Example of General Parking Schematic. Parking angles that are not illustrated in Table 6.B.3.A, Minimum Parking Dimensions, or Figure 6.B.3.A, Typical Example of General Parking Schematic shall be interpolated from the Tables and approved by the DRO. For the purpose of applying the “Use” column in Table 6.B.3.A, Minimum Parking Dimensions, the following rules shall apply:
            1) General

U:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\2 - LDRAB\11-13-19-7 - LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit F - CR-2018-020 Art. 6, Parking Respns. for 2019 Round.docx

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
The term “general” applies to parking spaces designated to serve nonresidential uses and residential uses with shared parking lots. [Ord. 2016-042]

2) Queuing Distance

In a parking lot a minimum queuing distance of 25 feet is required between the property line and the first parking space.

3) Exception for Low Speed Electric Vehicles (LSEV)

Where drive aisles in LSEV parking areas are not intended solely for use by LSEV, the overall width and minimum aisle width may be increased to allow the aisle width permitted for standard sized vehicles. [Ord. 2005-002]

Table 6.B.3.A – Minimum Parking Dimensions for Nonresidential Uses and Residential Uses with Shared Parking Lots

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Angle</th>
<th>Use (1)</th>
<th>B Space Width (Feet)</th>
<th>C Space Depth (Feet)</th>
<th>D (3)(4) Aisle Width (Feet)</th>
<th>E Curb Length (Feet)</th>
<th>F Module Width (Feet)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>17.5</td>
<td>12.0</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>47.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>19.0</td>
<td>16.0</td>
<td>10.5</td>
<td>54.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>19.5</td>
<td>19.0</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>58.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>19.5</td>
<td>18.0</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>57.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>General</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>19.5</td>
<td>24.0</td>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>63.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
2. Where drive aisles in LSEV parking areas are not intended solely for use by LSEV, the overall width and minimum aisle width may be increased to allow the aisle width permitted for standard sized vehicles.
3. Angled parking with two-way traffic movement shall be a minimum of 24 feet wide except for some parking lots with 90-degree parking stalls, or unless stated otherwise herein. [Ord. 2012-027]
4. For a Retail Gas and Fuel Sales use, the drive aisles perpendicular to the fueling positions under the canopy shall have a minimum aisle width of 30 feet (see Figure 6.B.3.A, Retail Gas and Fuel Canopy). [Ord. 2019-005]
Figure 6. AB.3.A – Retail Gas and Fuel Canopy
EXHIBIT F
ARTICLE 6 – PARKING, LOADING, AND CIRCULATION
CR 2018-020
(Updated 11/05/19)

Figure 6.AB.3.A – Typical Example of General Parking Schematic (1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Parking Angle</td>
<td>Space Depth</td>
<td>Curb Length</td>
<td>Aisle Width (1)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. All angled parking with two-way traffic movement shall be a minimum of 24 feet wide except for some parking lots with 90-degree parking spaces, or unless stated otherwise herein.
2. Where drive aisles in LSEV parking areas are not intended solely for use by LSEV, the overall width and minimum aisle width may be increased to allow the aisle width permitted for standard sized vehicles.

C. Parallel Parking
Parallel parking spaces shall have a minimum length of 23 feet and a minimum width of ten feet.

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text. Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ]. .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
a. **Alternative Vehicle Parking**

1) **Motorcycle Parking**

For any nonresidential use providing 50 or more spaces, a maximum of three required on-site parking spaces per 50 spaces, may be reduced in size and redesigned to a minimum 4 feet wide by 9 feet long to accommodate parking of motorcycles. When provided, these parking spaces shall be identified by a sign.
2) Golf Cart Parking
Residential developments with recreation areas such as recreation pods, golf courses, or recreational facilities designed and intended for use by occupants of residential developments or subdivisions, owned and operated by a POA, may accommodate golf carts or LSEVs subject to the following: [Ord. 2013-001]

a) Utilize a maximum of 25-30 percent of recreational uses required parking spaces. [Ord. 2013-001]

b) Parking dimension may be reduced consistent with Low Speed Electric Vehicle (LSEV) minimum dimensions as indicated in Table 6.B.3.A, Minimum Parking Dimensions for Nonresidential Uses and Residential Uses with Shared Parking Lots. [Ord. 2013-001]

3) Valet Parking
The DRO may approve the use of valet parking to satisfy required parking. Valet parking shall not cause customers or patrons who do not use the valet service to park off site or in the R-O-W, or cause queuing in a street, driveway, or drive aisle. The following additional standards shall apply to valet parking:

a) Maximum Number
The maximum number of spaces for valet parking shall not exceed 25 percent of the minimum number of required parking spaces for commercial uses over 20,000 square feet and 50 percent for all other uses.

b) Location
Valet parking for commercial uses shall not be located within 200 feet of a public entrance to a building. Areas designated for valet parking shall not interfere with vehicular circulation or emergency access.

4) Electric Vehicle Charging Parking Space (EVCPS)
A parking space that provides infrastructure that supplies electric energy for the charging of electric vehicles, without a fee, is associated with the principal use, and is part of the required number of parking spaces, shall be considered an EVCPS. Any parking space that requires a fee is subject to Art. 4.B.2.C.10, Electric Vehicle Charging Station Facility [Ord. 2019-034]

a) Nonresidential Uses
Shall not exceed a maximum of 20 spaces or ten (10) percent of the total required parking spaces for the use or uses in the development, whichever is less. [Ord. 2019-034]

b) Residential Uses
An EVCPS is permitted by right. [Ord. 2019-034]

c) Design and Construction Standards
(1) Each EV space shall be marked by a sign designating the parking space as an electric vehicle parking space, in accordance with Art. 8.B.2, Small Signs and the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) of the Federal Highway Administration. Each sign shall include the information pursuant to Art. 4.B.2.C.10.c.5)(a), c), and d). Vehicles that are not capable of using the Electrical Vehicle Charging Station are prohibited from parking in this space; and [Ord. 2019-034]

(2) EV spaces shall be painted green or shall be marked by green painted lines or curbs. [Ord. 2019-034]

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text. Striktened indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ]. .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
2. Layout
   a. Access
      1) Ingress and Egress
         Each parking space shall have appropriate access to a street or alley. Legally platted
         lots that accommodate one (1) or two (2) units shall be allowed backward egress from
         a driveway onto a street. In all other cases, maneuvering and access aisle area shall
         be sufficient to permit vehicles to enter and leave the parking lot in a forward motion.
         [Ord. 2007-001]
   2) Dimensions
      Access ways, except those associated with a single-family residential use, shall be
      subject to the following dimensional standards.

Table 6.B.3.A – Dimensions of Access Ways

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Minimum Width at Street (Feet)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One-Way</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two-Way</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two-way with median</td>
<td>40 (2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two-way without median</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right Turn Radius (3)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
1. Widths exceeding these standards may be approved by the Zoning Director, or
   the County Engineer, depending on the use or Fire Rescue official, as necessary.
2. Width excludes median. 20-foot unobstructed pavement required on both sides of
   median, excluding guard houses and landscape islands.
3. Measured on side of driveway exposed to entry or exit by right-turning vehicles.

3) Driveways and Access
   a) Access Connections
      For the purposes of this Section, an access connection means the point or points
      at which a proposed development’s traffic meets the existing right-of-way system.
      Access connections shall be subject to the following standards: [Ord. 2007-013]

(1) Spacing
   (a) Local or Residential Access Streets
      Access connections for lots located on local or residential access streets
      shall maintain a minimum setback from a side or rear lot line as follows:
      [Ord. 2007-013]
      1) Single Family or Multi-Family: 2 feet
      2) Zero Lot Line: 1 foot
      3) Townhouse: 1 foot

(b) Arterial and Collector Streets
      Access connection locations and spacing shall be in accordance with the
      PBC Access Management Standards. Provided, however, that access
      connections to any street which is part of the State Highway System, as
defined in F.S. § 334.03, shall meet the permit requirements of FDOT for
      street connections, pursuant to F.S. ch. 335. [Ord. 2007-013]

(2) Construction
      Access connections to streets under the jurisdiction of PBC shall be
      constructed in accordance with the standards established by the DEPW. [Ord. 2007-013]

(3) Number of Access Connections
   (a) Local or Residential Access Streets
      Lots located on local or residential access streets shall have a maximum
      of two access connections. [Ord. 2007-013]

(b) Arterial and Collector Streets
      The number of access connections to serve a site shall be kept to a
      minimum. The County Engineer may restrict the number of access points
      or require construction of an additional access point(s) based upon the
      following criteria: [Ord. 2007-013]
      1) Proposed development frontage on roadways shown on the
         Thoroughfare Right of Way Identification Map; [Ord. 2007-013]
      2) The projected daily and peak hour traffic impacts of the development;
         [Ord. 2007-013]
      3) Proposed land use; [Ord. 2007-013]
4) Traffic operations and safety on the major roadway network; [Ord. 2007-013]

5) Existing or anticipated traffic volume along adjoining R-O-W; [Ord. 2007-013]

6) Access connections on contiguous land or land on the opposite side of the street; [Ord. 2007-013]

7) Median opening locations; and, [Ord. 2007-013]


b) Double Frontage Lots and Corner Lots

(1) Double Frontage Lots

The number of access connections serving a double frontage lot shall be governed by provisions of Art. 11.E.2.A.4, Double Frontage Lots and Corner Lots and the number of access connections shall be governed by the following. When a double frontage residential lot is located adjacent to a collector or an arterial road, it shall also be required to front and have access on a local or residential access street. A limited access easement shall be placed along the property line that abuts either the collector or arterial road. [Ord. 2007-013]

Figure 6.C.1.B – Double Frontage Lots

(2) Corner Lots

The number of access connections serving a corner lot shall be governed by the provisions of this Article, provided the regulations of and Section 300 of the Land Development Design Standards Manual are met. [Ord. 2007-013]

(c) Exceptions

The County Engineer shall have the authority to grant a permit for driveway and access plans with lesser or greater dimensions than designated in this Section, giving consideration to the following factors:

(1) Lot size;

(2) Lot configurations;

(3) Proposed land use;

(4) Traffic generation or anticipated traffic volume along adjoining R-O-W;

(5) Driveway locations on contiguous land or land on the opposite side of the street;

(6) Median opening locations; and,

(7) Safe sight distance.

b. Point of Service and Queuing Standards

In addition to meeting the minimum parking and loading standards of this Article, all drive-through establishments shall meet the following standards. [Ord. 2019-005]

Figure 6.B.3.A – Queuing and By-Pass Standards
1) A point of service space shall be provided for all drive-through establishments. The dimensions for the point of service space shall be a minimum of nine (9) by 20 feet.

[Ord. 2019-005]

2) Queuing shall be provided for drive-through establishments described in Table 6.B.3.A, Minimum Queuing Standards. Each queuing space shall be a minimum of ten (10) feet by 20 feet, clearly defined and designed so as not to conflict or interfere with other traffic using the site. Unless otherwise indicated below, queuing shall be measured from the front of the stopped vehicle located at the point of service to the rear of the queuing lane. One (1) additional queuing space shall also be provided after the point of service for all uses. [Ord. 2005-041] [Ord. 2019-005]

3) A by-pass lane a minimum of ten (10) feet wide shall be provided before or around the point of service. Subject to the Zoning Director's approval, a by-pass lane may not be required if the queuing lane is adjacent to a vehicular use area which functions as a by-pass lane. The by-pass lane shall be clearly designated and distinct from the queuing area.

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to:]. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from:].

A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
4) The allowance for dual drive-through lanes converging to a single lane with four spaces preceding each menu board is consistent with the ULDC queuing requirements.

c. Circulation Standards
1) There shall be safe, adequate, and convenient arrangement of pedestrian pathways, bikeways, roads, driveways, and parking and loading spaces within parking areas.
2) Streets, pedestrian walks, parking areas, and open space shall be designed as integral parts of an overall site design which shall be properly related to existing and proposed buildings, adjacent uses, and landscaped areas.
3) Parking lots shall be maintained in accordance with the paving and drainage permit issued authorizing construction.

d. Pedestrian Circulation
1) Structures, vehicular circulation lanes, parking spaces, driveways, and open spaces shall be designed to provide logical, impediment free pedestrian movement. The site shall be arranged so that pedestrians moving between buildings are not unnecessarily exposed to vehicular traffic.
2) Paved, landscaped, or comfortably graded pedestrian walks shall be provided along the lines of the most intense use, particularly from building entrances to streets, parking areas, and adjacent buildings.
3) Where parking spaces directly face a structure, and are not separated by an access aisle from the structure, a paved pedestrian walkway shall be provided between the front of the parking space and the structure. The walkway shall be a minimum of four feet wide, exclusive of vehicle overhang, and shall be separated from the parking space by concrete wheel stops or continuous curbing. Single-family residential uses are exempt from this requirement.
4) For Non-residential developments, subject to the requirements of Art. 5.C A4, a continuous internal pedestrian walkway shall be provided from each adjacent perimeter public sidewalk to all customer entrances. The design of the walkway shall include all of the following: [Ord. 2009-040]

   a) one native canopy tree for each 25 linear feet with a maximum spacing of 50 feet between trees; [Ord. 2009-040]
   b) one bench every 200 feet between the public sidewalk and building; and, [Ord. 2009-040]
   c) walkways traversing vehicular use areas shall be accented with special pavers, bricks, decorative concrete, stamped concrete, or similar decorative pavement treatment. [Ord. 2009-040]

e. Drainage
1) Review
The drainage design for all parking areas shall be reviewed and approved pursuant to Art. 11, Subdivision, Platting, and Required Improvements, prior to the issue of a development permit.
2) Impervious Surface
All surface parking areas, grassed or otherwise, shall be considered an impervious paved surface for the purpose of determining tertiary drainage system flow capacity.
ARTICLE 6 – PARKING, LOADING, AND CIRCULATION
CR 2018-020
(Updated 11/05/19)

and secondary stormwater management system runoff treatment/control requirements.

3) Runoff
Runoff from vehicular use areas shall be controlled and treated in accordance with all applicable agency standards in effect at the time an application is submitted.

f. Maintenance
All parking lots shall be maintained in good condition to prevent any hazards, such as cracked asphalt or potholes.

g. Stripping Width Standards
Except for parallel parking spaces, parking lots containing spaces for three or more vehicles shall delineate each space by single or double stripes on each side of the space.

All stripes shall be painted in white paint except for handicapped spaces which shall have blue stripes. The width of the painted stripe shall be four inches.

1) Single Striping parking space width shall be measured from the centerline of the stripe.
2) Double striping separation from inside edge of stripe to inside edge of stripe shall be no less than eight inches and no more than 16 inches. The effective width of the double stripes shall range from 16 inches to 24 inches, measured from outside edge of stripe to outside edge of stripe. Parking space width shall be measured from the centerline of the set of stripes.

Figure 6.B.3.A – Stripping Standards

h. Signs
Traffic control signs and other pavement markings shall be installed and maintained as necessary to insure safe and efficient traffic operation in all vehicular use areas. Such signage and markings shall conform with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices, Federal Highway Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, as adopted by the FDOT.

i. Landscaping
1) All new parking lots shall be landscaped in accordance with Art. 7, Landscaping.
2) Renovations to existing parking lots shall be landscaped in accordance with Art. 7, Landscaping.

   a) Exception
   Normal maintenance and repair, such as resurfacing, restriping, or the addition of curbing and wheel stops, to existing parking lots shall require landscaping in accordance with the original permit.

B. Materials

1. Paved

Unless otherwise provided in this Article, all parking lots shall be improved with either: (a) a minimum of a six (6) inch shell rock or lime rock base with a one (1) inch hot plant mix asphaltic concrete surface; or (b) a base and surface material of equivalent durability, as certified by an engineer.

   a. Shell Rock

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text. Strikethrough indicates text to be deleted. Strikethrough and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ]. .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
EXHIBIT F

ARTICLE 6 – PARKING, LOADING, AND CIRCULATION

CR 2018-020

(Updated 11/05/19)

The uses listed below may construct surface parking lots with shell rock or similar material
approved by the DRO, except for the required handicapped parking space(s). Parking
areas connected to a public street, shall be paved. [Ord. 2019-034]

1) Agricultural uses requiring less than 20 spaces.

2) Communication towers.

3) Accessory uses to a bona fide agricultural use, such as farm workers quarters.

4) Wholesale Nursery, Retail Nursery, or Landscape Service Collocated with a Nursery
requiring less than 20 parking spaces, and the Outdoor storage area of vehicles for the
operation of the business. [Ord. 2019-034]

b) Wholesale Nursery, Retail Nursery, or Landscape Service Collocated with a
Nursery requiring 20 or more parking spaces may construct surface parking lots
with 50 percent of the required spaces as shell rock or other similar materials
subject to Art. 6.B.3.B.1.a, Shell Rock, or grassed subject to Art. 6.B.3.B.2, Grass.

[Ord 2007-010] [Ord. 2019-034]

5) Driveways in the RSA serving residential uses on unpaved roads.

6) Uses in the C-51 Catch Basin when approved by the DRO.

7) Government Facilities when limited to spaces that are not accessible to the general
public.

8) Parks when provided to serve as overflow parking for event and/or peak parking.

b. Wheelstops and Curbing

Wheel stops or continuous curbing shall be placed two and one-half (2.5) feet back from
walls, poles, structures, pedestrian walkways, and landscaped areas.

2. Grass

Grass parking is permitted, subject to approval by the DRO, pursuant to the following
procedures and standards:

a. Application

In addition to the application requirements for a site plan/final subdivision plan, the
applicant shall submit the following:

1) a site plan showing the area proposed for grass parking; [Ord. 2007-013]

2) the proposed method of traffic control to direct vehicular flow and parking;

3) description of the method to ensure that the grass parking surface will be maintained
in its entirety with a viable turf cover; [Ord. 2007-013]

4) a conceptual drainage plan for the entire parking area; and, [Ord. 2007-013]

5) a written statement that the area proposed for grass parking shall be used for parking
on an average of no more than (3) days or nights each week. [Ord. 2007-013]

b. Standards

The following standards shall apply to grass parking:

1) only parking spaces provided for peak demand may be allowed as grass parking. [Ord.
2007-013]

2) paved parking shall be provided for average daily traffic, including weekday employees
and visitors;

3) a grass parking area shall not include any existing or proposed landscaped area,
surface water management area or easement, other than a utility easement;

4) handicap parking shall not be located in a grass parking area;

5) grass parking areas shall meet the landscape requirements in Art. 7, Landscaping.
Grass parking areas shall not be counted toward meeting minimum landscape or open
space standards; and, [Ord. 2007-013]

6) all access aisles or lanes shall either: [Ord. 2007-013]

a) be paved and meet the same substructural and surface standards required for
paved parking surfaces; or

b) be surfaced with paver block or other semi-pervious coverage approved by the
DRO and County Engineer; or [Ord. 2007-013]

c) be stabilized with sub-base underlayerment subject to approval by Land
Development. [Ord. 2007-013]

7) Grass parking shall be located a minimum of 100 feet from the overland flow prior to
entering into a body of water or water systems. [Ord. 2007-013]

8) Materials utilized in the construction of grass parking shall be drought tolerant and
subject to approval by Land Development. [Ord. 2007-013]

c. Permit

If at any time it is determined that a grass parking area does not meet the standards
established in this Section, the Zoning Director shall require the restoration of the grass
surface or the paving of the grass for parking.
Part 5. ULDC Art. 6, Parking (page 1-40 of Supplement 26), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

1. Create a new Chapter C, Alternate Design Options.
2. Create a new Type 1 Waiver for Parking Reduction of no more than 15 percent
3. Clarify that the amount of required parking for uses that share parking may be reduced subject to a Type 1 Waiver.
4. Include Type 2 Variance Applicability.

CHAPTER C ALTERNATE DESIGN OPTIONS

Section 1 Requirements to Reduce or Increase Parking

A. Type 1 Waiver

1. Applicability

   a. Reduce Required Parking

      A Type 1 Waiver may be requested to reduce the required parking no more than 15 percent, subject to the Standards as outlined in Art. 2.C.5.E, Type 1 Waiver and the following:

      1) limited to uses that require 20 or more spaces;
      2) submittal of a Parking Demand Statement that identifies the use or uses;
      3) the Parking Demand Statement confirms the parking will not be negatively impacted if the Type 1 Waiver is granted.

   b. PDD Parking Increase

      The Development Review Officer (DRO) may authorize an increase in the maximum allowed number of parking spaces in a PDD subject to a Type 1 Waiver.

      1) Supplemental Application Requirements

         The applicant shall submit a parking study and any additional documentation justifying the need for additional parking. The parking study shall include, the following:

         a. the location of the use(s) on the site requiring the additional parking;
         b. the size and type of use(s) and/or activity(s) requiring the additional parking; and
         c. the rate of turnover and the anticipated peak parking demands.

      2) Maximum Increase

         a. Lots Less than ten acres in size may apply for a 20 percent increase.
         b. Lots ten acres or greater in size may apply for a ten percent increase.

B. Shared Parking

   The DRO may authorize a reduction in the number of required parking spaces for multiple and mixed-use projects and for uses that are in close proximity to one another that have different peak parking demands and operating hours. Shared parking shall be subject to the following standards:

   Figure 6.C.1.A – Shared Parking
Part 6. ULDC Art. 6, Parking (page 1-40 of Supplement 26), is hereby amended as follows:

**Reason for amendments:** [Zoning]

1. Create new Chapter D, Residential Parking Storage.
2. Reorganize the Applicability section.

**CHAPTER D RESIDENTIAL PARKING STORAGE**

**Section 1 Storage**

**A. Applicability**

1. **Outdoor Storage**

   A maximum of one recreational vehicle and any two or a maximum of three of the following, may be parked outdoors on a residential parcel with a residential unit:

   - Reserve space
   - Outdoor storage

   The applicant shall account for 100 percent of the reduction granted through one of the following alternatives: reserved area; future parking garage; future rooftop parking; off-site parking; limitation of uses to adhere to parking regulations; or shared parking. [Ord. 2011-001]

   The shared parking study, shall clearly establish the uses that will use the shared spaces at different times of the day, week, month or year. The study shall:
   
   a) be based on the Urban Land Institute’s (ULI) methodology for determining shared parking, or other generally accepted methodology;
   
   b) address the size and type of activities, the composition of tenants, the rate of turnover for proposed shared spaces, and the anticipated peak parking and traffic demands;
   
   c) provide for no reduction in the number of required handicapped spaces;
   
   d) provide a plan to convert reserved space to required parking spaces; and
   
   e) be approved by the County Engineer based on the feasibility of the uses to share parking due to their particular peak parking and trip generation characteristics.

   **4) Reserved Space**

   The applicant shall account for 100 percent of the reduction granted through one of the following:

   a) list the names and ownership interest of all parties to the agreement and contain the signatures of those parties;
   
   b) provide a legal description of the land;
   
   c) include a site plan showing the parking area and reserved area which would provide for future parking; [Ord. 2011-001]
   
   d) describe the area of the parking parcel and designate and reserve it for shared parking unencumbered by any conditions which would interfere with its use;
   
   e) agree and expressly declare the intent for the covenant to run with the land and bind all parties and all successors in interest to the covenant;
   
   f) assure the continued availability of the spaces for joint use and provide assurance that all spaces will be usable without charge to all participating uses;
   
   g) describe the obligations of each party, including the maintenance responsibility to retain and develop reserved areas for additional parking spaces if the need arises; [Ord. 2011-001]
   
   h) incorporate the shared parking study by reference;
   
   i) be made part of the Site Plan/Final Subdivision Plan; and
   
   j) describe the method by which the covenant shall, if necessary, be revised.

   **6) Change in Use**

   Should any of the uses in the shared parking study change, or should the Zoning Director or County Engineer find that any of the conditions described in the approved shared parking study or agreement no longer exist, the owner of record shall have the option of submitting a revised shared parking study in accordance with the standards of this Section or of providing the number of spaces required for each use as if computed separately.
Part 7. ULDC Art. 6, Parking (page 1-40 of Supplement 26), is hereby amended as follows:

8. Delete unnecessary graphics.
7. Add provision for Government Services and Government Facilities to request alternative loading and/or unloading standards.
6. Relocate Screening to Section 4, A, Dimensions, Layout, and Screening.
5. Create a new Section 2, Calculation, Section 3, Location and Section 4, Design and Construction Standards.
4. Reorganize the Prohibitions section.
3. Delete the Purpose and Intent, Applicability, Restrictions and Loading Space Ratios section.
2. Correct references based on the parking section being reorganized.
1. Create a new Chapter E, Loading Standards.

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

1. Correct references based on the parking section being reorganized.
2. Add provision for Government Services and Government Facilities to request alternative loading and/or unloading standards.
3. Create a new Section 2, Calculation, Section 3, Location and Section 4, Design and Construction Standards.
4. Relocate Screening to Section 4, A, Dimensions, Layout, and Screening.
5. Add provision for Government Services and Government Facilities to request alternative loading and/or unloading standards.
6. Delete unnecessary graphics.

U:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\LDRAB\11-13-19-7 - LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit F - CR-2018-020 Art. 6, Parking Reqsp for 2019 Round.docx

Notes:

Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.

If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
CHAPTER BE  LOADING STANDARDS

Section 1  Loading-General

A. Prohibitions
1. A street or driveway shall not be used for loading or unloading.
2. A loading space shall not be used to satisfy off-street parking requirements.
3. The location of the loading area shall not interfere with the free circulation of vehicles in the off-street parking lot. [Relocated from 6.B.1.G, Prohibitions]

4. Repair Activities
Only emergency repair service shall be permitted in a loading space. [Relocated from 6.B.1.H.8]

B. Applicability
Refer to Art. 6.A.1.A, Purpose and Intent.

C. Restrictions
All required off-street loading spaces and accompanying aisles and driveways shall be deemed to be required space and shall not be encroached upon or reduced in any manner unless expressly permitted otherwise. [Ord. 2016-042]

D. Loading-Space Ratios
Off-street loading spaces shall be provided in accordance with Table 6.AB.1.B, Minimum Off-Street Parking and Loading Requirements.

Section 2 Calculation

A1. Standards for Computing Loading Standards
1a. Multiple Uses
On lots containing more than one use, the total floor area shall be used to determine the number of spaces which are required. [Ord. 2016-042]

2b. Fractions
When calculation of the number of required off-street loading spaces results in a fractional number, a fraction of less than one-half shall be disregarded and a fraction of one-half or more shall be rounded to the next highest full number. [Ord. 2016-042]

3c. Floor Area
Loading standards that are based on square footage shall be computed using GFA. [Ord. 2016-042]

4d. Unlisted Land Uses
In the event that loading requirements for a particular use are not listed in this Article, the requirements for the most similar use shall be applied, in making the determination, any evidence of actual parking demand for similar uses shall be considered as well as other reliable traffic engineering and planning information that is available. [Ord. 2016-042]

5. Government Services and Government Facilities
May request alternative calculations based on evidence of actual loading demand for similar uses or reliable traffic engineering and planning information.

B. Minimum Loading Requirements
1. Standard “A”
ARTICLE 6 – PARKING, LOADING, AND CIRCULATION
CR 2018-020
(Updated 11/05/19)

1. One space for GFA that is 10,000 square feet or greater, plus one space for each additional
   40,000 square feet of GFA.

2. Standard “B”
   a. One space for GFA that is 10,000 square feet or greater, plus one space for each additional
      50,000 square feet of GFA.

3. Type 1 Waiver – Reduction of Minimum Number of Required Loading Spaces
   An Applicant may apply for a Type 1 Waiver subject to submittal and approval of documentation
   such as: evidence of actual loading demand for the proposed use(s), as well as other available
   technical data, traffic engineering and planning information. [Ord. 2007-001] [Ord. 2012-027]
   [Ord. 2016-042] [Ord. 2017-025]

4. Loading spaces shall be proportionately distributed throughout the site. [Ord. 2008-037]

B. Off-site or On-Street

5. Loading spaces shall be prohibited from being located off-site or on-street.

C. Alternative Design Options

6. Parking spaces and the drive aisle may be used in lieu of providing a designated loading space during non-business hours and shall be prohibited during the hours of operations.

Section 3 Location

A. On-site E. Location

7. Loading spaces shall be located adjacent to the building which it serves, and where required by
   Table 6.A.1.B, Minimum Off Street Parking and Loading Requirements, unless approved pursuant
   to Art. 6.E.3.C, Alternative Design Options. Loading spaces shall be proportionately distributed
   throughout the site. [Ord. 2008-037]

8. Loading spaces shall be proportionately distributed throughout the site.

B. Off-site or On-Street

9. Loading spaces shall be prohibited from being located off-site or on-street.

C. Alternative Design Options

10. Parking spaces and the drive aisle may be used in lieu of providing a designated loading space during non-business hours and shall be prohibited during the hours of operations.

F. Screening

11. Bay Doors

12. Bay doors shall be located and oriented away from residential property lines or setback a
    minimum of 50 feet and screened from view.

13. Loading Area Screening

14. Loading areas, which may include loading spaces, docks and associated maneuvering areas,
    that are within 100 feet of a parcel with a residential FDU designation, or use, or visible from a
    street R-O-W, shall be screened from view by buildings a minimum of 12 feet in height, or a
    wall in combination with landscape material, as follows: [Ord. 2008-037] [Ord. 2015-031]

15. Parking spaces and the drive aisle may be used in lieu of providing a designated loading space during non-business hours and shall be prohibited during the hours of operations.

16. Options by Location

17. In-between Loading Area and Property Line

18. Unless located within a perimeter landscape buffer, the following shall be required: a
    12 foot high wall combined with foundation planting along the exterior side of the wall,
    in accordance with the facade standards of Table 7.C.3.B, Foundation Planting and
    Dimensional Requirements. [Ord. 2008-037] [Ord. 2015-031]

19. In-between Loading Area and Property Line

20. Unless located within a perimeter landscape buffer, minimum required wall or additional
    landscaping, shall be as follows: [Ord. 2015-031]

21. Within a compatibility or incompatibility buffer: 12 foot wall; or [Ord. 2015-031]

22. Within a R-O-W buffer: six foot wall combined with an eight foot high hedge located
    on the exterior side of the wall. [Ord. 2015-031]

23. Minimum wall height required within perimeter buffers may be reduced when used
    in combination with a berm, provided that the total height does not exceed 12 foot.
    [Ord. 2015-031]

24. Architectural Compatibility

25. Walls shall be architecturally compatible with the adjacent structure. [Ord. 2015-031]
c. Conflict with Other Applicable Regulations

If a conflict exists between Loading Area Screening and other articles in this Code, the provisions above shall prevail except where superseded by state or federal law. [Ord. 2015-031]

d. Exemptions

Loading area screening is not required if any of the following standards are satisfied: [Ord. 2015-031]

1. If the loading area is obstructed from view by an existing landscape buffer, a preserve or a structure. [Ord. 2008-037]
2. A structure or tenant consisting of 10,000 square feet or less. [Ord. 2008-037]
3. A single loading space. [Ord. 2008-037]
4. The WCRAO Executive Director may exempt a loading space from screening requirements for parcels located in the WCRAO pursuant to Art. 3 B.14.I.2 Redevelopment Loading Option. [Ord. 2008-037] [Relocated to Art 6.E.4.A.3 Screening]

G. Prohibitions

1. A street or driveway shall not be used for loading or unloading.
2. A loading space shall not be used to satisfy off-street parking requirements.
3. The location of the loading area shall not interfere with the free circulation of vehicles in the off-street parking lot. [Relocate 6.B.1.G Prohibitions to 6.E.1 General]

---

**Table 6.E.4.A – Dimensions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard A (12’ wide x 18.5’ long)</th>
<th>Square Footage of Gross Floor Area</th>
<th>Number of Required Loading Spaces</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 10,000 square feet</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10,001 square feet to 40,000 square feet</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Each additional 40,000 square feet</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard B (15’ wide x 55’ long)</th>
<th>Square Footage of Gross Floor Area</th>
<th>Number of Required Loading Spaces</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 10,000 square feet</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10,001 square feet to 50,000 square feet</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Each additional 50,000 square feet</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

1. The use of parking spaces and the drive aisle can be used in lieu of providing a designated loading space during off business hours.
2. Additional loading spaces adjacent to, and not separated from the first loading space may be reduced to a minimum of 12 feet in width.

---

LDRAB/LDRC Meeting November 13, 2019 Page 57
### Maneuver Area

An area equal to the width and length of the berth shall be provided for vehicle maneuvering directly behind the loading space it is intended to serve.
c. **Vertical Clearance**

A vertical clearance of at least 15 feet shall be provided over the space and maneuvering apron, unless reduced by the DRO.

**d. Waiver – Reduction of Loading Space Width or Length**

The minimum required width and length may be reduced for uses that require limited loading, to not less than 12 feet and 18.5 feet, respectively, subject to submittal and approval of documentation such as: evidence of actual loading demand for the proposed use(s), as well as other available technical data, traffic engineering and planning information. [Ord. 2007-001] [Ord. 2016-042] [Relocated from 6.B.1.H.7 Type I Wavier]

2. **Layout**

a5. **Distance from Intersection**

1) a. **Distance**

No loading space shall be located within forty feet of the nearest point of the edge of pavement or curb of any two intersecting streets.

2)b. **Setback**

Loading spaces shall be setback at least 20 feet from all front or side street property lines. When located at the rear of a building, a minimum five foot setback from the property line shall be required.

b6. **Access Marking**

Each off-street loading space shall be provided with safe and convenient access to a street, without it being necessary to cross or enter any other required loading space. If any loading space is located contiguous to a street, ingress and egress to the street side shall be provided only through driveway openings. The dimension, location and construction of these driveways shall be designed in accordance with this Article. In addition, off-street loading spaces which have three or more berths shall have individual spaces marked, and spaces shall be so arranged that maneuvering to and from a loading space shall be on the same lot unless approved by the DRO. Maneuvering shall be permitted in an alley upon the approval of the DRO if surrounding uses are compatible with the subject use.

7. **Type 1 Waiver – Reduction of Loading Space Width or Length**

The minimum required width and length may be reduced for uses that require limited loading, to not less than 12 feet and 18.5 feet, respectively, subject to submittal and approval of documentation such as: evidence of actual loading demand for the proposed use(s), as well as other available technical data, traffic engineering and planning information. [Ord. 2007-001] [Ord. 2016-042] [Relocated to 6.E.4.A Dimensions and Layout]

8. **Repair Activities**

Only emergency repair service shall be permitted in a loading space.

3. **Screening**

a. **Bay Doors**

Bay doors shall be located and oriented away from residential property lines or setback a minimum of 50 feet and screened from view.

b. **Loading Area Screening**
Loading areas, which may include loading spaces, docks and associated maneuvering areas, that are within 100 feet of a parcel with a residential FLU designation, or use; or visible from a street R-O-W, shall be screened from view by buildings a minimum of 12 feet in height, or a wall in combination with landscape material, as follows: [Ord. 2008-037] [Ord. 2015-031]

1) Options by Location

a) In-between Loading Area and Property Line

Unless located within a perimeter landscape buffer, the following shall be required:

a 12 foot high wall combined with foundation planting along the exterior side of the wall, in accordance with the facade standards of Table 7.C.3.B, Foundation Planting and Dimensional Requirements. [Ord. 2008-037] [Ord. 2015-031]

b) Perimeter Buffers

If located within a perimeter landscape buffer, minimum required wall or additional landscaping, shall be as follows: [Ord. 2015-031]

(1) Within a compatibility or incompatibility buffer: 12 foot wall; or [Ord. 2015-031]

(2) Within a R-O-W buffer: six foot wall combined with an eight foot high hedge located on the exterior side of the wall. [Ord. 2015-031]

(3) Minimum wall height required within perimeter buffers may be reduced when used in combination with a berm, provided that the total height does not exceed 12 foot. [Ord. 2015-031]

2. Architectural Compatibility

Walls shall be architecturally compatible with the adjacent structure. [Ord. 2015-031]

d. Conflict with Other Applicable Regulations

If a conflict exists between Loading Area Screening and other articles in this Code, the provisions above shall prevail except where superseded by state or federal law. [Ord. 2008-037]

e. Exemptions

Loading area screening is not required if any of the following standards are satisfied: [Ord. 2015-031]

1) the loading area is obstructed from view by an existing landscape buffer; a preserve or a structure. [Ord. 2008-037]

2) a structure or tenant consisting of 10,000 square feet or less; [Ord. 2008-037]

3) a single loading space; or [Ord. 2008-037]

4) the WCRAO Executive Director may exempt a loading space from screening requirements for parcels located in the WCRAO, pursuant to Art. 3.B.14.I.2, Redevelopment Loading Option. [Ord. 2008-037] [Relocated from Art 6.B.1.F Screening]

B. Materials

All loading spaces and maneuvering areas shall comply with Article 6.B.3.B.1, Paved.
Reason for amendments: Zoning
1. Add a Parking Space reduction

CHAPTER C ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESS

Section 5 Types of Applications

E. Type 1 Waiver

1. Purpose
To establish procedures and evaluation standards for a Type 1 Waiver. A Type 1 Waiver is to allow flexibility and minor adjustments to the property development regulations, site design, preservation, or incorporation of existing native vegetation; or for an improved site design where alternative solutions can be permitted subject to the criteria. Waivers are not intended to relieve specific financial hardship nor circumvent the intent of this Code. A Waiver may not be granted if it conflicts with other Sections of this Code, or the Florida Building Code. [Ord. 2011-016] [Ord. 2016-042] [Ord. 2018-002]

2. Applicability
Requests for Type 1 Waivers shall only be permitted where expressly stated within the ULDC: [Ord. 2011-016] [Ord. 2012-027] [Ord. 2018-002]

Table 2.C.5.E – Summary of Type 1 Waivers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requests</th>
<th>ULDC Reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Glades Area Overlay (GAO)</td>
<td>Table 3.B.4.F, Type 1 Waivers for Industrial Pods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEO, Native Ecosystem Overlay</td>
<td>Art. 3.B.7.D, Property Development Regulations (PDRs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northlake Boulevard Overlay Zone (NBOZ) Design Guidelines</td>
<td>Table 3.B.8.E, Type 1 Waivers for NBOZ Design Guidelines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infill Redevelopment Overlay (IRO)</td>
<td>Table 3.B.15.G, Type 1 Waivers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urban Redevelopment Overlay (URAO)</td>
<td>Table 3.B.16.G, Type 1 and 2 URAO Waivers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Structural Setback – Reduction not to exceed five percent less than the minimum requirement (1)</td>
<td>Table. 3.D.1.A, Property Development Regulations (PDRs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required Parking in Type 1 Restaurant with Drive Through</td>
<td>Art. 4.B.2.C.33.f.1a)(2), Location Criteria – Exceptions, Design Criteria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial Greenhouse Loading</td>
<td>Art. 4.B.6.C.17.c.d), Loading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solid Waste Transfer Station</td>
<td>Art. 4.B.7.c.10.d, Buffer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green Architecture</td>
<td>Art. 5.C.1.E.3, Type 1 Waiver – Green Architecture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parking for Community Vegetable Garden</td>
<td>Table 6.A.1.B, Minimum Off-Site Parking and Loading Requirements, Note 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parking Spaces</td>
<td>Art. 6.C.1.A, Type 1 Waiver</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loading Spaces</td>
<td>Art. 6.B.17.d, Type 1 Waiver – Reduction of Minimum Number of Required Loading Spaces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loading Space Width or Length</td>
<td>Art. 6.B.14.D.1.d, Type 1 Waiver – Reduction of Loading Space Width or Length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Landscaping</td>
<td>Table 7.B.4.A, Type 1 Waivers for Landscaping</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Billboard Location</td>
<td>Art. 8.H.2.D.4, Replacement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PUD Informational Signs</td>
<td>Art. 8.D.3.B.5.b, Standards for Type 3 Electronic Message Signs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. Underlined indicates new text.
2. Strikencell indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
3. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
4. A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
EXHIBIT F
ARTICLE 6 – PARKING, LOADING, AND CIRCULATION
CR 2018-020
(Updated 11/05/19)

Part 9. ULDC Art. 5.B.1.A.1.e, Specific Accessory Uses (page 12 of 112, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments: [Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. In 2019, Ord. 2019-005 amended Table 6.A.1.B., Minimum Off-Street Parking and Loading Requirements, to reduce minimum office parking from 1 space per 200 square feet to 1 space per 250 square feet. In addition, Ord. 2019-005 did not specifically change the Accessory parking, it rather changed the parking requirement for the office use (as a Principal use) that should have also translated to the Accessory office parking requirement referenced in Art. 5, Supplementary Regulations, so they would be consistent. This amendment corrects the parking for an accessory office consistent with the Accessory office parking requirements referenced in Article 6.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHAPTER B ACCESSORY USES AND STRUCTURES

Section 1 Supplementary Regulations

A. Accessory Uses and Structures

1. General

The following provisions in this Section shall apply to all development in Standard, PDD, or TDD Zoning Districts, unless otherwise stated. [Ord. 2007-001] [Ord. 2017-007]

a. Standards

... 

e. Specific Accessory Uses

1) Office

a) Areas of a building dedicated to the administrative operation and incidental to a principal use or uses listed in the Use Matrix may be Permitted by Right. [Ord. 2017-007]

b) One parking space shall be provided for every 2050 square feet of accessory office. [Ord. 2017-007]

Part 10. ULDC Art. 5.B.1.A.9, Neighborhood Recreation Facility (page 22 of 112, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments: [Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Delete the minimum of two parking spaces required for recreation pods or facilities on less than one acre and refer to Art. 6, Table 6.B.1.B, Minimum Parking and Loading Requirements Parking for Recreational Pod or Neighborhood Recreation Facility Use, which will now include a Clubhouse use.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHAPTER B ACCESSORY USES AND STRUCTURES

Section 1 Supplementary Regulations

A. Accessory Uses and Structures

9. Neighborhood Recreation Facility

A non-profit facility designed and intended for recreational use by occupants of a residential development or subdivision owned and operated by a POA or equivalent. Recreation facilities shall be subject to the following standards. [Ord. 2011-001] [Ord. 2013-001]

a. Property Development Regulations (PDRs)

1) PDRs shall be in accordance with the standards for a recreation pod in Table 3.E.2.D, PUD Property Development Regulations. [Ord. 2011-001]

2) PDRs for outdoor recreation amenities shall be in accordance with Art. 5.B.1.A.10, Outdoor Recreation Amenities. [Ord. 2013-001]

b. Parking

Parking shall be in accordance with Art. 6, Parking, Loading, and Circulation, and the following. [Ord. 2011-001]

1) Clubhouses in a standard district shall apply the requirements for a recreation pod clubhouse. [Ord. 2011-001]

2) Parking shall not be required for recreation pods or facilities on less than one acre; however, a minimum of two spaces shall be required to accommodate maintenance services for pools or clubhouses. [Ord. 2011-001] [Relocated to: Art. 6, Table 6.B.1.B, Minimum Parking and Loading Requirements]
Part 11. ULDC Art. 5.B.1.A.18, Bike Racks (page 33 of 112, Supplement 26), is hereby amended as follows:

- Relocate the bicycle parking requirement from Art. 6, Table 6.B.1.B – Minimum Parking and Loading Requirements to Art. 5.B.1.A.18, Bike Racks.

Chapter B Accessory Uses and Structures

A. Accessory Uses and Structures

18. Bike Racks

a. Number of Bikes

Each bike rack shall accommodate a minimum of five bikes.

b. Multi-Family Uses

Multi-Family projects with more than 100 units shall provide one bike rack per 50 units.

c. Commercial Uses

All commercial projects subject to site plan approval by the DRO shall provide one bike rack per 200 parking spaces.

d. Recreation Pod or Neighborhood Recreation Facility

Shall provide a minimum of one bike rack.
EXHIBIT G
ARTICLE 7 – LANDSCAPING
EASEMENT OVERLAPS OF LANDSCAPE BUFFERS
CR-2019-020 (Updated 10/30/19)

Part 1. ULDC Art. 7.C.5, Landscaping, Landscape Buffer and Interior Landscaping Requirements, Easements in Landscape Buffers and Off-Street Parking Areas (page 32 – 33 of 54, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning and Land Development]

1. Policy Memo History
Policy Memo PPM ZO-O-016, Landscaping was originally issued on May 20, 2005 to clarify the review and approval process for extenuating circumstances to allow detention area overlap in a portion of landscatable areas. The prior code allows detention/retention areas, drainage easements, lake maintenance easements, and sloped directional swales greater than one foot below finished grade, shall not be located in or overlap required landscape buffers unless otherwise approved in writing by the Land Development Division. The underlined provision was added to the January 2004 ULDC Amendments due to an additional right of way oversight resulting in a corrective action to resolve the building permit for a specific project. If a similar situation occurs after a Final approval by the Development Review Officer, due to unforeseen roadway design changes like expanded intersection, turn lane, right of way conveyance, etc. a property owner may request Land Development to allow partial overlap of detention area into a portion of the perimeter landscape buffer. The review procedures will be coordinated between Land Development and Zoning Divisions.

In the PPM, there were six criteria to allow both the Zoning Division and Land Development Division to make a decision on the overlap of easements or other drainage areas.

1. These provisions shall not be available to projects with BCC Condition(s) that do not allow width reductions or easement encroachments.
2. Granting of provision is not to be considered an alternative to seeking relief from the Board of Adjustment and compliance with seven (7) criteria for hardship landscape buffer.
3. If required berms are included in landscape buffers, modifications do not reduce the plateau heights or cause 3:1 slope to become too steep due to proposed detention overlap.
4. Detention area may be allowed for maximum 25% overlap on interior side of landscape buffer width if buffer dimension is greater than 25' but less than 50'.
5. Detention area may be allowed for maximum 50% overlap on interior side of landscape buffer width if buffer dimension is greater than 50'.
6. If detention area overlap is requested into landscape buffers, additional plant materials (including water tolerant species or wetland plants) may be requested to maintain opaque screening requirements.

2. Amendments to Article 7 under Ordinance 2006-004, which was to codify this PPM, did not include criteria 4-6, because a maximum code required buffer width is only 20 feet; and it is through a Condition of Approval that a buffer width may be required to be increased to over 20 feet. Therefore, it was decided that criteria 4-5 are no longer needed under the Code, but could be imposed as a Condition of Approval on an as needed basis. As for criteria 6, the water tolerant plants should also be recommended as a Condition of Approval or imposed as a staff comment during the review of an application.

3. Clarify that an overall maximum of 5 feet of easements or drainage areas may overlap a landscape buffer provided sufficient growing area remains. Example: If the site has a 2.5 feet of overlap by an overhead FPL easement, and another 5 feet overlap by a retention area, the overlap shall be reduced to make a decision on the overlap of easements or other drainage areas.

4. Clarify that overlap is only allowed for a R-O-W and an Incompatibility buffer since the Compatibility buffer is only 8 feet in width.

CHAPTER C LANDSCAPE BUFFER AND INTERIOR LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS

Section 5. Easements Overlap in Landscape Buffers and Off-Street Parking Areas

Underground, above ground, or overhead utility easements, private utilities without an easement, and drainage areas may overlap a landscape buffer provided the required planting has sufficient area for healthy plant growth, and the required quantity is not reduced. For the purpose of this Section, drainage areas may include: detention easements, retention or detention areas and swales, as determined by the Land Development Division.

A. Easements Overlap in a R-O-W and Incompatibility Landscape Buffers

An easement, private utilities without an easement, drainage area, or a combination thereof may be permitted to overlap by a maximum of five feet, provided there are no Conditions of Approval that prohibit width reduction or easement encroachment into the landscape buffer.

1. Underground Utilities

Note:
Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.

If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
Easements may overlap a required landscape buffer by a maximum of five feet, provided there remains a minimum of five clear feet for planting. If a wall with a continuous footer is used proposed, a minimum of ten feet of clear feet for planting is required, planting area is required from the footer, and the buffer width shall be increased to accommodate the wall and the required planting. The landscape buffer may be traversed by easements or access ways as necessary to comply with the standards of this Article, and Art. 11, Subdivision, Platting, and Required Improvements, and other PBC codes. Easements shall be identified on the Zoning Plans prior to the application for Building Permit. [Ord. 2018-002] [Ord. 2018-018]

2. Overhead Utilities

Vegetation that is planted within or abutting any easement with overhead utilities shall comply with the planting and maintenance requirements in FP&L’s publication “Right Tree, Right Place,” available from the Zoning Division. The Applicant shall take into consideration the mature height and spread of the species beneath or adjacent to overhead utilities. For the purpose of this Section, the term vegetation shall include, trees, palm or pines. Where overhead utilities exist, trees shall be maintained so that the mature tree canopy is a minimum of ten feet from overhead lines. [Ord. 2019-005]

a. Planting near Overhead Electric Utilities

The setbacks shall be measured from the centerline of the trunk to the outer edge of the overhead utility lines. The following minimum setbacks shall apply: [Ord. 2019-005]

1) Vegetation that at a mature height may grow to 50 feet or greater shall be planted at least 50 feet away from overhead electric utility lines; [Ord. 2019-005]
2) Vegetation that at a mature height may grow to between 14 to 49 feet shall be planted at least 30 feet away from overhead electric utility lines; [Ord. 2019-005]
3) Palms shall be planted at least 20 feet plus the maximum palm frond length away from overhead electric utility lines; and, [Ord. 2019-005]
4) Only Vegetation that at a mature height grow to less than 14 feet shall be permitted to be planted underneath or adjacent to overhead electric utility line. [Ord. 2019-005]

Figure 7.C.5.A – Overhead Utilities and setbacks for Trees, Palms, or Pines

---

**Notes:**
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
b. Transformer Cabinet in the Overhead Electric Utilities Easement

    Planting around transformer cabinet shall be setback from the cabinet a minimum of eight feet on the front and three feet on the sides and rear. [Ord. 2019-005]

Part 2. ULDC Art. 7.C.5, Landscaping, Landscape Buffer and Interior Landscaping Requirements, Easements in Landscape Buffers and Off-Street Parking Areas (page 32 – 33 of 54, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Zoning and Land Development]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Add above ground utilities such as lift stations, and clarify that they are not allowed to overlap a landscape buffer. In the prior supplements, Article 7 never addresses this type of utility structures.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Replace “sloped directional swales that are greater than one foot” with “swales” per Land Development Division, so that any swale less than one foot shall be subject to the same regulations. Land Development Division will determine the depth of swale on a case by case basis.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Clarify that overlap of easement or drainage areas shall only be allowed if Zoning Division and Land Development Division agree that planting shall not interfere the function of the drainage area, e.g. percolation rate and storage capacity, etc.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Clarify the Type 1 Waiver for Landscaping is located in Art. 7.B.4, which specifically</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3. Type 1 Waiver for Landscaping

Plants required in the easement area may be planted elsewhere on the same site subject to a Type 1 Waiver for Landscaping. [Ord. 2018-002], [Ord. 2018-018]. [Partially relocated to Art. 7.C.5.C.5, Type 1 Waiver for Landscaping]

### 4. Detention or Retention Areas, Swales, and Drainage Easements

**Detention or retention areas, drainage easements, and swales, may overlap required landscape buffers.** The required planting for the landscape buffer may be installed in the detention or retention areas, swales or drainage easements subject to the mutual agreement and approval of the Directors of Zoning and Land Development Divisions, and any applicable agencies or easement holders. [Ord. 2006-004], [Ord. 2016-042], [Ord. 2018-002]. [Partially relocated from Art. 7.C.5.C., Detention or Retention Areas, Swales, and Drainage Easements]

### 4. Type 1 Waiver for Landscaping

Required plants, which are overlapped by an easement, may be planted elsewhere on the same site subject to a Type 1 Waiver for Landscaping. [Ord. 2018-002], [Ord. 2018-018], [Partially relocated from Art. 7.C.5.A.3, Type 1 Waiver for Landscaping]

### B. Easements in Off-Street Parking Areas

#### 1. Underground Utilities

Utility easements may encroach landscape islands provided there is a sufficient area for the growth of the required tree within the same island. The width and length of the island may be increased by the minimum amount necessary to meet the separation requirements of the utility providers, indicated below. [Ord. 2018-018]

- **PBC Water Utilities Separation**
  
  A minimum of ten feet shall be provided, by measuring from the outer edge of the pipes to the edge of the pit where the tree is to be planted. The Department of Water Utilities (WUD) may allow the separation distance be reduced to seven feet if tree root barriers are installed. [Ord. 2018-018]

- **Fire Rescue Utility Separation**
  
  A minimum of five feet shall be provided, measuring from the outer edge of the fire hydrant to the pit where the tree is to be planted. [Ord. 2018-018]

#### 2. Existing Utilities

For sites where existing underground utilities are encroaching into landscape islands, and there is not a sufficient area for the growth of the required tree within the same island, the relocation of the required tree may be requested subject to a Type 1 Waiver for Landscaping. [Ord. 2018-018]

#### d. Other Utility Authorities – Root Barrier and Separation Requirement

Proposed landscaping near non-PBC Utilities shall be subject to that Utility’s separation requirements. [Ord. 2018-018]
C. Detention or Retention Areas, Swales, and Drainage Easements

Detention or retention areas, drainage easements, and sloped, directional swales greater than one foot below finished grade, may overlap required landscape buffers provided a minimum of five feet remains for planting. [Ord. 2006-004] [Ord. 2016-042] [Ord. 2018-002] [Partially relocated to Art. 7.C.5.A.3, Detention or Retention Areas, Swales and Drainage Easements]
INTER-OFFICE COMMUNICATION
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING, ZONING AND BUILDING
PLANNING DIVISION

TO: Wesley Blackman, AICP, Chairman, and
Members of the Land Development Regulation Advisory Board
(LDRAB) wesblackman@gmail.com

FROM: Bryan Davis, Principal Planner
Planning Division

DATE: October 31, 2019

RE: Comprehensive Plan Consistency Determination for Proposed
ULDC Amendments

The Planning Division has determined the proposed ULDC
amendments, Exhibit B through Exhibit R, of the packet provided by
the Zoning Division and scheduled for the November 13, 2019
LDRAB / LDRC meeting are generally consistent with the
Comprehensive Plan.

Additional review will be required for any revision(s) to an
amendment other than for the purpose of correcting grammatical or
spelling errors.

cc: Patricia Behn, Planning Director
Jon MacGillis, ASLA, Zoning Director
Melissa Michael, Senior Planner
Wendy Hernandez, Principal Site Planner
Jan Rodriguez, Senior Site Planner
Alexander Biray, Zoning Technician
EXHIBIT H

ARTICLE 2 – APPLICATION PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES
PLANNING PROCESS AND HISTORIC RESOURCE REVIEW
CR-2019-0010
(Updated 09/30/19)

Part 1.  ULDC 2.G.3.H.5, Historic Resources Review Board Meetings (page 85 and 86 of 101, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Planning]

1. The Historic Resources Review Board (HRRB) is a nine-member advisory board that provides special expertise to the BCC on how best to identify, preserve, promote, and protect the archaeological and historic resources of Palm Beach County. The HRRB is required to meet quarterly. As part of compliance with the Florida Certified Local Government (CLG) Guidelines, five members must have professional experience in the disciplines of history, architecture, archaeology, architectural history, and historic architecture. The BCC also requires a sixth member to reside in the Glades communities (or west of Twenty Mile Bend). At present there are eight appointed members of the HRRB, with membership fluctuating between six to eight appointees at any given time. Currently quorum consists of at least five members being present, regardless of the number of members appointed to the HRRB.

2. In the past six scheduled HRRB meetings, three of the meetings were not able to be conducted due to lack of quorum (50 percent). Taking a longer perspective, the HRRB has had 24 scheduled meetings since 2013. Of the 24 scheduled HRRB meetings in that time frame, seven of those meetings (or 29 percent) could not be conducted due to lack of quorum (with one additional meeting cancelled due to Hurricane Matthew). Had quorum been based on the current appointed members of the HRRB (rather than the overall nine-member potential), an additional three of the seven cancelled meetings could have been held as four of the seven active appointed members were in attendance. This would result in a theoretical lowering of the “no quorum” results to just 16 percent of the HRRB meetings (since 2013).

3. An additional change is proposed to clarify that the HRRB is to meet at least four times per year, rather than “quarterly.” Such a change would yield the same number of meetings per year, but allow meetings to be scheduled at times when cultural resource concerns arise and better reflects the availability of the HRRB members for the purposes of scheduling meetings.

CHAPTER G  DECISION MAKING BODIES

Section 3  Appointed Bodies

5. Meetings

a. General

General meetings of the HRRB shall be held at least quarterly four times per year. Special meetings may be called by the Chair of the HRRB, or in writing by a majority of the members of the Board. Staff shall provide 24-hour written notice to each Board member prior to a special meeting.

b. Quorum

The presence of a majority of the appointed members of the HRRB shall constitute a quorum necessary to take action and transact business.

Part 2.  ULDC Art. 2.G.3.J.5, Rules Applicable to Local Planning Agency (page 88 of 101, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Planning]

1. This amendment is proposed in order to establish rules consistent for quorum with Resolution R-2013-0193 which established that a quorum was based on the number of ‘appointed’ members of the advisory board. The language proposed is identical to the language in ULDC Art. 2.G.2.E.1., Rules of Procedure, with the addition of the word ‘appointed’ in the first sentence. Resolution R-2013-0193 states:

Resolution R-2013-0193, Section 18. Conduct of Meeting
A quorum must be present for the conduct of all board meetings. A majority of the members appointed shall constitute a quorum. All meetings shall be governed by Robert’s Rules of Order.

ULDC Art. 2.G.2.E.1.  Rules of Procedure

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text. Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ]. .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

LDRAB/LDRC Meeting  November 13, 2019  Page 69
ARTICLE 2 – APPLICATION PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES
PLANNING PROCESS AND HISTORIC RESOURCE REVIEW
CR-2019-0010
(Updated 09/30/19)

Reason for amendments: [Planning]

1. Quorum and Voting. The presence of a majority of the members of the board shall constitute a quorum necessary to take action and transact business. All actions shall require a simple majority of the quorum present and voting at the meeting. In the event of a tie vote, the motion shall fail. No member shall abstain from voting unless the member has a voting conflict pursuant to State of Florida law.

CHAPTER G  DECISION MAKING BODIES

Section 3  Appointed Bodies

5. Rules Applicable to Local Planning Agency
a. The agenda of the PLC sitting as the LPA shall be as prepared and presented by the PBC Planning Division and such agenda shall not be deviated from without a two-thirds vote of a quorum of the LPA. [Ord. 2008-003]
b. Failure of the LPA to make a recommendation on any Plan Amendment to the BCC prior to the final transmittal hearing of the amendments shall constitute the item being sent to the BCC with an LPA recommendation of denial pursuant to F.S.§ 163.3174, as may be amended from time to time.
c. Quorum and Voting
   The presence of a majority of the appointed members of the board shall constitute a quorum necessary to take action and transact business. All actions shall require a simple majority of the quorum present and voting at the meeting. In the event of a tie vote, the motion shall fail. No member shall abstain from voting unless the member has a voting conflict pursuant to State of Florida law.

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
EXHIBIT I

ARTICLE 2 – APPLICATION PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES
HB 7103 LEGISLATION TO MODIFY TIMELINE FOR REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENT ORDERS
CR-2019-0015
(Updated 10/30/19)

Part 1. ULDC Art. 2.A Application Processes and Procedures, General, (pages 15 and 21 of 101, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

### Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

1. This Amendment is to respond to recent changes to Florida law resulting from the 2019 Florida Legislative Session, whereas Florida House Bill 7103 was signed into law on June 28, 2019, which amends the Florida Statutes (F.S.) 125.022, Development Permits and orders.

2. Amend 2.A.3 to relocate resubmittals with submittals and to add sufficiency and insufficiency determinations, as they are dates that are on the Zoning Annual Calendar.

3. Correct reference for approval of the refund fees to the Executive Director of PZB, or its designee. The designee may be the Zoning Director.

3. Amend Art. 2.A.7, as the F.S. were amended to require the County to review an application for completion within 30-days of submittal, and allows the applicant to respond to those deficiencies no more than 30-days of notification of the deficiency. The proposed change deletes the previous ten-day limitation. The reference for deadlines will be reflected on the Annual Zoning Calendar, in order to adjust for holidays and differences in days of the month.


---

1. **CHAPTER A** GENERAL

2. **Section 3** Initiation of Applications

Applications may be submitted to the Zoning Division by the following authority: PBC official, owner, agent who is authorized in writing to act on the owner’s behalf, or person having a written contractual interest in the land for which the amendment or development permit is proposed. Applications shall be submitted in accordance with the dates and fees established by the Zoning Division. [Ord. 2018-002]

A. Established Dates and Fees for Zoning Division Applications

1. The Zoning Director shall publish an Annual Zoning Calendar, as may be amended, providing dates and deadlines for the following: [Ord. 2018-002]

   a. Submittals and Resubmittals of an application by the Applicant; [Ord. 2018-002]

   b. Resubmittals by the Applicant; Sufficiency and Insufficiency determination by the DRO; [Ord. 2018-002]

   c. Issues and Comments identified by Staff; [Ord. 2018-002]

   d. Certification of an application for Public Hearings; and [Ord. 2018-002]

   e. Hearing dates. [Ord. 2018-002]

2. All other dates and deadlines for the application processes shall be specified in the Code. If there is a conflict in the dates between the Code and the Calendar, the Code shall prevail. [Ord. 2018-002]

3. Applications that are submitted to the Zoning Division shall be accompanied by a fee established by the BCC. All fees shall be paid at the time of the submittal of the applications.

4. Any request for a refund of fees shall be in writing, based on the current PZB Refund Policy, and subject to approval by the Executive Director of Planning, Zoning and Building or designee Zoning Director. [Ord. 2018-002]

---

25. **Section 7** Sufficiency Review

The DRO shall determine whether or not the application is sufficient or insufficient ten days from the date of submittal by reviewing the required information provided in the application, and any additional data necessary to evaluate the application. Sufficiency review procedures specified in other Articles applicable to particular County Agencies may supersede these provisions, unless stated otherwise. Applications subject to the Public Hearing Processes shall be subject to the requirements of Art. 2.B.2, Sufficiency Review for Public Hearing Processes and Art. 2.C.2, Sufficiency Review for Administrative Processes. [Ord. 2005-041] [Ord. 2011-016] [Ord. 2018-002]

---

34. **Part 2.** ULDC Art. 2.B.2 Application Processes and Procedures, Public Hearing Processes, Sufficiency Review; and, 2.B.4 – Application Processes and Procedures, Public Hearing...
CHAPTER B PUBLIC HEARING PROCESSES

Section 2 Sufficiency Review

A. Sufficiency

The DRO shall ensure the applications meet all Submittal requirements and the requests are consistent with Art. 2.A, General and the Zoning Technical Manual. If the application is determined to be sufficient by the DRO, the DRO shall provide written notification to the Applicant and the application shall be distributed to the applicable County Agencies for review pursuant to the procedures and standards of this Article. [Ord. 2005-041] [Ord. 2018-002]

B. Insufficiency

If an application is determined to be insufficient pursuant to the Reasons for Insufficiencies listed in the Zoning Technical Manual, the DRO shall provide written notification to the Applicant specifying the deficiencies. The notification shall be forwarded to the Applicant within ten 30-calendar days from the date of the application’s Submittal date. [Ord. 2018-002]

1. If the deficiencies are not remedied in the next Submittal as indicated on the Annual Zoning Calendar, the DRO shall issue a second written notification to the Applicant indicating the application shall be considered withdrawn unless a written request for a time extension has been submitted and approved by the Zoning Director, pursuant to Art. 2.B.2.C, Time Extension. [Ord. 2018-002]

C. Time Extension

The Applicant may submit a written request for an extension of time to the Zoning Director should the application be determined to be insufficient and resubmit the application on a subsequent date. [Ord. 2018-002]

D. Administrative Withdrawal

If the Applicant fails to address the insufficiencies or request and receive a time extension, it may result in an Administrative withdrawal of the application. [Ord. 2018-002]
Part 3. ULDC Art.2.B.4 – Application Processes and Procedures, Public Hearing Processes, Review, Resubmittal and Certification (page 25-26 of 101, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

1. To respond to recent changes to Florida law resulting from the 2019 Florida Legislative Session, whereas Florida House Bill 7103 was signed into law on June 28, 2019, which amends the Florida Statutes (F.S.) 125.022, Development Permits and orders. These amendments require revising the applicant and review process for Zoning application review procedures.

2. Delete table for deadlines and refer to the dates described on the Annual Zoning Calendar due to changes in the F.S. Relocate language for PO Deviations from the proposed deleted table.

3. Modify the order of the Review, Non-certification and Certification to add the 120 limitation for certification, allowance for time extensions as described in the F.S.

4. Add language to address revisions to the application after it was determined to sufficient, providing an Applicant procedures to revise, withdraw or request time extensions.

5. Modify the Continuance and Postponement to Time Extension and include language and include reference to the maximum time frame for certification from the date of sufficiency and include the allowance for time extensions as described in the F.S.

6. Add language regarding certification of a project that fails to address Staff comments in the situation an agreed upon extension is not obtained and a decision is required to be rendered to comply with F.S.

7. Modify language relating to Applications that are modified after certification to include references to the required timeframes of the F.S. or an allowance for a time extension.

CHAPTER B PUBLIC HEARING PROCESSES

Section 4 Review, Resubmittal, and Certification

Review of an application shall be initiated by the DRO on the date it is deemed sufficient, subject to the timeline specified in the Table below. The processing time may vary based upon the types of requests. The deadlines for Staff comments, Resubmittal by the Applicant, and Certification shall be indicated on the Annual Zoning Calendar.

### A. Exception for PO Deviations

PO Deviations shall be submitted to the Zoning Division on the Application Submittal Date. Sufficiency review is completed by the DRO to ensure the request complies with Art. 2.B.7.G, Public Ownership (PO) Deviations and PPM #ZO-O-063. The Zoning Division is only responsible for ensuring the correct allowable deviations are being requested and placing the application and staff summary on a BCC Zoning Agenda. PO Deviations, pursuant to Art. 11, Subdivision, Platting, and Required Improvements, shall be submitted directly to the County Engineer for review. [Ord. 2019-005] [Relocated from Table 2.B.4 Review, Resubmittal, and Certification]

#### Table 2.B.4 – Review, Resubmittal, and Certification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Processes</th>
<th>DRO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Submittal by Applicant</td>
<td>Refer to Annual Zoning Calendar. (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sufficiency Review by Staff</td>
<td>Refer to Annual Zoning Calendar. (2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insufficiency to be Addressed by Applicant</td>
<td>10 days from the date of Application Submittal. (2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initiate Review and Staff Comments</td>
<td>10 days from the date of Sufficiency. (3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resubmittal by Applicant</td>
<td>Refer to Annual Zoning Calendar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staff Review and Comments on Resubmittal</td>
<td>Refer to Annual Zoning Calendar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certification for Public Hearing</td>
<td>Refer to Annual Zoning Calendar.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Notes:

- Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Italics indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.


LDRAB/LDRC Meeting November 13, 2019 Page 73
addressing all outstanding issues and comments by on the Annual Zoning Calendar. The written responses and revised document(s) shall address the issues and comments prepared by Staff and shall not significantly modify the application that was determined to be sufficient.  [Ord. 2018-002]

1. Significant modifications shall include, but not limited to the following:
   a. Additional requests to the application;
   b. Modifications to the site layout or resubmitted document(s) that would require a new review of the document(s) or impact the timing of a final decision by the ZC or BCC.

2. If the DRO determines that the revised requests and documents are significantly modified from the original request that was determined to be sufficient, the DRO shall provide a written notification to the Applicant describing what changes significantly modified the application. The Applicant shall:
   a. revise the requests and modify plans to eliminate the significant modification;
   b. submit a written request for a time extension to the Zoning Director to determine if the application is still sufficient or if a new sufficiency review is required. Both parties may agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time; or,
   c. request withdrawal of the application.

BC. Non-Certification

If the revised document(s) fail to address all listed outstanding issues and comments, the DRO shall issue a Result List indicating that the application is not certified.  [Ord. 2018-002]  [Partially Relocated from 2.B.4.C Non Certification]

1. Resubmittal Requirements

The Applicant shall provide a written response addressing all outstanding issues and comments for those applications that are not certified, in a manner and form acceptable to the DRO. The revised document(s) shall be submitted on the Resubmittal date as established on the Annual Zoning Calendar.  [Ord. 2005-041]  [Ord. 2008-003]  [Ord. 2018-002]  [Relocated from 2.B.4.C Non Certification]

2. Time Extension

Applicant(s) who have applications for a DO that are not certified within 120 calendar days of sufficiency determination by the DRO, must submit a written request and receive approval for an extension of time the Zoning Director within the 120-day calendar deadline. Both parties may agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time.  [Partially relocated from 2.B.4.E Continuance or Postponement]

D. Certification

1. Significant modifications shall include, but not limited to the following:
   a. Modifications to the site layout or resubmitted document(s) that would require a new review of the document(s) or impact the timing of a final decision by the ZC or BCC.

2. If the Applicant fails to address the listed outstanding issues and comments within the 120 calendar day deadline, and fails to request and receive approval for a reasonable request for an extension of time, from the Zoning Director within the 120 calendar day deadline, the application shall be scheduled to proceed to a public hearing to comply with the timeframes enumerated in the F.S. An applicant may receive a recommendation of denial from Staff for failure to comply with the Standards pursuant to Art. 2.B.7 Types of Applications, including the outstanding issues and comments provided by Staff.

C. Non-Certification

If the resubmitted document(s) fail to address all listed outstanding issues and comments, the DRO shall issue a Result List indicating that the application is not certified.  [Ord. 2018-002]  [Partially Relocated to 2.B.4.B Non Certification]

1. Resubmittal Requirements

The Applicant shall provide a written response addressing all outstanding issues and comments for those applications that are not certified, in a manner and form acceptable to the DRO. The revised documents shall be resubmitted on the Submittal date as established on the Annual Zoning Calendar.  [Ord. 2005-041]  [Ord. 2008-003]  [Ord. 2018-002]  [Relocated to 2.B.4.B.1 Resubmittal Requirements]

DE. Application Modification after Certification

Applications shall not be significantly modified after certification, unless requested or agreed to by the DRO. Significant modifications to the certified plan(s) and application(s) within ten days of a scheduled public hearing date shall result in a postponement, when a decision can be rendered within the timeframe enumerated in the F.S., or if both parties agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time. For the purposes of this Article, a modification shall be considered significant if it exceeds 30 percent or more change from the certified plan or application request. The DRO may consider, but not limited to: intensity, density, land area, or vehicular use areas, to determine


Notes:
Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
## EXHIBIT I
### ARTICLE 2 – APPLICATION PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES

**CR-2019-0015**

(Updated 10/30/19)

whether the certified plans or documents exceed the 30 percent threshold. [Ord. 2005-002] [Ord. 2018-002]

### Part 4.

#### ULDC Art. 2.B.6. Application Processes and Procedures, Public Hearing Processes, Public Hearing Procedures (page 29 of 101, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Amend the scheduling section to include reference to the F.S. that requires a decision to be made within 180 days from the date of sufficiency.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Modify action by the ZC and BCC related to postponements, continuance and remands, as required by F.S. and include requirement a recommendation or decision to postpone must be agreed upon by County and the Applicant, or a decision must be rendered to meet the 180 calendar day limitation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### CHAPTER B   PUBLIC HEARING PROCESSES

#### Section 6   Public Hearing Procedures

All decision-making persons and bodies shall act in accordance with the time limits established in this Code, unless stated otherwise. [Ord. 2018-002]

#### A. Scheduling

Once an application has been certified by the DRO, the DRO shall schedule a public hearing in accordance with the dates established in the Annual Zoning Calendar and pursuant to F.S. 125.022, or such time as is mutually agreed upon between the Applicant and the DRO. The scheduling of the application for public hearing shall ensure the public notice requirements are satisfied. [Ord. 2018-002]

1. **Number of Hearings**

   Both the ZC and the BCC shall hold at least one public hearing on applications that are subject to the Public Hearing processes, unless otherwise stated herein. [Ord. 2018-002]

2. **Exception for Official Zoning Map Amendment**

   The ZC shall hold at least one public hearing and the BCC shall hold two public hearings on a proposed amendment to the boundaries of the Official Zoning Map for PBC initiated applications consisting of ten or more contiguous acres of land. [Ord. 2018-002]

3. **Exception for PO Deviations**

   The application for public hearing shall be placed on the next available BCC Zoning Hearing for which the public notice requirements can be satisfied. [Ord. 2019-005]

#### C. Board Action

1. **Action by ZC**

   The ZC shall conduct a public hearing on the application, subject to the following procedures: [Ord. 2018-002]

   a. **Recommendations by the ZC**

      The ZC shall consider the application where the BCC makes a final decision, including staff report, relevant support materials, public testimony and public testimony given at the hearing. After close of the public hearing, the ZC shall recommend to the BCC that the application be approved, approved with Conditions, modified, continued, postponed or denied based upon the applicable Standards in Art. 2.B.7, Types of Applications. [Ord. 2008-003] [Ord. 2011-016] [Ord. 2012-027] [Ord. 2017-007] [Ord. 2018-002]

      1) The ZC may consider an application be: remanded, continued or postponed when a decision can be rendered within the timeframe enumerated in the F.S., or if both parties agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time. If there is no mutual agreement for a time extension, the application shall move forward with a recommendation by the ZC.

      b. **Final Decision by the ZC**

      The ZC shall consider the application where the ZC makes a final decision, including, staff report, relevant support materials, DRO certification, public testimony, and public testimony

---

**Notes:**

- **Underlined** indicates new text.
- **Stricken** indicates text to be deleted. **Stricken and italicized** means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- **Italicized** indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
given at the hearing. After close of the public hearing, the ZC shall by not less than a majority of a quorum present approve, approve with conditions, modify, postpone, or deny the application. The actions shall be based upon the applicable and any Standards specific to the use as required in Art. 4.B, Use Classification, thereby adopting a resolution approving, approving with Conditions, or denying the proposed request. The resolution shall be filed with the Zoning Division. [Ord. 2006-036] [Ord. 2008-003] [Ord. 2018-002]

1. The ZC may consider an application be remanded, continued, or postponed when a decision can be rendered within the timeframe enumerated in the F.S., or if both parties agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time. If there is no mutual agreement for a time extension, the application shall move forward with a final decision by the ZC.

c. Remand by the ZC
If at any time during the public hearing, the ZC determines that the application is based upon incomplete, inaccurate information or misstatements of fact, it may remand the application back to the DRO for further review and a revised staff report. [Ord. 2018-002]

2. Action by BCC
a. Recommendations by the ZC
The BCC shall consider the application, staff report, relevant support materials, the recommendation of the ZC, and the public testimony submitted before and given at the hearing; [Ord. 2018-002]

b. Final Decision by the BCC
The BCC shall consider the application, staff report, relevant support materials, DRO certification, the ZC recommendation, public testimony submitted before and given at the hearing. After close of the public hearing, the BCC shall by not less than a majority of a quorum present approve, approve with conditions, modify, postpone, or deny the application. The actions shall be based upon the applicable and any Standards specific to the use as required in Art. 4.B, Use Classification, thereby adopting a resolution approving, approving with Conditions, or denying the proposed request. The resolution shall be filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court. For PO Deviations a Result Letter, in lieu of a resolution, is prepared by the DRO, provided to the Applicant, and filed with the Zoning Division. [Ord. 2008-003] [Ord. 2012-027] [Ord. 2017-007] [Ord. 2018-002] [Ord. 2019-005] shall be filed with the Zoning Division. [Ord. 2006-036] [Ord. 2008-003] [Ord. 2018-002]

1. The BCC may consider an application be remanded, continued, or postponed when a decision can be rendered within the timeframe enumerated in the F.S., or if both parties agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time. If there is no mutual agreement, the application shall move forward with a final decision by the BCC.

c. Remand by the BCC
If at any time during the public hearing, the BCC determines that the application is based upon incomplete, inaccurate information or misstatements of fact, the BCC may remand the application back to the ZC or DRO for further review and a revised staff report. [Ord. 2018-002]

3. Action by the Hearing Officer
At the public hearing(s), the Hearing Officer shall consider the application, all relevant support materials, staff report, testimony given, and evidence introduced into the record at the public hearing(s) and decide to approve, approve with conditions, deny, continue, postpone, modify or withdraw the request. [Ord. 2006-036] [Ord. 2018-002]..

E. Continuance or Postponement of Hearings
The BCC or ZC conducting the public hearing, may, on its own motion or at the request of an Applicant, continue the public hearing to a fixed date, time and place consider an application be continued or postponed when a decision can be rendered within the timeframe enumerated in the F.S., or if both parties agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time. The BCC or ZC shall determine if an application shall be postponed when an Applicant fails to submit a written request for postponement five days prior to the hearing. All subsequent request for continuance or postponement shall be granted at the discretion of the decision making body. [Ord. 2005-041] [Ord. 2006-036] [Ord. 2018-002]

1. Postponement by Right
An Applicant shall be granted a postponement by right to the next regularly scheduled hearing if at any time during the public hearing, the BCC determines that the application is based upon incomplete, inaccurate information or misstatements of fact, the BCC may remand the application back to the DRO for further review and a revised staff report. [Ord. 2018-002]..
ARTICLE 2 – APPLICATION PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES
HB 7103 LEGISLATION TO MODIFY TIMELINE FOR REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENT ORDERS
CR-2019-0015
(Updated 10/30/19)

1. To respond to recent changes to Florida law resulting from the 2019 Florida Legislative Session, whereas Florida House Bill 7103 was signed into law on June 28, 2019, which amends the Florida Statutes (F.S.) 125.022, Development Permits and orders. These amendments require amendments to Zoning application review procedures.

2. Include reference to the Zoning Technical Manual, for requirements of Sufficiency/Insufficiency of an application.

3. Amended Sufficiency Review to include a written notification to the Applicant consistent with F.S. 125.022.

4. Delete reference to the name of the document "Reason for Insufficiencies list", and only refer the Zoning Technical Manual where the list has been incorporated.

5. Modify reference to for Staff's written notification for insufficiency from a maximum of 10-calendar days and replace limitation of no more than 30-calendar days after an application is sufficient to be consistent with F.S.

6. Modify the requirements for an Applicant to address the list of insufficiencies to be no more than 30- calendar days after notification of the insufficiency pursuant to F.S. 125.022.

7. Delete reference to the submittal as indicated on the calendar as it is redundant language, and include reference the time extension be approved by the Zoning Director pursuant to Time Extension.

8. Modify to clarify the written request is for a time extension in order to address deficiencies of the application.

CHAPTER C ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESSES

Section 2 Sufficiency Review

A. Sufficiency

The DRO shall ensure the applications meet all Submittal requirements and the requests are consistent with Art. 2.A, General and the Zoning Technical Manual. If the application is determined to be sufficient by the DRO, the DRO shall provide written notification to the Applicant and the application shall be distributed to the applicable County Agencies for review pursuant to the procedures and standards of this Article. [Ord. 2018-002]

B. Insufficiency

If an application is determined to be insufficient pursuant to the Reasons for Insufficiencies listed in the Zoning Technical Manual, the DRO shall provide written notification to the Applicant specifying the deficiencies. The notification shall be forwarded to the Applicant within ten 30- calendar days from of the date of the Application's Submittal date. [Ord. 2018-002]

1. No further action shall be taken on the application until the deficiencies are remedied. [Ord. 2018-002]

2. The Applicant shall address all insufficiencies no more than 30-calendar days after the application was determined to be insufficient, and resubmit the application on the Submittal date of the next month pursuant to the Annual Zoning Calendar. [Ord. 2018-002]

3. If the application is amended and determined to be sufficient by the DRO, the application shall be processed for review. [Ord. 2018-002]
ARTICLE 2 – APPLICATION PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES

HB 7103 LEGISLATION TO MODIFY TIMELINE FOR REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENT ORDERS

CR-2019-0015
(Updated 10/30/19)

Part 6. ULDC Art. 2.C.4 Application Processes and Procedures, Administrative Processes, Review, Resubmittal and Final Decision (pages 43-44 of 101, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

4. If the deficiencies are not remedied in the next Submittal as indicated on the Annual Zoning Calendar, the DRO shall issue a second written notification to the Applicant indicating the application shall be considered withdrawn unless a written request for a time extension has been submitted and approved by the Zoning Director, pursuant to Art. 2.C.2.C, Time Extension. [Ord. 2018-002]

C. Time Extension

The Applicant may submit a written request for an extension of time to the Zoning Director should additional time be required to address unresolved deficiencies of the application. Such request shall be submitted to the Zoning Director no later than 5 days after the issuance of the second Insufficiency notification. [Ord. 2018-002]

D. Administrative Withdrawal

If the Applicant fails to address the insufficiencies or request and receive a time extension, it may result in an Administrative withdrawal of the application. [Ord. 2018-002]

CHAPTER C ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESSES

4. If the deficiencies are not remedied in the next Submittal as indicated on the Annual Zoning Calendar, the DRO shall issue a second written notification to the Applicant indicating the application shall be considered withdrawn unless a written request for a time extension has been submitted and approved by the Zoning Director, pursuant to Art. 2.C.2.C, Time Extension. [Ord. 2018-002]

C. Time Extension

The Applicant may submit a written request for an extension of time to the Zoning Director should additional time be required to address unresolved deficiencies of the application. Such request shall be submitted to the Zoning Director no later than 5 days after the issuance of the second Insufficiency notification. [Ord. 2018-002]

D. Administrative Withdrawal

If the Applicant fails to address the insufficiencies or request and receive a time extension, it may result in an Administrative withdrawal of the application. [Ord. 2018-002]

Notes:

Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ]. .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
ARTICLE 2 – APPLICATION PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES

HB 7103 LEGISLATION TO MODIFY TIMELINE FOR REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENT ORDERS

CR-2019-0015
(Updated 10/30/19)

A. Review

Staff review shall be based on applications that are deemed sufficient, and any subsequent resubmittals. The DRO shall prepare a list of issues and comments and make it available to the Applicant. The Applicant shall provide a written response and revised document(s), if applicable, addressing all outstanding issues and comments and revised document(s) by the next Resubmittal date indicated on the Annual Zoning Calendar. The written responses and revised document(s) shall address the issues and comments prepared by Staff and shall not significantly modify the application that was determined to be sufficient. [Ord. 2018-002]

1. Significant modifications shall include, but not limited to the following:
   a. Additional requests to the application; or
   b. Modifications to the site layout or submitted document(s) that would require a new review of the document(s) or impact the timing of a final decision by the DRO.

2. If the DRO determines that the revised requests and documents are significantly modified from the original request that was determined to be sufficient, the DRO shall provide a written notification to the Applicant describing what changes significantly modified the application. The Applicant shall:
   a. revise the requests and modify plans to eliminate the significant modification;
   b. submit a written request for a time extension to the Zoning Director to determine if the applications is still sufficient or if a new sufficiency review is required. Both parties may agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time; or,
   c. request withdrawal of the application.

B. Action by the DRO for DO Administrative Applications, except Type 1 Variance

The DRO shall either approve, approve with conditions, deny, withdraw or postpone each application after reviewing the recommendations and comments provided by the Agencies. The DRO shall not approve an application until it meets all applicable Code requirements, standards, policies, and if applicable, conditions of approval. [Ord. 2008-003] [Ord. 2009-040] [Ord. 2018-002]

1. Approved

If the resubmitted documents satisfy Code requirements and address the DRO’s list of outstanding issues and comments, the DRO shall issue a Result Letter indicating the approval of the application. [Ord. 2018-002][Relocated to Art 2.C.4.C Approved]

2. Not Approved

If the resubmitted revised document(s) fail to address all listed outstanding issues and comments, the DRO shall issue a Result List indicating that the application is not approved. [Ord. 2018-002]

a. Re-submittal Requirements

The Applicant shall provide a written response addressing all outstanding issues and comments for those applications that were not approved in a manner and form acceptable to the DRO. The revised document(s) shall be resubmitted on the Resubmittal date as established on the Annual Zoning Calendar. [Ord. 2008-003] [Ord. 2018-002]

Cb. Continuance or Postponement Time Extension

Applicant’s who have applications for a DO that are not approved within 120 calendar days of Sufficiency determination continued or postponed for more than six months by the DRO, must submit a written request and receive approval for an extension of time obtain approval from the Zoning Director within the 120-day calendar deadline. Both parties may agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time. All applications that have been continued or postponed for more than six months without approval from the Zoning Director shall be administratively withdrawn. [Ord. 2005-002] [Ord. 2018-002] [Ord. 2018-018]

C. Failure to address issues and comments

If the Applicant fails to address the listed outstanding issues and comments within the 120 calendar day deadline, and fails to request and receive approval for a reasonable request.

Notes:

- Underlined indicates new text.
- Strikten indicates text to be deleted. Strikten and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.


LDRAB/LDRC Meeting November 13, 2019 Page 79
D. Public Meeting Procedures for Type 1 Variance

1. Notification

Refer to Art. 2.B.5, Notification. [Ord. 2018-018]

2. Scheduling

Once an application has been certified by the DRO, the DRO shall schedule a public meeting in accordance with the dates established in the Annual Zoning Calendar and pursuant to the F.S., or such a time as is mutually agreed upon between the Applicant and the DRO. The scheduling of the application for public meeting shall ensure the public notice requirements are satisfied and a decision is rendered pursuant to F.S. [Ord. 2018-018]

a. Number of Meetings

The DRO shall hold at least one public meeting on applications that are subject to the Type 1 Variance process. [Ord. 2018-018]

3. Continuance or Postponement of the Meeting

The DRO conducting the public meeting, may on its own motion or at the request of an Applicant, consider an application be continued or postponed, when a decision can be rendered within the timeframe enumerated in the F.S., or if both parties agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time. The DRO shall determine if an application shall be postponed when an Applicant fails to submit a written request for postponement five days prior to the
ARTICLE 2 – APPLICATION PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES
HB 7103 LEGISLATION TO MODIFY TIMELINE FOR REVIEW OF DEVELOPMENT ORDERS
CR-2019-0015
(Updated 10/30/19)

1. Postponement by Right

An Applicant may submit a written request to the Zoning Director, no less than five days prior to the public meeting, for an application be postponed when a decision can be rendered within the timeframe enumerated in the F.S., or if both parties agree to a reasonable request for an extension of time. If the postponement is requested less than five days prior to the date of the scheduled meeting, the request for postponement shall be presented at the hearing and at the discretion of the DRO.

Part 7. ULDC Art. 2.G Application Processes and Procedures (pages 93-94 and 96 of 101, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments: [Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Modify the powers of the DRO Procedures to refer to the procedures described in Art 2.A, 2.B and 2.C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Modify the powers and duties of the Zoning Director to include time extension review and decision as it is currently required in Articles 2.A, 2.B and 2.C.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHAPTER G DECISION MAKING BODIES

Section 4 Staff Officials

G. Development Review Officer (DRO)

1. Establishment

There is hereby established a Development Review Officer (DRO).

2. Powers and Duties

The DRO shall have the following powers and duties under the provisions of this Code:

a. to coordinate all PAC and PAA; [Ord. 2018-002]

b. to accept, review, approve, and update all applicable application requirements; [Ord. 2018-002]

c. to accept and determine sufficiency of applications for review, certify and prepare staff reports recommending approval, approval with conditions, or denial of applications for rezonings, Class A and Class B Conditional Uses, Type 2 Waivers, and Type 2 Variances; [Ord. 2017-007] [Ord. 2018-002]

d. to accept applications for review and approve, approve with conditions, or deny applications for applications subject to Administrative processes pursuant to Table 2.C.3, DRO, Administrative Processes; [Ord. 2018-002]

e. to request other PBC officials and other agencies to provide factual information on applications for development permits as is deemed appropriate; [Ord. 2011-016] [Ord. 2018-002]

f. to review, consider and finalize Zoning Plans that were approved by the BCC or ZC; [Ord. 2018-002]

g. to hear, review, consider and approve, approve with conditions, or deny applications for development orders for Final Subdivision or Site Plans; [Ord. 2018-002]

h. to hear, review, consider and approve, approve with conditions, or deny applications for TDR’s for subdivisions requesting a two unit per acre or less density increase pursuant to Art. 5.G.3, Transfer of Development of Rights (TDRs) – Special Density Program; and, [Ord. 2018-002]

i. to hear, review, consider and approve, approve with conditions, or deny applications for TDR’s for subdivisions requesting a two unit per acre or less density increase pursuant to Art. 5.G.3, Transfer of Development of Rights (TDRs) – Special Density Program; and, [Ord. 2018-002]

3. Comments and Recommendations

a. The DRO may seek comments and recommendations from the following PBC departments and divisions, as well as other local government and state government agencies, as deemed appropriate by the DRO: [Ord. 2008-037]

1) Zoning Division;

2) Building Division; [Ord. 2018-002]

3) Department of Airports; [Ord. 2018-002]

4) Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) for Type 3 Excavation; [Ord. 2018-002]
ARTICLE 2 – APPLICATION PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES
HB 7103 LEGISLATION TO MODIFY TIMELINE FOR REVIEW OF
DEVELOPMENT ORDERS
CR-2019-0005
(Updated 10/30/19)

4. Procedures
a. DRO
The Executive Director of PZB shall designate a DRO for overseeing different types of Zoning applications and processes. [Ord. 2018-002]

b. Secretary
The DRO shall designate a Secretary. The Secretary shall maintain all records of the DRO. The records shall be stored with the agency serving as Secretary herein, and shall be available for inspection by the public, upon reasonable request, during normal business hours.

c. Staff
The Zoning Division of PZB shall be the professional staff for the DRO.

d. Certification for Public Hearing Processes
All actions shall require certification by the DRO shall be in accordance with the procedures established in Article 2.A, General and 2.B, Public Hearing Processes. The DRO shall only withhold approval when an application fails to meet a Code standard based upon a recommendation from an affected agency. [Ord. 2018-002]

e. Approval for Administrative Processes
All actions shall require approval by the DRO shall be in accordance with the procedures established in Article 2.A, General and 2.C, Administrative Processes. The DRO shall only withhold approval when an application fails to meet a Code standard based upon a recommendation from an affected agency. [Ord. 2018-002]

f. Record of DRO
Upon request, the DRO may provide, at cost, copies of recommendations upon which a decision is based.

g. Appeal
Appeal of any decision of the DRO shall be made to the DRAB based on the requirements in Art. 2.A.14.C.2.b, Administrative DO, unless stated otherwise. [Ord. 2011-016]

N. Zoning Director
1. Creation and Appointment
The Zoning Director of PZB shall be the division head of the Zoning Division of PZB, and shall be appointed and serve at the pleasure of the Executive Director of PZB.

2. Jurisdiction, Authority and Duties
In addition to the jurisdiction, authority and duties which may be conferred upon the Zoning Director by other provisions of PBC Code, the Zoning Director shall have the following jurisdictions, authority and duties under this Code:

a. to set the Annual Zoning Calendar, as required by Art. 2.A, General;

b. to recommend annually any necessary amendments to this Code;

c. to submit AI to the BCC pursuant to Art. 2.C.S.J., Administrative Inquiry (AI). [Ord. 2011-016] [Ord. 2018-002]
d. to review and approve or deny applications for Adequate Public Facilities (Concurrency);

[Ord. 2016-016]
e. to revoke or suspend, if necessary, any development order or permit which was issued in violation of this Code; and, [Ord. 2016-016] [Ord. 2018-002]

f. to oversee the preservation and maintenance of vegetation not covered under the provisions of Art. 14, Environmental Standards, through design review, conditions of approval and inspections. [Ord. 2016-016]
g. review and approve or deny requests for time extensions described under Art 2.A. General, Art 2.B Public Hearing Processes; Art. 2.C Administrative Processes, and Art. 2.D ULDC Privately Initiated Amendment.
EXHIBIT J

ARTICLE 2.E – MONITORING

CR-2018-0048
(Updated 10/28/19)

Part 1. ULDC Art. 2.E, Application Processes and Procedures, Monitoring (page 44 of 111, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Planning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Add reference to definition of Community Development District as described in the Florida Statutes Section 190.003.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Add Acronym for Community Development District as CDD.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHAPTER I DEFINITIONS AND ACRONYMS

2. ....

Section 2 Definitions

4. C. Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:

45. Communication Tower Users List – an official list of commercial communication tower service providers, maintained by the Development Review Officer, to assist new users to locate existing sites to encourage collocation, pursuant to Art. 4.B.9.E, Eligible Facilities Request for Modification. [Ord. 2009-040] [Ord. 2017-007]

46. Community Development District – Refer to F.S. ch. 190 for applicability.

47. Community Water System – for the purposes of Art. 15.B, PBC Environmental Control Rule II – Drinking Water Supply Systems, a public water system which serves at least 15 service connections by year round residents or which serves at least 25 year round residents. .... [Renumber accordingly]

Section 3 Abbreviations and Acronyms

....

CAH Commission on Affordable Housing
CC Community Commercial [Ord. 2005-002]
CCRT Countywide Community Revitalization Team
CDD Community Development District
CES Cooperative Extension Service [Ord. 2013-021]

Part 2. ULDC Art. 2.E, Application Processes and Procedures, Monitoring (pages 61-71 of 101, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Planning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Delete existing language in Article 2.E, and replace with new language.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHAPTER E MONITORING

Section 1– General

A. Purpose and Intent

1. It is the intent of the BCC to provide for the public health, safety and welfare by establishing procedures for mandatory review of certain development orders. F.S. ch. 163, pt. II, entitled “Local Government Comprehensive Planning and Land Development Regulations Act” provides that all development regulations shall be consistent with the adopted Plan. F.S. ch. 163 further provides that public facilities and services shall be available concurrent with the impacts of development. Pursuant to F.S. ch. 163, the Plan requires that the applicant for all development orders or permits must demonstrate that the necessary public facilities and services are available. To ensure the availability of facilities and services to proposed developments, it is necessary that developments that have reserved capacity proceed in the prescribed time. Systematic monitoring and subsequent review of approved development orders will help implement the goals within the Plan by:

a. Preserving the availability of public facilities and services for proposed development by removing capacity reserved for inactive development;

b. Minimizing the creation of an artificially inflated inventory of residential, commercial, and industrial development;

Notes:

Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.

If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
ARTICLE 2.E – MONITORING
CR-2018-0048
(Updated 10/28/19)

EXHIBIT J

A. Suspension of Development Orders
1. Upon expiration of any time period established by this Code or for any failure to comply with, or continued violation of a condition of development approval, except for a condition imposed by the DRO, or a condition for which a complete administrative time extension application has been submitted, or a variance, no new development orders affecting the property shall be issued by PBC, and no action which might tend to vest the development order shall be permitted, except as permitted by Art. 2.E.2.D, Failure to Comply with Conditions or Time Requirements other than for a DRO Imposed Condition of Approval. This suspension shall apply to those approved prior to or subsequent to the effective date of this amendment.

B. Applicability
1. This Article shall apply to:
   a. All development orders with a time requirement for completing one or more actions as identified in Table 2.E.3.B, Time Limitation of Development Order for Each Phase, or in the development process as required by specific Articles of this Code; and
   b. All development orders identified in Table 2.E.3.B, Time Limitation of Development Order for Each Phase, with conditions of approval.
2. The following are exempt from this Article:
   a. Any development order in whole or in part, that applies to lands that are owned by a unit of local, state, and/or federal government, provided that the development order is utilized for buildings or facilities that are owned by a government entity and support customary government operations and/or delivery of public services; [Ord. 2005-002] [Ord. 2007-013]
   b. Any development order initiated by staff at the direction of the BCC after a review pursuant to this Article; and
   c. Any development order for a rezoning of a single lot to a residential zoning district that corresponds to the minimum density permitted in the Plan Future Land Use designation for that lot, provided there is no concurrency reservation or concurrency exemption for the property.
3. For development orders which are subject to the requirements of this Article, the time limitations shall apply to those approved prior to or subsequent to the effective date of this amendment.

Notes:

- Underlined indicates new text.
- Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
2. This suspension of development rights shall have the following effect on new petitions and code enforcement actions:
   a. If the property owner files a new petition, no new development orders shall be issued until
      the completion of the zoning process except the development order which approves the
      petition.
   b. If the BCC or ZC directs staff to cite the property owner for violating the provisions of the
      development order, no new development orders shall be issued until the alleged violation
      has been ruled upon by the Code Enforcement Special Masters, and any enforcement
      action is completed, or penalty is satisfied. This shall not, however, preclude compliance
      with the specific condition cited in the status report after the BCC or ZC has directed the
      Code Enforcement Division to cite the property owner for noncompliance with that
      condition.

3. Upon the expiration of any time period except for a time period to comply with a condition of
   approval imposed by the DRO, or when a complete administrative time extension application
   for a time certain condition of approval has been submitted, upon reasonable cause to believe
   that a property owner has not complied with a condition or a condition of development approval
   has been violated, or a variance has not been utilized, a document shall be filed with the clerk
   of the circuit court to be placed with the records governing title to the affected property except
   as provided in Art. 2 E 2 A, Suspension of Development Orders, herein. This document may
   apply only to that portion of the property related to the expired time period, or any condition
   violated. The document shall give record notice that: [Ord. 2005-002] [Ord. 2007-003]
   a. A condition of development has been violated or a time certain activity has not proceeded
      as required.
   b. A review of the project will be conducted pursuant to terms of this Section;
   c. Until the review is completed, no new development orders shall be issued by PBC; and
      no action which might tend to vest the development order shall be permitted; and
   d. Such other information as may be reasonable and necessary to afford adequate record
      notice of the effect of this Section on the rights of property owners.

4. If the BCC, ZC, or the Executive Director of PZB approves further development pursuant to Art.
   2 E 2 B, Administrative Extension of Time, and Art. 2 E 2 D, Failure to Comply with Conditions
   or Time Requirements other than for a DRO Imposed Condition of Approval, herein, a second
   document shall be filed with the clerk of the circuit court to be placed with the records governing
   title to the property indicating:
   a. That the rights to develop have been restored;
   b. Such other information as may be reasonable and necessary to afford adequate record
      notice of the effect of this Section on the rights of property owners; and
   c. This document shall only be recorded upon 1) payment of all status report fees as
      established from time to time by the BCC; 2) payment of any outstanding liens or debts
      owed on the subject property to PBC (not required for administrative time extensions for
      time certain conditions of approval); and 3) reinstatement of an expired standard
      development agreement if required to comply with adequate public facility standards. [Ord.
      2005-002]

The status report fee may be waived if:
   1) the property owner is a government agency;
   2) the property owner is prevented from complying by a government-caused delay or by
      litigation that would prevent action by the property owner to bring the approval into
      compliance.
   a) In the event litigation contesting the validity of lien or fine is initiated or pending
      prior to the time this payment is due, the document shall be recorded and payment
      of the lien or fine, if upheld by the court, shall be deferred until 35 days after Final
      Order. If the lien or fine is upheld by the court but the fine is not paid on or before
      the 35th day, a new notice of intent to withhold development permits shall be filed.
   b) If the BCC or ZC directs staff to cite the property owner for violating the provisions of the
      time certain conditions of approval); and 3) reinstatement of an expired standard
      development agreement if required to comply with adequate public facility standards. [Ord.
      2005-002]

5. There will be no suspension of development rights if the only recommendation in the status
   report to the BCC or ZC is to delete a condition of approval.

B. Administrative Extension of Time
1. The owner of record, the current agent, or mortgagor demonstrating a secured interest in the
   property which is not being protected by the owner may file an application with the Executive
   Director of PZB for an administrative extension of time. The application shall be made upon
   such forms and in such a manner, including payment of fees, as prescribed by the PZB.

2. Upon the filing of an application for an administrative extension of time, the Executive Director,
or other person designated by this Code, may grant an extension of time to comply with a
requirement. A time extension shall commence upon the expiration of the date to comply with
the time certain conditions of approval, and any enforcement action which might tend to vest
the development order shall be permitted. Conditions as required;

3. The status report fee may be waived if:
   a) In the event litigation contesting the validity of lien or fine is initiated or pending
      prior to the time this payment is due, the document shall be recorded and payment
      of the lien or fine, if upheld by the court, shall be deferred until 35 days after Final
      Order. If the lien or fine is upheld by the court but the fine is not paid on or before
      the 35th day, a new notice of intent to withhold development permits shall be filed.
   b) If the BCC or ZC directs staff to cite the property owner for violating the provisions of the
      time certain conditions of approval); and 3) reinstatement of an expired standard
      development agreement if required to comply with adequate public facility standards. [Ord.
      2005-002]
ARTICLE 2.E – MONITORING
CR-2018-0048
(Updated 10/28/19)

EXHIBIT J

of approval with a time certain project buildout date may be provided an additional 90 days if a complete building permit application has been submitted to the Building Division prior to this deadline. The maximum duration of an administrative time extension is as follows: [Ord. 2007-001]

a. Development Order

Table 2.E.3.B, Time Limitations of Development Order for Each Phase, provides the maximum length of each administrative time extension for each development order governed by this Code except when there is a government caused delay. When such a delay is documented, the Executive Director of PZB shall grant such extensions as necessary to offset government caused delays, not necessarily equal to the time of the delay, and each extension shall be based only on a delay that has already occurred. It is the responsibility of the property owner to notify staff in writing of the delay, and document the cause of the delay, however, no application or fee will be required.

b. Conditions of Approval not Requiring the Posting of Performance Security Pursuant to Art. 12.C.2, Conditions

An administrative extension shall not exceed 12 months, with the exception of time certain project buildout date condition(s) as mandated by the Traffic Performance Standards. An administrative extension for a project buildout date condition may be granted up to the Buildout Period assumed in the Traffic Study submitted with the application, provided that it has been reviewed and approved by the County Engineer and that no additional conditions of approval are necessary to comply with the Traffic Performance Standards. If additional conditions of approval are required, the request for time extension through the new project buildout year shall be submitted in the form of a Development Order Amendment to the BCC or ZC, as appropriate, for approval. Subsequent applications may be filed however, the total administrative extensions approved shall not exceed 24 months except 1) for project buildout date conditions and 2) when government-caused delays can be documented as the reason for failure to meet required deadlines. The Executive Director of PZB shall grant such extensions as necessary to offset government-caused delays, not necessarily equal to the time of the delay, and each extension shall be based only on a delay that has already occurred. It is the responsibility of the property owner to notify staff in writing of the delay, and document the cause of the delay, however, no application or fee will be required. If the BCC has previously approved a time extension, any administrative extensions of time shall not extend more than 24 months from the original date for compliance except 1) for project buildout date conditions and 2) when there have been government-caused delays. If government caused delay has prevented compliance with a condition of approved which is due prior to the issuance of a building permit or certificate of completion, the compliance deadline may extended to a specific date. The condition will then be subject to the review requirements of this Section for time certain conditions of approval. [Ord. 2007-001]

a. Conditions of Approval Requiring the Posting of Performance Security pursuant to Art. 12.C.2, Conditions

A one-time administrative time extension not to exceed six months shall be the maximum. [Ord. 2005-002][Ord. 2007-001]

3. In reviewing applications for administrative time extensions for requirements other than conditions of approval and variances, the Executive Director of PZB shall approve a time extension provided there are no current Code violations or outstanding liens or fines and the development order. [Ord. 2007-001]

a. It is consistent with the Plan;

b. It is consistent with the Code; and

c. Any changed circumstances, which may have interfered with the ability of the property owner to meet the time certain requirement;

d. Actions of other parties that may have precluded compliance;

e. The existence of extraordinary mitigating factors; and


4. In reviewing applications for administrative time extensions for compliance with conditions of approval, the Executive Director of PZB shall consider the following:

a. Attempts by the applicant to complete the unfulfilled condition;

b. The reliance by other parties on the timely performance of activity;

c. Any changed circumstances, which may have interfered with the ability of the property owner to meet the time certain requirement;

d. Action of other parties that may have precluded compliance;

e. The existence of extraordinary mitigating factors; and


5. In reviewing applications for administrative extensions for variances, the criteria listed in Art. 2.E.2.B.4.a-f shall apply. [Ord. 2007-001]

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
6. When the extension of time is for the payment of fees, the amount due shall increase by an interest payment equal to the rate established by F.S. §55.03. The interest rate established at the time an extension is approved shall remain the same until the fee is paid. If the extension covers a period less than a year, the interest shall be prorated. [Ord. 2007-001]

7. When the Executive Director of PZB approves an extension of time for completion of a time certain requirement, he/she may require the property owner to guarantee the completion by furnishing a cash deposit, letter of credit, or surety bond. [Ord. 2007-001]

C. Appeal

An appeal of a denial of an administrative time extension may be made to the BCC for development orders approved by the BCC or ZC, and to the DRAB for conditions imposed by the DRO and to the hearing officer for variances. An appeal shall be made upon request presented by the department within 30 days of the mailing of the notice that the request for an administrative extension has been denied. [Ord. 2007-001]

1. The appeal shall be set on the BCC agenda within 60 days of receipt by the department. The BCC shall either affirm the decision of the department or grant an extension of time. This decision shall be made within 60 days of the date the appeal first appears on an agenda of the BCC unless a longer postponement is requested by the property owner. An extension of time may be granted only upon a finding by the BCC that the requirements of Art. 2.E.2.B. Administrative Extension of Time, have been satisfied.

2. An appeal to the DRAB shall be made pursuant to Art. 2.A.14.C.2.b, Administrative DO. [Ord. 2010-022]

D. Failure to Comply with Conditions or Time Requirements other than for a DRO Imposed Condition of Approval

1. Scheduling of Status Reports

If a property owner fails to comply with a time requirement and has not received a time extension, staff shall advertise a status report public hearing for the Board (BCC or ZC) that approved the Development Order. If a property owner violates a condition of approval, staff may advertise a status report public hearing for the Board (BCC or ZC) that approved the Development Order. The hearing shall be held within 90 days of the filing of the notice required by Art. 2.E.2.A. Suspension of Development Orders. Staff may delay the scheduling of the status report public hearing if, prior to the most recent deadline for compliance, the property owner files for an amended or new Development Order which may affect the time requirement or any condition being violated. If the new application is approved and the time requirement has not been affected, or if the application is denied, staff will place the status report on a BCC or ZC agenda within 65 days of the approval of the new application. Staff will not delay scheduling of the status report when the property owner fails to comply with a Development Order Condition of Approval that is required for compliance with Traffic Performance Standards. [Ord. 2010-022]

2. Status Report Review Criteria

The status report shall contain:

a. a description of the development order;

b. a summary of the background and current status of the development including any documentation provided to staff of efforts to comply with the requirement, or circumstances beyond the control and cause of the property owner, other than economic conditions, which have prevented compliance;

c. a description of any Code violations;

d. a description of any uncompleted conditions or time certain requirements;

e. a review of criteria set forth in Art. 2.E.2.B. Administrative Extension of Time, for status reports prepared for failure to comply with a condition of approval;

f. a description of any violation of a condition of approval and circumstances related to the violation; and
g. a determination of whether the development order is consistent with the Plan and is consistent with the Code.

3. Status Report – Additional Criteria

After the expiration of time extensions totaling four or more years approved by the BCC or ZC, the BCC or ZC may consider changed circumstances and compatibility issues.

4. Staff Recommendations


5. Procedures

Consideration of all actions permitted by Art. 2.E.2.D.8.b, except a rezoning shall occur in the following manner: [Ord. 2005-002]
a. Public Hearing
   At least one public hearing shall be held by the ZC or by the BCC, as applicable.

b. Mail Notice
   The owner of record shall be notified in writing of the Executive Director’s status report and
   recommendation to the BCC or ZC. Written notice shall consist of a letter sent at least 14
   calendar days prior to the hearing by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last
   known address of the owner of record as it appears in the official records of the PBC
   Property Appraiser’s Office. In the event that the owner fails to acknowledge receipt of mail notice or the notice is returned
   unopened, newspaper publication, as set forth below, shall be deemed sufficient notice.

   Written notice shall include:
   1) A statement that the time period has expired or that a condition of approval has been
      violated and that the development shall be subject to review;
   2) The Executive Director’s recommendation to the BCC or ZC;
   3) A statement that review may result in one or more of the actions identified in Art.
   4) Notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing before the BCC or ZC, during which
      the report and recommendation of the Executive Director of PZB will be heard;
   5) A statement of the owner’s right to appear and to present relevant information to rebut
      or to supplement the report of the Executive Director of PZB; and
   6) Such other information as may be necessary and appropriate to accomplish the goals
      of this Section.

c. Newspaper Publication
   Notice of the hearing shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in accordance with F.S. § 125.66(2)(a). Notice shall be published at least ten days prior to the hearing.

   6. Procedures for Rezoning Less than Ten Acres
      Consideration of all rezonings on properties less than ten contiguous acres, by the BCC, shall
      occur in the following manner. [Ord. 2005-002]

a. Public Hearing
   Prior to consideration of all rezonings on properties of ten or more contiguous acres by the
   BCC, shall be held at least one public hearing on a proposed amendment to the
   boundaries of the Official Zoning Map.

b. Mail Notice
   The BCC shall be notified in writing of the Executive Director’s status report and
   recommendation to the BCC and shall be noticed in accordance with F.S. § 125.66(4)(b)3.
   Written notice shall consist of a letter sent at least 30 calendar days prior to both the first
   and second hearings by certified mail, return receipt requested to the last known address
   of the owner of record as it appears in the official records of the PBC Property Appraisers
   Office. In the event that the owner fails to acknowledge receipt of mail notice or the notice
   is returned unopened, newspaper publication, as set forth below, shall be deemed
   sufficient notice. Written notice shall include the items as stated in Art. 2.E.2.D.8.b.1)-6).

   "Procedures for Rezoning Ten or More Acres"
      Prior to consideration of all rezonings on properties of ten or more contiguous acres by the
      BCC, notice to the owner of record and advertisement of the proceedings shall occur in the
      following manner. [Ord. 2005-002]

a. Public Hearing
   The BCC shall hold two public hearings on a proposed amendment to the boundaries of the
   Official Zoning Map when the amendment would affect ten or more contiguous acres
   of total unincorporated land area. The second public hearing shall be held at least ten
   calendar days after the first public hearing in accordance with F.S. § 125.66(4)(b)1.

b. Mail Notice
   The owner of record shall be notified in writing of the Executive Director’s status report and
   recommendation to the BCC and shall be notified in accordance with F.S. § 125.66(4)(b)3.
   Written notice shall consist of a letter sent at least 30 calendar days prior to both the first
   and second hearings by certified mail, return receipt requested to the last known address
   of the owner of record as it appears in the official records of the PBC Property Appraisers
   Office. In the event that the owner fails to acknowledge receipt of mail notice or the notice
   is returned unopened, newspaper publication, as set forth below, shall be deemed

6) Such other information as may be necessary and appropriate to accomplish the goals
   of this Section.
ARTICLE 2.E – MONITORING
CR-2018-0048
(Updated 10/28/19)

8. Decision of the BCC or ZC for Failure to Comply with the Following:

Time requirements to commence development, utilize a Conditional Use, or record a plat, or
[Ord. 2007-001][Ord. 2017-007]

a. The BCC or ZC shall consider the factors enumerated in Art. 2.E.2.D.2, Status Report

b. After deliberation, the BCC or ZC shall take one or more of the following actions:

1) Grant a time extension:

a) To commence development, utilize a Conditional Use, or record a plat for a period
not to exceed 36 months. The term of the time extension shall commence upon
the expiration of the date to complete the time certain activity, or the expiration
of the last extension, whichever is applicable. A time extension shall only be granted
if the development order is consistent with the Plan and the Code. Options, which
may be used to cause the Development Order to be consistent, include revocation
of Concurrency and the amendment of Conditions of Approval. [Ord. 2005-002]
[Ord. 2008-003][Ord. 2017-007]

b) To comply with a condition of approval for a period not to exceed 24 months with
the exception of time certain project buildout date condition(s) as mandated by the
Traffic Performance Standards. A project buildout date condition may receive
approval of a time extension up the Buildout Period assumed in the Traffic Study.
The term of the time extension shall commence upon the expiration of the date to
complete the time certain activity, or the expiration of the last extension, whichever
is applicable. When the BCC or ZC approves an extension of time for the payment
of fees, the amount due shall increase by an interest payment equal to the rate
established by F.S. § 55.03. The interest rate established at the time an extension
is approved shall remain the same until the fee is paid. If the extension covers a
period less than a year, the interest shall be prorated. [Ord. 2007-001]

2) Adopt a resolution which will rezone the property to an appropriate zoning district;

3) Adopt a resolution which will revoke or amend the approval for all or a portion of the
Conditional Use, special exception or development order amendment. [Ord. 2017-007]

4) Adopt a resolution, which will impose additional or modified conditions, voluntary
commitments, or permit the property owner to initiate a petition to add or modify
conditions or voluntary commitments, as directed by the BCC or ZC. New or modified
conditions or voluntary commitments, shall include bringing the development into
conformity with current Codes and regulations;

5) Direct staff to cite the property owner for violating the provisions of this Code;

6) Adopt a resolution to amend or revoke the development order or map amendment for
the undeveloped or unplatted portion of the project;

7) Exempt from further review of any development order which rezoned property to a
district which does not exceed the density or intensity permitted by the Plan Future
Land Use designation, provided there is no concurrency reservation or exemption for
the property. This exemption may be applied to any advertised status report after
adoption of this amendment, and/or

8) Deny or revoke a building permit, issue a stop work order; deny or revoke a CO on any
building or structure; revoke any concurrency; deny or revoke any permit, license or
approval for any developer, owner, lessee, or user of the subject property;

9) If the BCC or ZC fails to act on staff recommendations within the prescribed time period,
or if the Executive Director of PZB grants an administrative time extension, the issuance
of new development orders shall immediately resume.

d) The decision of the BCC or ZC shall be rendered within 65 days of the originally advertised
public hearing, provided that the property owner has not requested a postponement of the

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text.
Strikethrough indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.

If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
ARTICLE 2.E – MONITORING
CR-2018-0048
(Updated 10/28/19)

Section 3 – Supplementary Regulations for Classes of Development Orders

A. Classes of Development Approvals

Unless otherwise established in the development order, the timeframes provided in Table 2.E.3.B, Time Limitation of Development Order for Each Phase, apply. Permitted time frames do not change with successive owners.

B. Effect of Phasing on Time Frames for Receipt of a Required Permit or Commencement of a Required Action

1. Residential District (Non-PDD or TDD) PUD and TND Districts

The development order and master plan or final subdivision plan for the Residential District (Non-PDD or TDD) PUD, or TND Districts, may provide for phasing. Table 2.E.3.B, Time Limitation of Development Order for Each Phase, provides time requirements for recording plats.

Notes:
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
2. **Conditional Use, PDDs other than PUDs, TTDs and TMDs**

The final site plan/ final subdivision plan for Conditional Use, PDDs other than PUDs, TTDs, or TMDs, may provide for phasing. Table 2.E.3.B, Time Limitation of Development Order for Each Phase, provides the maximum number of phases permitted for each type of development order. If there are multiple phases for the first phase shall contain a minimum of 20 percent of the land area and the first and second phases shall contain a combined minimum of 40 percent of the land area unless otherwise approved in the development order approved by the BCC or ZC. A TMD in the U/S Tier shall include a minimum of 25 percent residential/non-residential of the total project. Art. 2.E.3.B.3.b., Final Site Plan or Final Subdivision Plan, also provides time requirements for commencement of development. [Ord. 2006-004] [Ord. 2007-001] [Ord. 2017-007]

3. **Effect of Modification to a Development Order on the Time Requirements of this Section**

a. **PDD or Conditional Use**

1) Administrative modification of a site plan does not alter original time certain requirement.

2) BCC or ZC modification to development orders may include a condition of approval which provides a new time for commencement of development or to record a plat (up to the maximum time permitted for a new development order) if the modification and all undeveloped areas of the project are determined to meet all requirements for approval of a development order for a new project.

b. **Final Site Plan or Final Subdivision Plan**

A modification to a site plan or subdivision plan shall only establish a new time to commence development or record a plat as provided in Table 2.E.3.B, Time Limitation of Development Order for Each Phase, if the site plan or subdivision plan is certified based on a determination of compliance with all current Code requirements, including concurrence.

### Table 2.E.3.B – Time Limitation of Development Order for Each Phase

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Development Order</th>
<th>Maximum Number of Phases</th>
<th>Next Required Action or Development Order</th>
<th>Maximum Time to Receive Development Permit or Commence Development</th>
<th>Maximum Length of Administrative Time Extension</th>
<th>Action upon Failure to Comply with Time Requirement without an Approved Time Extension</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rezoning from Residential to Non-Planned Development District (PDD), or Traditional Development District (TDD), (including any associated variance(s))</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Record plat or affidavit of plat survey or commence development (1)</td>
<td>Three-years (2)(7)</td>
<td>Twelve-months (9)</td>
<td>BCC review pursuant to subsections Art. 2.E.2.A, Suspension of Development Orders and Art. 2.E.2.D, Failure to Comply with Conditions herein</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rezoning from Non-Residential to Standard Zoning District (including any associated variance(s))</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Commence development (1)</td>
<td>Three-years (2)(7)</td>
<td>Twenty-four months</td>
<td>BCC review pursuant to subsections Art. 2.E.2.A, Suspension of Development Orders and Art. 2.E.2.D, Failure to Comply with Conditions herein</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditional Uses (including any associated variance(s))</td>
<td>2 (4)</td>
<td>Commence development or utilize Conditional Use if construction is required (1)</td>
<td>Three-years (2)(7)</td>
<td>Twenty-four months</td>
<td>BCC review pursuant to subsections Art. 2.E.2.A, Suspension of Development Orders and Art. 2.E.2.D, Failure to Comply with Conditions herein</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Residential PDD</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Commence development (1)</td>
<td>Three-years (2)(7)</td>
<td>Twenty-four months</td>
<td>BCC review pursuant to subsections Art. 2.E.2.A, Suspension of Development Orders and Art. 2.E.2.D, Failure to Comply with Conditions herein</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PDD: PUD; TDD: TND (including any associated variance(s))</td>
<td>No maximum</td>
<td>Record plat (6)(8)</td>
<td>Three-years (2)(7)</td>
<td>Twelve-months (9)</td>
<td>BCC review pursuant to subsections Art. 2.E.2.A, Suspension of Development Orders and Art. 2.E.2.D, Failure to Comply with Conditions herein</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**

- Underlined indicates new text.
- Strikethrough indicates text to be deleted. Strikethrough italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
## ARTICLE 2.E – MONITORING

**CR-2018-0048** *(Updated 10/28/19)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TDD including any associated variance(s)</th>
<th>TMD in the AGR Tier</th>
<th>Commence development (1)</th>
<th>Development Orders which at the time of TDD Review and Approval are not associated with any development order that is subject to the requirements of Art. 2.E, Monitoring (those listed above)</th>
<th>Non Concurrent Variances</th>
<th>Record plat</th>
<th>Commence development</th>
<th>Require action within 90 days or fail to comply with Conditions herein</th>
<th>BCC review pursuant to subsections Art. 2.E.2.A, Suspension of Development Orders and Art. 2.E.2.D, Failure to Comply with Conditions herein</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TMD in Aust. Tier</td>
<td>2 (10)</td>
<td>Four years (5)(7)</td>
<td>No extensions permitted</td>
<td></td>
<td>Three years (3)(7)</td>
<td>Twelve months (9)</td>
<td>Plan null and void for the undeveloped phases of a site plan and unplatted phases of a subdivision plan</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TMD in all other Tiers and TDD</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Four years (5)(7)</td>
<td>No extensions permitted</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No maximum</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Plan null and void for the undeveloped phases of a site plan and unplatted phases of a subdivision plan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Development Orders which at the time of TDD Review and Approval are not associated with any development order that is subject to the requirements of Art. 2.E, Monitoring (those listed above)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site Plan</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Four years (5)(7)</td>
<td>No extensions permitted</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Subdivision Plan: Non-Residential</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Four years (5)(7)</td>
<td>No extensions permitted</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Subdivision Plan: Residential</td>
<td>No maximum</td>
<td>Record plat</td>
<td>Three years (3)(7)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non Concurrent Variances</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>One-year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Record plat</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Three years (3)(7)</td>
<td>No extensions permitted</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Require action within 90 days or fail to comply with Conditions herein</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Plan null and void for the undeveloped phases of a site plan and unplatted phases of a subdivision plan</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Notes:

- **Italicized** indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets.
- **Underlined** indicates new text.
- **Stricken** indicates text to be deleted. **Stricken and italicized** means text to be totally or partially relocated.

**Updated**: October 28, 2019.

**PLAT APPLICATIONS**

**Correction to DRI Completion Date** *(Updated 10/28/19)*

For projects with less than 1,500 residential units, the total number of dwelling units in the recorded plat(s) in at least 10 percent of the total number of residential units *(Ord. 2008-003)*

For projects of 1,500 or more residential units, record one or more plat(s) such that the total number of dwelling units in the recorded plat(s) is at least 150 residential units. *(Ord. 2008-003)*

For plat applications filed prior to July 24, 2008 shall 1) result in the plat(s) being recorded by August 24, 2008, or comply with those listed above.

For projects of 1,500 or more residential units, record one or more plat(s) such that the total number of dwelling units in the recorded plat(s) is at least 150 residential units. *(Ord. 2008-003)*

For plat applications filed prior to July 24, 2008 shall 1) result in the plat(s) being recorded by August 24, 2008, or comply with those listed above.

### Notes:

- **Underlined** indicates new text.
- **Stricken** indicates text to be deleted. **Stricken and italicized** means text to be totally or partially relocated.

If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets *[Relocated to: ]*. **Italicized** indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets *[Relocated from: ]*. **...** A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
EXHIBIT J

ARTICLE 2.E – MONITORING
CR-2018-0048
(Updated 10/28/19)

Part 3. ULDC Art. 2.E, Application Processes and Procedures, Monitoring (page 61 of 101, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Planning]

1. Update the Purpose and Intent to reflect the current Monitoring functions. New Article 2.E, Monitoring of Development Orders and conditions of approval, replaces existing Art. 2.E, Monitoring in its entirety.

2. Clarify and detail the exact processes that the Monitoring Section undertakes relative to BCC approvals and other ULDC requirements; to ensure BCC policy relating to the timeliness of development orders are met. This in part implements the County Directive in the Comprehensive Plan for Growth Management to control the timing and phasing of development, and is a critical component of the Managed Growth Tier System of the Plan. Specifically, in Future Land Use Element (FLUE) Objective 1.1-8., “Provide development timing and phasing mechanisms in order to prioritize the delivery of adequate facilities and services to correct deficiencies in existing communities and accommodate projected growth in a timely and cost effective manner.” Finally, the Plan directs that PZB “along with appropriate operating departments, shall monitor existing and projected levels of service through the Concurrency Management System,” per FLUE Policy 3.5-e.

3. Add clarification that Chapter E (Monitoring) functions do not apply to non-PDD rezoning that is not accompanied by a use approval and/or site plan. Without a specific use or site plan approval, any straight zoned parcel would automatically be consistent with Future Land Use designation, and therefore not be subject to revocation (thus, not under the purview of the Monitoring Section). However, this is not expressly stated in current Code language.

4. Added CDDs and FLUA Amendments with conditions of approval for clarification.

CHAPTER E MONITORING OF DEVELOPMENT ORDERS (DO) AND CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Section 1. General

A. Purpose and Intent
The purpose of this Chapter is to establish procedures to ensure compliance with Development Orders (DOs) and conditions of approval in a timely manner, through a mandatory review process. The procedures create a system that ensures compliance with conditions of approval, timely commencement and completion of development; and revocation or modification of development approvals. The intent of monitoring DOs and conditions of approval (including buildout) is to preserve the availability of public facilities and services for proposed future development, require compliance with improved performance and site design standards, and ensure that DOs are implemented in a timely manner. The intent of monitoring Community Development District (CDD) and FLUA ordinance conditions is to ensure that conditions imposed by the BCC are met in a timely manner and to provide a mechanism to address the violation.

B. Applicability
1. This Chapter shall apply to:
   a. All DOs with a time limitation for conditions of approval, or as a part of the development process as required by specific Articles of this Code;
   b. All DOs as required by the ULDC;
   c. All CDD ordinances with conditions of approval; and,
   d. All FLUA ordinances with conditions of approval.

2. Responsibilities
   a. The Applicant or owner shall communicate with the responsible agency, and demonstrate completion of the applicable conditions of approval.
   b. Upon completion of the conditions of approval, PZB will allow issuance of the building permit or relevant event to occur.
   c. Projects not meeting conditions of approval due dates or event action shall be subject to the provisions set forth in Art. 2.E.3, Procedures for Compliance.

C. Exemptions
1. Any DOs in whole or in part, that apply to lands that are owned by a unit of local, state, and/or federal government, provided that the DO is utilized for buildings or facilities that are owned by a government entity and support customary government operations and/or delivery of public services;

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text. Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ]. .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
2. Any DOs for a rezoning of a single lot to a Residential Zoning District for a Single Family residential use; and,

3. A rezoning to a standard Zoning District, unless it has a COZ.

Section 2. Monitoring Elements

A. Commencement of Development

Approved DOs shall be monitored for commencement of development. Commencement of development shall consist of the following requirements:

1. For development with a single building, the first inspection approval for the foundation of the structure;
2. For development with multiple buildings, the first inspection approval for the first component of the primary structure;
3. For residential development, the subdivision of land into parcels through the recording of a plat;
4. For Type 3 Excavation sites, extraction of minerals for commercial purposes.

B. Commencement of Development is not:

1. Demolition of a structure;
2. Deposit of refuse, solid or liquid waste; or fill on the parcel, unless the DO is exclusively and specifically for such a use; or;
3. Clearing of land.

C. Time Limitations for Commencement

1. All DOs shall comply with a time limitation requirement for commencement, as follows:
   a. DOs shall commence within four years of adoption date.
   b. Standalone Variances shall be utilized within one year, unless stated otherwise by the Resolution or Result letter.
   c. Each additional phase of a phased development shall commence within four years of commencement of the previous phase.
   d. Each phase of a Type 3 Excavation shall be established by a condition of approval.
2. Projects not meeting the time limitations for commencement shall be subject to the provisions set forth in Art. 2.E.3, Procedures for Compliance.

D. Time Limitations for Buildout

The buildout period shall be determined by Art. 12.C.1.B.3, Projected Buildout Period, and monitored for compliance. However, conditions of approval with a time-certain project buildout date may be provided an additional 90 days if a complete building permit application has been submitted to the Building Division prior to this deadline.

E. DOs with Conditions of Approval

1. All DOs with conditions of approval that must be completed prior to a date, event, or action shall be monitored for compliance.
2. All Monitoring DOs shall comply with the provisions of Section 2.E.3 Procedures for Compliance.

F. Community Development District Ordinances with Conditions of Approval

1. All Community Development District (CDD) ordinances with conditions of approval that must be satisfied prior to a date or action shall be monitored for compliance.
2. No administrative time extensions may be applied to CDD ordinances.
3. In the event of a failure to comply with a CDD ordinance condition of approval, the Planning Director or designee, shall:
   a. Notify Applicant of potential violation and enforcement procedures as established in Art. 10. Enforcement; or,
   b. Prepare a Status Report per Art. 2.E.3.C, Status Reports.

G. FLUA Ordinances with Conditions of Approval

1. All FLUA ordinances with conditions of approval that must be satisfied prior to a date or action shall be monitored for compliance.
2. No administrative time extensions may be applied to FLUA ordinances.
3. Failure to comply with a FLUA ordinance condition of approval shall require the Planning Director, or designee, to bring the item before the BCC at the next regularly scheduled Planning or Zoning Public Hearing for consideration of non-compliance.

H. Notification Prior to a Due Date

No later than 30 days prior to a due date for any of the above items, a letter shall be issued to the address of the owner of record as it appears in the official records of the PBC Property Appraisers Office.
ARTICLE 2.E – MONITORING
CR-2018-0048
(Updated 10/28/19)

A. General
An Applicant, not in compliance with Art. 2.E, may utilize and exhaust all procedures established in this Chapter in order to comply with the conditions of approval and commencement of development that must be satisfied prior to a date or action.

B. Administrative Extension of Time
1. The Applicant may file for an Administrative Time Extension to the Executive Director, or designee. The Executive Director, or designee, may grant an extension of time to comply with a requirement and shall consider changed circumstances or mitigating factors that prevent compliance.
2. An Administrative Time Extension may be applied to an expiring buildout condition due date.
3. A time extension shall commence upon the expiration of the date to comply with the time limitation.
4. The maximum duration of an administrative time extension is as follows:
   a. Commencement of Development Public Hearing DO
      24 months, unless stated otherwise.
   b. Commencement of Development Administrative DO
      Each separate administrative time extension shall not exceed 12 months.
   c. Buildout Conditions
      Extension will reflect the results of the traffic review.
   d. Conditions of Approval not Requiring the Posting of Performance Security
      1) Twelve months unless stated otherwise in the condition of approval
      2) Subsequent applications may be filed; however, the total administrative extensions approved shall not exceed 24 months for the current DO
   e. Conditions of Approval Requiring the Posting of Performance Security
      A one-time administrative time extension not to exceed six months shall be the maximum.
5. When the Executive Director of PZB, or designee, approves an extension of time for completion of a time certain requirement, the Property Owner may be required to guarantee the completion by furnishing a cash deposit, letter of credit, or surety bond.
6. A time extension for a government caused delay shall not exceed 24 months.
   a. It is the responsibility of the Property Owner to notify staff in writing of the reason and cause of the delay.
   b. No application or fee will be required.
   c. If the delay prevents compliance with Art. 2.E, an additional extension may be granted.

C. Status Reports
1. General
An application for a Status Report may be requested by the Property Owner, or initiated by the Executive Director of PZB or designee, if one of the following occurs:
   a. A Property Owner fails to comply with a time limitation and has not requested a time extension.
   b. The project received a public hearing approval and has exhausted all available administrative extensions.
2. Scheduling
   a. PZB shall advertise a Status Report public hearing for the Decision Making Bodies that approved the DO.
   b. A Status Report may be requested by an Property Owner, but a request for a time extension may not be made prior to six months before commencement due date.
3. Staff Report and Recommendation
   The PZB Director or designee shall prepare a Status Report for each application. The report shall incorporate the analysis and conditions of approval in question and a recommendation of approval, approval with conditions, or denial based on the applicable standards for the BCC to consider.
4. Status Report Submittal and Review Criteria
   a. The Property Owner/Applicant shall submit to the Monitoring Section the following:
      1) summary of the background and current status of the development including any documentation provided to staff of efforts to comply with the requirement, or circumstances beyond the control and cause of the Property Owner, other than economic conditions, which have prevented compliance;
      2) a description of any Code violations;
      3) a description of any uncompleted conditions or time certain requirements;
   b. Summary of items to be reviewed by staff:
      1) a review of previous extensions of time (for a Status Report prepared for non-compliance with a time certain requirement);
      2) Subsequent applications may be filed; however, the total administrative extensions approved shall not exceed 24 months for the current DO;
      3) a description of any uncompleted conditions or time certain requirements;
      4) review of conditions of approval.

Notes:
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Stricken indicates text to be deleted.
- Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
ARTICLE 2.E – MONITORING
CR-2018-0048
(Updated 10/28/19)

2) evaluate and consider any changed circumstances and mitigating factors; and,
3) a determination of whether the development order is consistent with the Plan and is
consistent with the Code.

5. Procedures
Consideration of all actions permitted by Art. 2.E.3.B., except a rezoning, shall occur in the
following manner:

a. Public Hearing
1.) At least one public hearing shall be held by the ZC or by the BCC, as applicable.
2.) If the project involves a rezoning for ten acres or more, two public hearings shall be
held by the BCC.

b. Mail Notice
The owner of record shall be notified in writing of the Status Report and recommendation
to the BCC or ZC. Written notice shall consist of a letter sent at least 14 calendar days prior
to the hearing by certified mail. 30 calendar days for a rezoning, return receipt requested,
to the last known address of the owner of record as it appears in the records of the PBC
Property Appraiser’s Office. In the event that the owner fails to acknowledge receipt of mail
notice or the notice is returned unopened, newspaper publication in accordance with F.S.
125.66(2)(a) shall be deemed sufficient notice, published at least ten days prior to the
hearing.

6. Decision of the BCC or ZC:
The BCC or ZC shall consider the factors enumerated in Art. 2.E.3.C.4, Status Report Submittal
and Review Criteria above and the recommendation of staff. After deliberation, the BCC or ZC
shall take one or more of the following actions:

a. Grant a time extension
1.) To commence development, utilize a Conditional Use, or record a plat for a period not
to exceed 36 months from the date of BCC or ZC approval.
2.) To comply with a condition of approval for a period not to exceed 24 months from the
date of BCC or ZC approval with the exception of time certain project buildout date
condition(s) as mandated by the Traffic Performance Standards. A project buildout
date condition may receive approval of a time extension up to the Buildout Period
assumed in the Traffic Study.

b. Adopt a resolution which will rezone the property to an appropriate zoning district;
c. Adopt a resolution which will revoke or amend the approval for all or a portion of the
Conditional Use, special exception or development order amendment;
d. Adopt a resolution, which will impose additional or modified conditions, voluntary
commitments, or permit the Property Owner to initiate an application to add or modify
conditions or voluntary commitments, as directed by the BCC or ZC. New or modified
conditions or voluntary commitments shall include bringing the development into
comformity with current Codes and regulations;
e. Direct staff to cite the Property Owner for violating the provisions of this Code;
f. Adopt a resolution to amend or revoke the development order or map amendment for the
undeveloped or unplatted portion of the project;
g. Exempt from further review of any DO which rezoned property to a district which does not
exceed the density or intensity permitted by the Future Land Use designation, provided
there is no concurrency reservation or exemption for the property. This exemption may be
applied to any advertised Status Report after adoption of this amendment; and/or,
h. Deny or revoke a building permit; issue a stop work order; deny or revoke a Certificate of
Occupancy (CO) on any building or structure; revoke any concurrency; deny or revoke any
permit, license, or approval for any developer, owner, lessee, or user of the subject
property.

D. Decision of the DRO
A Property Owner may submit an application for a time extension to the DRO for any condition of
approval imposed by the DRO. The DRO must receive the application prior to the compliance
deadline stated in the condition of approval.

1. The DRO shall consider changed circumstances or mitigating factors.
2. The DRO may take the following actions:
a. Grant a time extension not to exceed 12 months;
b. Revoke the approval of DO;
c. Amend or delete the condition of approval; or,
d. Direct Code Enforcement staff to seek enforcement procedures.

E. Failure to Use Variance
If a Property Owner fails to utilize a variance within the timeframes as provided, the variance shall
become invalid.

---

**Notes:**
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
-Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from:].
---

A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

---

LDRAB/LDRC Meeting
November 13, 2019

Page 97
Section 4  Noncompliance

A. General

If the procedures for compliance are exhausted and a Property Owner continues to violate a condition of approval, suspension of all development activity authorized by a DO shall occur. Once the matter is compliant, development activity may resume.

B. Suspension of Development Orders

Suspension of DOs may occur upon failure to comply with one or more time limitations or failure to comply with a condition of approval.

1. Expiration of Time Periods

Upon expiration of any time period established by this Chapter or failure to comply with, or continued violation of a condition of approval, no new DOs affecting the property shall be issued by PBC, and no action to vest the DO shall be permitted, until a final determination is made by the Executive Director, or BCC or ZC pursuant to Art. 2.E.3, Procedures for Compliance. This suspension of development rights shall not preclude the Property Owner from filing a new application for the subject property to amend or supersede an existing development order, or the BCC or ZC from approving this application.

2. Effect of Suspension

The suspension of development rights shall have the following effect on new applications and code enforcement actions:

a. If the Property Owner files a new application, no new DOs shall be issued until the completion of the zoning process to resolve the noncompliance, except the DO which approves the application.

b. If the Property Owner is referred to Code Enforcement for violating the provisions of the DO, no new DOs shall be issued until the alleged violation has been ruled upon by the Code Enforcement Special Master, and any enforcement action is completed, or penalty is satisfied. This shall not, however, preclude compliance with the specific condition cited in the Status Report after the BCC or ZC has directed the Code Enforcement Division to cite the Property Owner for noncompliance with that condition.
EXHIBIT K

ARTICLE 3 – OVERLAYS AND ZONING DISTRICTS
CRE CONSISTENCY
CR-2019-019
(Updated 09/30/2019)


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments: [Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Commercial Recreation (CRE) was depicted in the table, along with the footnote, consistent with the Rural Residential 10 units/acre (RR-10) Future Land Use (FLU) to address existing parcels in the County that had RR-10 FLU and CRE Zoning. These existing parcels have been annexed into municipalities or rezoned. Removal of CRE in the table will be consistent with the Plan, as no new parcels can rezone to CRE with the FLU is RR-10.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. CHAPTER A GENERAL

2. ....

3. Section 3 Zoning District Consistency with the Future Land Use Atlas (FLUA)

4. A. Purpose and Intent

5. A parcel's Zoning District shall be consistent with its Future Land Use (FLU) designation. Any request for a Development Order shall be reviewed to determine consistency with the requirements of this Section. Unless exempted otherwise, all applications for a Development Order shall be in a zoning district corresponding to the FLU designations indicated in the following tables: [Ord. 2011-016]


7. 2. Planned Development Districts: Table 3.A.3.C, FLU Designation and Corresponding Planned Development Districts; or

8. 3. Traditional Development Districts: Table 3.A.3.D, TDD Corresponding Land Use.

9. B. Standard Districts

10. Any application for a rezoning to a Standard Zoning District shall correspond to a FLU designation indicated in the table below.

11. | FLU Designation | Zoning District |
12. | Agriculture/Conservation |
13. | AP | AP |
14. | AGR | AGR |
15. | CON | PC |
16. | SA | AR | AGR |
17. | Residential |
18. | RR-20 | AR |
19. | RR-10 | AR | CRE |
20. | RR-5 | AR |
21. | RR-2.5 | AR | RE | RT | RS |
22. | RR-1 | AR (2) | RE | RT | RS |
23. | RR-3 | AR (2) | RE | RT | RS |
24. | RR-5 | AR (2) | RE | RT | RS | RM |
25. | RR-8 | AR (2) | RE | RT | RS | RM |
26. | RR-12 | AR (2) | RE | RT | RS | RM |
27. | RR-18 | AR (2) | RE | RT | RS | RM |
28. | WCR | AR (4) |
29. | Commercial |
30. | CL-O | CLO | IR |
31. | CN | CC | CLO | IR |
32. | CH-O | CLO | CHO | IR |
33. | CH | CN | CC | CLO | CHO | CG | IR |
34. | CR | CRE |
35. | UI | UI |
36. | LC | UC |
37. | Industrial |
38. | ND | IL | IG | CRE |
39. | Institutional/Public and Civic |
40. | NST | IPF |

U:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\ZDRAB\11-13-19\7- LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit K - CR-2019-019 Art. 3, CRE Consistency and RR-10 FLU.docx

Notes:

Underlined indicates new text.

Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].

Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
Table 3.A.3.B – Future Land Use (FLU) Designation and Corresponding Standard Zoning Districts (1)(3)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FLU Designation</th>
<th>AGR</th>
<th>AR</th>
<th>PO</th>
<th>RE</th>
<th>RT</th>
<th>RS</th>
<th>RM</th>
<th>RTU</th>
<th>U/S</th>
<th>U/T</th>
<th>Zoning District</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ord. 2006-004</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ord. 2008-003</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ord. 2010-005</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ord. 2010-022</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ord. 2011-016</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ord. 2014-025</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ord. 2016-042</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ord. 2017-007</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ord. 2017-025</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ord. 2019-005</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. Unless exempted otherwise, all applications for a Development Order shall require the subject site be rezoned to a shaded district.
2. Existing zoning districts by FLU designation that may qualify for SFD exemption in accordance with the exceptions listed below.
3. See Art. 3.A.3.B.1, Standard District Exceptions and Limitations below, for additional notes. [Ord. 2016-042]
4. The Zoning District is consistent as described in the Plan. [Ord. 2019-005]

Typical Example of a "shaded district."

1. Standard District Exceptions and Limitations

The following list of exceptions shall be permitted:

a. A rezoning shall not be required for an existing legal lot of record for the development of a SFD with accessory uses, provided the existing zoning is identified in Table 3.A.3.B, Future Land Use Designation and Corresponding Standard Zoning Districts. [Ord. 2011-016]
b. The AR District is consistent with the SA FLU designation in the Rural and Exurban Tiers only.
c. The AR Zoning District may be considered consistent with all FLU designations in the U/S Tier for existing agricultural uses or the purpose of permitting new agricultural uses, where in accordance with Art. 3.C.1.C.1.c, Agricultural Uses in the U/S Tier. [Ord. 2011-016]
d. The PO District is consistent with all FLU designations.
e. The AGR District is consistent with the SA FLU designation in the AGR Tier only. [Ord. 2011-016]
f. The CRE District is consistent with the RR-10 designation only for those uses identified in FLUE Section III.C.3 of the Plan. [Ord. 2011-016]
gf. Within the Glades Tier, the AP District is consistent with all FLU designations, excluding Conservation. [Ord. 2011-016] [Ord. 2016-042]
gh. The RM District is consistent with the MR-5 designation only for those areas already zoned RM or RH, prior to the Plan’s August 31, 1989 adoption. [Ord. 2011-016] [Ord. 2017-025]
hi. The RS District is consistent with the LR-1 designation only for those areas already zoned RS, RTU, RM, or RH on the Plan’s August 31, 1989 adoption. [Ord. 2016-042]
jk. Existing institutional or civic uses in the AR, RE, RT, RS or RM districts with an INST FLU designation shall not be considered non-conforming. However, a rezoning shall be required for any action exceeding DRO Authority. [Ord. 2011-016]
jl. A rezoning shall not be required for any Palm Beach County Natural Area with a CON FLU designation provided that any subdivision or development is consistent with all development standards and use regulations for the PC district. [Ord. 2011-016]
jo. A rezoning shall not be required for the installation or replacement of a SFWMD telemetry tower in accordance with Art. 5.B.1.A.13.c, Exceptions for SFWMD Telemetry Towers in the Glades Tier. [Ord. 2014-025]

Notes:
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets: [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

LDRAB/LDRC Meeting November 13, 2019
ARTICLE 3 – PDD SETBACK MEASUREMENT
CR-2017-017
(Updated 09/30/2019)

1. To modify the existing code language on how to measure setbacks for Multi-family residential and Type 3 CLF developments within a PUD. The measurement shall be taken from the property line, and not from the inside edge of the perimeter landscape buffer. The measurement from the inside edge of the buffer is a requirement more applicable to developments with fee-simple ownership of land, ie Single Family, Zero Lot Line, single unit Cottage homes, and Townhouse, when previous approvals had perimeter landscape buffers as easements, dedicated to the HOA, located within the fee-simple lots. This measurement was to ensure no structures would encroach into the perimeter buffers. The ULDC requires these perimeter buffers to be located in separate tracts, rather than easements now.

CHAPTER E PLANNED DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS (PDDS)

D. Property Development Regulations (PDRs)

The minimum lot dimensions, density, maximum FAR, maximum building coverage, and minimum setbacks in each pod are indicated in Table 3.E.2.D. PUD Property Development Regulations, unless otherwise stated.

1. Setbacks

For residential development, except MF and Type 3 CLF, building setbacks shall be measured from the inside edge of the perimeter landscape buffers. For MF, Type 3 CLF, and non-residential development, building setbacks shall be measured from the property line, provided the structures do not encroach the landscape buffer. Rear or side setbacks may be reduced pursuant to Art. 3.D.1.D.4, Setback Reductions.

Table 3.E.2.D – PUD Property Development Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>POD</th>
<th>Lot Dimensions</th>
<th>Density</th>
<th>FAR (2)</th>
<th>Building Coverage</th>
<th>Setbacks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Residential</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SF and Cottage Homes</td>
<td>0.5 ac</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>30 percent 25 20 25 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZLL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TH</td>
<td>1.5 ac</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>25 15 25 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Civic</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recreation Pod (3)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neighborhood Park</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>15 percent 15 15 15 15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

Underlined indicates new text. Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ]. .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
Table 3.E.2.D – PUD Property Development Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Notes:</td>
<td>1. Preservation includes the Preservation Areas in a PUD allowed in the AGR FLU designations.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. The maximum FAR shall be in accordance with PLUE Table III.C.2 of the Plan, and other related provisions, unless otherwise noted. [Ord. 2007-001]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Recreation pods required for multi-family units, CLFs, or other similar uses may be exempt from the following:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Minimum frontage requirement, where internal street frontages are not available in the area required for recreation amenities, upon demonstration that access is provided by frontage on internal access ways, the pedestrian network other as may be approved by Parks and Recreation; and. [Ord. 2016-042]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Minimum PDRs may be reduced proportionate to or in accordance with Art. 5.D.2.B.9. Exceptions. [Ord. 2016-042]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

1. Delete reference to flexible regulations that was inadvertently added into the Code under ORD 2005-002, when the flexible regulations were deleted under ORD 2003-067.

**CHAPTER E**

**PLANNED DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS (PDDS)**

Section 6 Mobile Home Planned Development District (MHPD)

... 

**D. Property Development Regulations (PDRs)**

The minimum lot dimensions, density, maximum FAR, maximum building coverage, and minimum setbacks in each pod are indicated in Table 3.E.6.D. MHPD Property Development Regulations, unless otherwise stated.

Table 3.E.6.D – MHPD Property Development Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pods</th>
<th>Minimum Lot, Lease Lot or Condo Unit Dimensions</th>
<th>FAR</th>
<th>Maximum Building Coverage</th>
<th>Minimum Building Setbacks or Separations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Size</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Front</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Home</td>
<td>4,200</td>
<td>40'</td>
<td>70'</td>
<td>55'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recreational</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>65'</td>
<td>75'</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>65'</td>
<td>75'</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private Civic</td>
<td>0.5 ac.</td>
<td>100'</td>
<td>100'</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Civic</td>
<td>1 ac.</td>
<td>100'</td>
<td>200'</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial</td>
<td>1 ac.</td>
<td>100'</td>
<td>200'</td>
<td>25'</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Notes:

C Indicates the required building setback for land uses abutting a non-residential zoning district, a civic, mixed-use commercial, or industrial pod. [Ord. 2005-002]

K Indicates the required setback for land uses abutting a residential zoning district or a residential pod.

- [1] Indicates that the regulation is flexible and may be modified by complying with Art. 5.D.2.B.9. Reducing the FAR, Land uses Pods, that abut a lake, canal, or preserve area which that is greater than or equal to 40 feet in width along the boundary of the land use, may substitute a 20-foot side interior or rear setback if a 40-foot setback is required-reduce the required 40 foot setback by 50 percent. Setbacks shall be measured from the inside edge of perimeter landscape areas buffer and internal road R-OWs for recreation, civic and commercial uses. Setbacks shall be measured from individual lot lines, road lines and from condominium lines. [Ord. 2005-002]

Part 3. ULDC Art. 3.E.7.E. Overlays and Zoning Districts, Planned Development Districts (PDDs), Recreational Vehicle Planned Development District (RVPD), Property Development Regulations, Table 3.E.7.E RVPD Property Development Regulations (page 173-174 of 211, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

1. Modify setback measurements to be consistent with proposed language under PUD's.

U:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\2 - LDRAB\11-13-19\7 - LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit L - CR-2019-017 Art. 3, PDD Setback Measurement.docxU:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\2 - LDRAB\11-13-19\7 - LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit L - CR-2019-017 Art. 3, PDD Setback Measurement.docx

Notes:

Undertined indicates new text.

Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.

If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].

Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
CHAPTER E PLANNED DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS (PDDS)

Section 7 Recreational Vehicle Planned Development District (RVPD)

E. Property Development Regulations (PDR's)

The PDR's for a RVPD are indicated in Table 3.E.7.E, RVPD Property Development Regulations.

### Table 3.E.7.E – RVPD Property Development Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>POD</th>
<th>Minimum Lot Dimensions</th>
<th>Maximum FAR</th>
<th>Max Height</th>
<th>Minimum Setbacks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Size</td>
<td>Width And Frontage</td>
<td>Depth</td>
<td>Max Height</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recreation – RV space</td>
<td>1000 sf</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recreation – All Other</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial – 1 acre max</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**

1. Setbacks shall be measured from the inside edge of the required landscape buffer(s).
2. All other recreation buildings include the clubhouse and accessory structures.
3. Lot dimensions are the minimum, except where noted.

---

Part 4. ULDC Art. 3.E.1.J, Overlays and Zoning Districts, Planned Development Districts (PDDs), General, Phasing and Platting (page 144 of 211, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

**Reason for amendments:** [Zoning]

1. Modify the requirements for platting and dedication of buffer tracts shall only apply to SF, ZLL, or Townhouse developments within a PDD, as they are fee simple subdivisions of Land. For Multi-family and CLF developments, these areas shall be dedicated as easements. Areas outside of the buildings will be dedicated to the common ownership or HOA for the overall development.

CHAPTER E PLANNED DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS (PDDS)

Section 1 General

J. Phasing and Platting

1. Phasing

PDDs shall be subject to the phasing, time limitations and review requirements of Art. 2.E, Monitoring, any conditions of approval, and shall proceed in a reasonably continuous and timely manner. If a PDD other than a PUD has multiple phases, each of the first two phases shall contain a minimum of 20 percent of the land area unless otherwise approved in the Development Order approved by the BCC. [Ord. 2005-002] [Ord. 2012-003]

2. Platting

All land in a PDD shall be platted in accordance with Art. 11, Subdivision, Platting And Required Improvements. [Ord. 2005-002] [Ord. 2011-001] [Ord. 2012-003]

a. Exemptions

The following shall be exempt from platting requirements: [Ord. 2012-003]

1) Right of way dedicated to a government agency when approved by the County Engineer; or, [Ord. 2012-003]
2) A DOA to a prior approval which includes a rezoning to a current PDD, where the proposed amendments do not involve any subdivision or other modifications which would require platting or a re-plat. [Ord. 2012-003]

b. Timing

All land within the PDD, including private civic tracts, golf courses and open space areas (including but not limited to recreation and water retention) shall be platted prior to Technical Compliance for the last residential, commercial, or industrial tract. [Ord. 2012-027]

c. Deductions

Required landscape buffers within or around residential pods, for the development of Single Family, Zero Lot Line, Townhouse, or Cottage Homes (when designed as a single

---

**Notes:**

Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. **Italicized** indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
EXHIBIT L

ARTICLE 3 – PDD SETBACK MEASUREMENT

CR-2017-017

(Updated 09/30/2019)

1. Unit on a lot, or within a Planned Developments, shall be platted and dedicated as separate tracts of land. [Ord. 2018-002]

Notes:
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
EXHIBIT M

ARTICLE 5 – SUPPLEMENTARY STANDARDS
COMMUNITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD PARK RECREATION
STANDARDS
CR-2019-009
(Updated 09/30/19)

Part 1. ULDC Art. 5.D.2.B.9, Other Credits (page 55-56 of 106, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Parks and Recreation]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. The purpose of this amendment is to reduce the minimum recreation parcel’s site dimensions for those projects with 20 and fewer dwelling units (usually infill projects), in order to provide flexibility and reduced standards for smaller size parcels of land.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHAPTER D PARKS AND RECREATION – RULES AND RECREATION STANDARDS

Section 2 Types of Parks

B. Community and Neighborhood Park Recreation Standards

9. Other Credits Property Development Regulations

Any parcel of land used to satisfy Parks and Recreation Standards shall meet the following requirements: [Ord. 2006-004]

a. Minimum Parcel Size

Minimum parcel size shall be 7,500 square feet exclusive of above ground easements and landscape buffers. [Ord. 2006-004] [Ord. 2016-042] [Partially relocated to new Table 5.D.2.B.9 – Property Development Regulations.]

b. Minimum Parcel Width

Minimum parcel width shall average 75 feet with no dimension less than 50 feet. [Ord. 2006-004]

c. Minimum Parcel Depth

Minimum parcel depth shall average 100 feet with no dimension less than 75 feet. [Ord. 2006-004] [Partially relocated to new Table 5.D.2.B.9 – Property Development Regulations.]

d. Waiver of Minimum Parcel Dimensions

The Parks and Recreation Department may reduce the minimum recreation parcel dimensions by not more than ten percent when considering location, abutting land uses, accessibility, recreation facilities to be offered and the parcels function in the overall recreation and open space network of the development. [Ord. 2006-004] [Relocated to new Table 5.D.2.B.9 – Property Development Regulations.]

e. Underground Easements

Underground easements are permitted in the recreation parcel with prior approval by the Director of the Parks and Recreation Department, and as long as the utility of the recreation parcel is not adversely impacted. [Ord. 2016-042] [Relocated to new Table 5.D.2.B.9 – Property Development Regulations.]

f. Exceptions

1. CLFs may be exempt from the minimum parcel size and minimum dimensions, with prior approval by the Director of the Parks and Recreation Department. [Ord. 2016-042]

2. CLF recreational requirements may be satisfied using a combination of interior and exterior recreation areas, with prior approval by the Director of the Parks and Recreation Department. [Ord. 2016-042]

Table 5.D.2.B.9 – Property Development Regualtions (1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Units</th>
<th>Min. Lot Size (2)(3)(4)(5)</th>
<th>Min. Lot Width (4)(5)</th>
<th>Min. Lot Depth (4)(5)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt;=10 units (ft)</td>
<td>2,500 sq. ft.</td>
<td>50 feet</td>
<td>50 feet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;10 &lt;=20 units</td>
<td>4,200 sq. ft.</td>
<td>60 feet</td>
<td>70 feet</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

Underlined indicates new text.

Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.

If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].

Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
EXHIBIT M

ARTICLE 5 – SUPPLEMENTARY STANDARDS
COMMUNITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD PARK RECREATION STANDARDS
CR-2019-009
(Updated 09/30/19)

Table 5.D.2.B.9 – Property Development Regulations (1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments: [Parks and Recreation/Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. The purpose of this amendment is to reduce the minimum recreation parcel’s site dimensions for those projects with 20 and fewer dwelling units (usually infill projects), in order to provide flexibility and reduced standards for smaller size parcels of land.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Modify the Recreation Pod Lot dimensions to refer to the Footnotes and references to Article 5.D.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Clarify existing language adopted under ORD 2016-042 allowing for exemptions for the frontage of Recreation Pods for MF, CLF or similar uses, that frontage of the Pod may be reduced or eliminated when the recreation is internal to the buildings, surrounded by structures or located on a shared driveway. Strike similar use and replace with Cottage Homes that are in the MF Pod or Lot. Clarify the requirement for the pedestrian circulation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2 CHAPTER E  PLANNED DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS (PDDS)

3  ....

4 Section 2  Planned Unit Development (PUD)

5  ....

6 C. Thresholds

7  ....

8 2. Land Use Mix

9 Table 3.E.2.C, PUD Land Use Mix, indicates the minimum and maximum percentage of each land use allowed in a PUD.

10

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 3.E.2.C – PUD Land Use Mix</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Res.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Ord. 2006-004) [Ord. 2008-037] [Ord. 2011-001] [Ord. 2016-042]

Notes:

Underlined indicates new text.

Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].

Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

LDRAB/LDRC Meeting November 13, 2019 Page 106

U:\Zoning\CODEREV\Code Amendments\2019\2 - LDRAB\11-13-19\7 - LDRAB-LDRC Packet\Exhibit M - CR-2019-009 Art. 3 and 5, Community and Neighborhood Park Recreation Standards.docx
D. Property Development Regulations (PDRs)

The minimum lot dimensions, density, maximum FAR, maximum building coverage, and minimum setbacks in each pod are indicated in Table 3.E.2.D, PUD Property Development Regulations, unless otherwise stated.

1. Setbacks

For residential development, building setbacks shall be measured from the inside edge of the perimeter landscape buffers. For non-residential development, building setbacks shall be measured from the property line. Rear or side setbacks may be reduced pursuant to Art. 3.D.1.D.4, Setback Reductions.

Table 3.E.2.D – PUD Property Development Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>POD</th>
<th>Lot Dimensions</th>
<th>Density</th>
<th>FAR (2)</th>
<th>Building Coverage</th>
<th>Setbacks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Size Width and Frontage Depth</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

1. Preservation includes the Preservation Areas in a PUD allowed in the AGR FLU designations.
2. The maximum FAR shall be in accordance with PUD Table III.C.2 of the Plan, and other related provisions, unless otherwise noted. [Ord. 2007-001]
3. (a) Minimum lot frontage requirement may be reduced or eliminated, where the Pod does not front on a internal street, and is located within the MF or CLF structures, surrounded by the MF, CLF or Cottage Homes, or located on a shared driveway.
(b) Minimum PDRs may be reduced proportionate to or in accordance with Art. 5.D.2.B.9, Exceptions, Parks and Recreation - Rules and Recreation Standards Table 5.D.2.B.9, Property Development Regulations.

E. Pods

3. Recreation Pod


Notes:

*Underlined* indicates new text.

*Stricken* indicates text to be deleted. *Stricken and italicized* means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].

*Italicized* indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
ARTICLE 5 – SUPPLEMENTARY STANDARDS
COMMUNITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD PARK RECREATION STANDARDS
CR-2019-009
(Updated 09/30/19)

Recreation Facility; and, Art. 5.D, Parks and Recreation – Rules and Recreation Standards, in addition to the requirements of this section. [Ord. 2011-001] [Ord. 2013-001] [Ord. 2016-042]

4. Civic Pod

....
**EXHIBIT N**

**ARTICLE 4 – USE REGULATIONS**

**CLF DISTANCE TO FIRE-RESCUE**

**CR-2019-018**

(Updated 09/30/2019)

---

**Part 1.** ULDC Art. 4.B.1.C.1, Use Regulations, Congregate Living Facility (page 15 of 198, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Zoning/Fire Rescue]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Ordinance 1987-032 required that a Congregate Living Facility, Type 2 or Type 3 be located within five (5) road miles of a full-service professional fire-rescue station, as determined by the Palm Beach County Fire-Rescue Department. In 1992, the location requirement was changed to “shall be located within five (5) road miles of a full service professional fire-rescue station.”</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. The current ULDC requirement is that a Type 2 or Type 3 CLF be located within five miles of a full service fire-rescue station. Because the language does not indicate road miles the way to measure can be misinterpreted (eg. radius versus road miles).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Staff is proposing to amend the ULDC to add the word “road” to the ULDC the way it was written in prior ordinances. Thus, requiring a Congregate Living Facility Type 2 or Type 3 to be located within five (5) road miles of a full service fire-rescue station.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Fire Rescue staff confirmed that the five (5) mile distance is not a fire code requirement.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**CHAPTER B USE CLASSIFICATION**

**Section 1 Residential Uses**

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>C. Definitions and Supplementary Use Standards for Specific Uses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>h. Type 2 or Type 3 CLFs – Fire Rescue Station</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>A Type 2 or Type 3 CLFs shall be located within five (5) road miles of a full service fire-rescue station.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Notes:**

- **Underlined** indicates new text.
- **Stricken** indicates text to be deleted.  **Stricken and italicized** means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- **Italicized** indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
## Part 1. ULDC Art 4.B.5 – Industrial Use (pages 81-89 of 198, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

1. Update ULDC to be consistent with the recently adopted Planning ORD 2015-017, and ensure consistency with Comprehensive Plan Policy 2.2.4-b.

2. To allow Offices of Industrial Nature (as defined by the Introduction and Administration Element) within all Commercial future land use designations.

3. To allow within the Commercial High (CH) future land use designation uses that demonstrate Light Industrial characteristics including, but not limited to Manufacturing and Processing, Warehouse, and Flex Space.

---

### A. Industrial Use Matrix

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Type</th>
<th>AG/CON</th>
<th>RESIDENTIAL</th>
<th>COMMERCIAL</th>
<th>IND INST</th>
<th>TND</th>
<th>TND</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supplementary Standards</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contractor Storage Yard</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Data and Information Processing</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Distribution Facility</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Gas and Fuel, Wholesale</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Heavy Industry</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Machine or Welding Shop</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Manufacturing and Processing</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Medical or Dental Laboratory</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use approval process:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Strikethrough indicates text to be deleted.
- Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
### Table 4.B.5.A – INDUSTRIAL USE MATRIX

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use Type</th>
<th>PUD</th>
<th>MUPD</th>
<th>MPoD</th>
<th>PPD</th>
<th>M</th>
<th>R</th>
<th>V</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Multi-Media Production</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recycling Center</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research and Development</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salvage and Junk Yard</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Towing Service and Storage</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck Stop</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warehouse</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wholesaling</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Footnotes:

1. Supplementary Use Standards for each use must be reviewed regardless of the approval process set forth in the Use Matrix. Refer to the numbers in the Supplementary Use Standard column.

2. The change in use for a previously approved non-residential structure shall be Permitted by Right if, in compliance with Art. 3.B.16.E.1, Right to Continue or Change Use.

---

**Use approval process key:**

- **P**: Permitted by Right
- **D**: Subject to DRO Approval
- **A**: Subject to BCC Approval (Class A Conditional Use)
- **B**: Subject to Zoning Commission Approval (Class B Conditional Use)
- **N**: Prohibited use, unless stated otherwise within Supplementary Use Standards

---

**Notes:**

- Underlined indicates new text.
- Strikethrough indicates text to be deleted.
- Strikethrough and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
ARTICLE 4 – APPLICATION PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES

CR-2019-003
(Updated 09/30/19)

B. General Industrial Standards

Reserved for future use.

C. Definitions and Supplementary Use Standards for Specific Uses

3. Distribution Facility

a. Definition
An establishment for the loading, unloading, and interchange of freight or package express between modes of transportation.

b. Typical Uses
Typical uses include truck terminals, railroad depots and yards (including temporary storage), and major mail-processing centers.

c. Zoning Districts with a CH FLU Designation
A facility located in these Zoning Districts: CG, IRO, MUPD, MXPD or Commercial Pod of a PIPD shall comply with the following additional requirements:

1) Outdoor Storage and activities shall be prohibited.
2) When this use is proposed to replace a previously approved use, the Net Trips and Net Peak Hour Trips must be each to or less than the approved use.

8. Manufacturing and Processing

a. Definition
An establishment engaged in the manufacture, predominantly from previously prepared materials, of finished products or parts, including processing, fabrication, assembly, treatment and packaging of such products. This use also includes incidental storage, sales and distribution of such products, but excludes heavy industrial processing.

b. Typical Uses
Typical uses include factories, large-scale production, wholesale distribution, publishing, and food processing.

c. Zoning Districts with a CH FLU Designation
A facility located in these Zoning Districts: CG, IRO, MUPD, MXPD or Commercial Pod of a PIPD shall comply with the following additional requirements:

1) Outdoor Storage and activities shall be prohibited.

17. Warehouse

a. Definition
An establishment used for the storage of raw materials, equipment, or products.

b. Typical Uses
Typical uses include moving companies, cold storage, and dead storage facilities, but excludes self-service storage facilities.

c. Overlay – WCRAO
Office/warehouse uses shall be allowed as specified in Table 3.B.14.E, WCRAO Sub-area Use Regulations. The office/warehouse development shall have a minimum of 25 percent office 2space per gross floor area for each bay.

d. Zoning Districts with a CH FLU Designation
A facility located in these Zoning Districts: CG, IRO, MUPD, MXPD or Commercial Pod of a PIPD shall comply with the following additional requirements:

1) Outdoor Storage and activities shall be prohibited.

e. Accessory Use
1) Office
Unless approved as a Class A Conditional Use, or as specified in the Overlay – WCRAO standard, office space in each warehouse bay shall be a maximum of 30 percent of the GFA of that bay.

2) General Retail
Sales shall be prohibited, except where allowed in conjunction with Flex Space.

f. Freestanding Structures
Freestanding structures for Warehouse developments located in an MUPD with an IND FLU designation shall not be subject to the provisions of Table 3.E.3.B.2.a.3), Freestanding Buildings. [Ord. 2019-006]

18. Wholesaling

a. Definition
An establishment engaged in: the maintenance and display of inventories of goods for distribution and sale of goods to other firms for resale; or, the supplying of goods to various trades such as landscapers, construction contractors, wholesale building supplies, institutions, industries, or professional businesses. These establishments also sort and
grade goods from large to small lots, and engage in delivery. This use excludes vehicle sales, and the wholesaling of nursery supplies, and gas and fuel.

b. Zoning Districts with a CH FLU Designation

A facility located in these Zoning Districts: CG, IRO, MUPD, MXPD or Commercial Pod of a PIPD shall comply with the following additional requirements:

1) Outdoor Storage and activities shall be prohibited.
CHAPTER I  DEFINITIONS AND ACRONYMS

1. Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:

33. Irreparable or Irreversible Harm –
   a. A substantial injury that is beyond the possibility of repair; the injury suffered cannot be undone; damage or destruction of a natural resource that is so substantial and permanent that it is beyond the possibility of being repaired or restored to its previous condition. A natural resource shall be deemed irrevocably harmed when an activity taken or caused by a person or persons alters the natural resource to such a degree that it cannot reasonably be restored or returned to the condition existing immediately prior to such alteration. A non-renewable natural resource shall be deemed irreparably harmed when the resource has been permanently removed or consumed. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that a natural resource has been irreparably harmed when the alteration of the natural resource is authorized by County law. [Ord. 2006-036]
   b. For the purpose of Article 7, Landscaping, irreparable or irreversible harm to existing vegetation shall include the improper pruning or hatracking that has caused significant damage to vegetation to an extent that precludes the regrowth of a natural canopy, or reduced the size of vegetation down to a stump. Reparable harm to existing vegetation shall include the improper pruning or hatracking that has caused damage to vegetation to an extent that can be corrected or repaired through standards of additional pruning and care.

Part 2.  ULDC Table 2.A.6.B  Application Processes and Procedures, General, Zoning Application Procedures, Landscape Related Plans (page 20 of 101, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]
1. Amend the notes in Table 2.A.6.B – Landscape Related Plans, to add clarify plans are to be designed by a Florida Licensed Professional Landscape Architect.
2. Amend the notes in Table 2.A.6.B – Landscape Related Plans, to replace the term tree Disposition Chart to Vegetation Disposition Chart as the term Vegetation includes trees, palms and pines.
Table 2.A.6.B – Landscape Related Plans

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Types of Landscape Plan</th>
<th>Additional Plan Requirements</th>
<th>Applicability</th>
<th>Approval of Plan(s)</th>
<th>Authority</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Planting Plan (6)</td>
<td>Identify number, location, height, and species of required trees, palms or pines, and shrubs (4)</td>
<td>Single-Family</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>DRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Two-unit Townhouse</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>DRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A lot with two MF units</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>DRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Vacant lots within 120 days of demolition</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>DRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Landscape Plan</td>
<td>Identify number, location, height and species of required trees, palms or pines, and shrubs. (4)</td>
<td>Nonresidential developments</td>
<td>(1)(3)</td>
<td>DRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>A lot with more than two MF units</td>
<td>(1)(3)</td>
<td>DRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Common areas of PUD</td>
<td>(1)(3)</td>
<td>DRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Variance</td>
<td>(1)(3)</td>
<td>DRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Type 2 Waiver</td>
<td>(1)(3)</td>
<td>BCC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Type 1 Waiver</td>
<td>(1)(3)</td>
<td>DRO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALP</td>
<td>Identify number, location, height, and species of required trees, palms or pines, and shrubs. (4)</td>
<td>(2)(5)</td>
<td>(1)(3)</td>
<td>DRO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Ord. 2016-042) [Ord. 2018-002]

Notes:
1. Approval of Plan(s) must be completed prior to the issuance of a Building Permit, unless it is required to be approved at Final DRO by a Condition of Approval.
2. Applicant may submit the ALP concurrent with the DO application to garner support of the Waiver request(s). The ALP may be required as a Condition of Approval by the ZC, BCC or DRO.
3. Landscape Plan(s) and ALP (except Planning Plan) shall be signed and sealed by a Florida Licensed Architect prior to the approval of a Building Permit.
4. A Zoning Disposition Chart may apply to all of the Landscape related Plans, where a Site has existing native vegetation, even if no Waivers or Variances are being requested. Refer to the Technical Manual, Title 3, Landscape for the Vegetation Disposition Chart.
5. An ALP may be submitted by the Applicant concurrently with a Waiver request to modify Landscape standards. The DRO may determine that the Waiver for Landscape requirements pursuant to Art. 7, Landscaping could be shown on a Site, Subdivision or Regulating Plan in lieu of an ALP.
6. May be approved by the Building Division. The amount of required plant material shall be indicated on the applicable Building Division submittal form and installed prior to issuance of CO.

Part 3. ULDC Art. 7.B.3.D, Landscaping, Applicability and Approval Process, Approval Process for Landscape Plans, Landscape Inspections (page 10 of 54, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Modify Monitoring Inspection to define it as an inspection that is used to respond to complaints and address violations the Code or Development Order, and Code Enforcement issues.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHAPTER B APPLICABILITY AND APPROVAL PROCESS

Section 3 Approval Process for Landscape Plans

Approval process for Landscape Plans shall be subject to the requirements pursuant to Art. 2, Application Processes and Procedures. [Ord. 2016-042]

10. An Applicant may request review for compliance with this Article concurrent with an application that requires approval by the BCC, ZC or DRO by submitting Preliminary or Final Landscape Plans. Final Landscape Plans shall be part of the Building Permit application unless a Condition of Approval requires Landscape Plans to be submitted at Final Approval by the DRO. An application for a Landscape Plan Review shall be submitted directly to the Zoning Division, and shall comply with the following requirements: [Ord. 2018-002]

A. Submittal Requirements

D. Landscape Inspections

Unless otherwise stated in this Article, all developments subject to this Article may be inspected by PZB prior to and after installation of required landscaping. Required landscaping shall be approved by PZB prior to the issuance of a CO, or Certificate of Completion, whichever occurs first. Various

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text. Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Italics indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ]. .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
types of Landscape Inspection shall be conducted at different stages of the development, as
follows: [Ord. 2018-002]

1. Types of Landscape Inspection
a. Preliminary Inspection – required to verify existing grades, vegetation and necessary site
preparation has been completed prior to any plant material being installed on the site to
comply with the Landscape Permit. [Ord. 2009-040] [Ord. 2018-002]
b. Final Inspection – required as part of the typical building permit process to ensure
landscape material, irrigation and conditions of approval on a development order are in
compliance prior to final sign off that the landscape is completed and installed in
accordance to the Landscape Permit. [Ord. 2009-040] [Ord. 2018-002]
c. Annual Inspection – scheduled on the one-year anniversary date from the date of the Final
Inspection noted on the Landscape Permit. Inspection shall be performed to ensure all
landscape and irrigation continually complies with the Landscape Permit. If material or
irrigation is missing, dead or damaged the property owner shall be provided with a Notice
to Correct, pursuant to Art. 10, Enforcement. [Ord. 2009-040] [Ord. 2018-002]
d. Monitoring Inspection – performed in response to a complaint or Code
Enforcement case as it relates to vegetation violations (e.g. of missing or damaged plant
material or changes to the landscape not previously approved in accordance with the

Part 4. ULDC Art. 7.B.4.C, Landscaping, Applicability and Approval Process, Type 1 Waiver for Landscaping, Landscape Plans page 11-13 of 54, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

1. Amend existing Type 1 Waiver process to clarify the proposed plan that is submitted with this request should be an Alternative Landscape Plan (ALP), since ALPs are the required plans for all types of waiver and variance requests.

CHAPTER B  APPLICABILITY AND APPROVAL PROCESS

Section 4  Type 1 Waiver for Landscaping

An Applicant may seek minor modifications to the requirements of this Article that are identified in Table 7.B.4.A, Type 1 Waivers for Landscaping. Any requirements that are not listed herein may be eligible to be
modified through other applicable processes pursuant to Art. 2, Application Processes and Procedures. The Applicant shall demonstrate in the Justification Statement and provide supporting documents that Art.
2.C.5.E.3, Standards for a Type 1 Waiver, and the applicable Criteria in the following Table have been met. [Ord. 2007-001] [Ord. 2016-042] [Ord. 2018-002]

A. Applicability

Type 1 Waiver for Landscaping shall not be combined with other Variance requests for the same
requirements. [Ord. 2018-002]

B. Pre-Application Appointment (PAA) for a Type 1 Waiver

The applicant shall be required to schedule and attend a PAA with the Zoning Division staff to
review and discuss preservation of existing vegetation, possible design alternatives, and any
Waivers that may be requested as part of the application. [Ord. 2007-001] [Ord. 2016-042] [Ord. 2018-002]

C. Alternative Landscape Plan (ALP)
The Applicant shall submit an ALP Landscape Plan(s) to the DRO to demonstrate graphically depict
the proposed Type 1 Waiver request(s). The DRO may allow the alternative designs or waiver
requests be incorporated on a Site or Subdivision Plan or any other types of Zoning Plan in lieu of
the Landscape Plan ALP. Upon the approval of the Type 1 Waiver(s), the Applicant shall finalize
the Landscape Plans ALP as Final Landscape Plans, and shall include it as part of the for Building
Permit Review, if applicable. [Ord. 2018-002]

Part 5. ULDC Art. 7.B.5, Landscaping, Applicability and Approval Process, Tree Removal and Replacement page 11-13 of 54, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Notes:
* Underlined indicates new text.
* Stricken indicates text to be deleted.
* Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
* If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
* Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
* …. A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
EXHIBIT P

ARTICLE 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS, ARTICLE 2 PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES AND ARTICLE 7 – LANDSCAPE

(Updated 10/28/19)

CHAPTER B   APPLICABILITY AND APPROVAL PROCESS

A. Exception

The following exceptions shall apply to parcels with residential uses:

1. No permit is required for a Single Family residence as long as the minimum required vegetation is maintained in accordance with standards set forth in Table 7.C.3.A, Interior Landscape Requirements.
2. Residential properties may be exempt from permitting requirement in accordance with F.S. 163.045. Residential properties are properties that are developed with a residential use and may be located within either a residential or non-residential Zoning District.

AB. Approval Process

An Applicant may request the removal of existing trees, palm(s) and pine(s) by submitting an application to the Zoning Division, and subject to the following procedures: [Ord. 2019-005]

1. Pre-Application Site Meeting

Prior to the submittal of an application, the Applicant shall schedule an on-site meeting with staff of the Permit/Landscape Review Section of the Zoning Division to discuss and inspect the tree(s), palm(s) or pine(s) vegetation that are proposed to be removed. Staff shall determine whether the trees, palm(s) or pine(s) vegetation is eligible for removal based on the standards listed below. If the trees, palm(s) or pine(s) vegetation is eligible for removal, the Applicant shall provide the Applicant a removal of the vegetation. The Applicant shall also submit either a Final Site, Subdivision or Regulating Plan or a Survey of the subject property. The Applicant shall identify the following:

- species, size and location of the trees, palm(s) or pine(s) vegetation;
- the reason for the proposed removal of the vegetation;
- a site condition of the area where the existing tree is located, and whether the location has easement overlap or proximity of the trees, palm(s) or pine(s) vegetation to the overhead electric utilities; [Ord. 2019-005]

2. Application Submittal Requirements

The application shall include a Justification Statement providing the reason for the proposed removal of the vegetation. The Applicant shall submit either a Final Site, Subdivision or Regulating Plan or a Survey of the subject property. The Applicant shall identify the following:

- species, size and location of the trees, palm(s) or pine(s) vegetation;
- the reason for the proposed removal of the vegetation;
- a site condition of the area where the existing tree is located, and whether the location has easement overlap or proximity of the trees, palm(s) or pine(s) vegetation to the overhead electric utilities; [Ord. 2019-005]

3. Application Review and Final Decision

Staff shall review the application utilizing the Standards for Removal, that are listed below to consider whether to approve or deny the request. A Tree Vegetation Removal and Replacement Permit shall be issued upon the approval of the application. The DRO may approve, approve with a Condition of Approval, or deny the request. [Ord. 2019-005]

4. Standards for Removal and Replacement

In reviewing an application for Tree Vegetation Removal and Replacement, staff shall consider the following standards to determine whether the removal permit is granted: [Ord. 2019-005]

(a) The Applicant’s justification for the removal; [Ord. 2019-005]

(b) The site condition of the area where the existing tree is located, and whether the location has easement overlap or proximity of the trees, palm(s) or pine(s) vegetation to the overhead electric utilities; [Ord. 2019-005]
ARTICLE 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS, ARTICLE 2 PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES AND ARTICLE 7 – LANDSCAPE

(Updated 10/28/19)

18. The health condition of the tree vegetation: or, [Ord. 2019-005]
19. Any valid safety concerns that may arise if the removal of the tree vegetation is not allowed. [Ord. 2019-005]

BC. Replacement

All replacement of tree vegetation, shrubs, landscape barrier and ground treatment shall be in compliance with Art. 7.E.3, Credit and Replacement, unless stated otherwise in Art. 7.B.1.

Exemption. [Ord. 2019-005]

CD. Timeline

Staff shall indicate the timeline of removal and replacement of the tree on the Permit to ensure the replacement of the tree is done in accordance with the approval. The Permit is valid for six months from the date of issuance. Failure to comply with the Permit requirements, which include the established dates or any imposed Conditions of Approval, shall result in enforcement action, pursuant to Art. 7.G, Enforcement by PZB. [Ord. 2019-005]

DE. Inspection

The Applicant shall contact staff when the trees are removed, and staff shall schedule a site inspection to confirm that the trees have been removed, and that any required replacement of trees have been installed in conformance with the Permit. [Ord. 2019-005]

Part 6. ULDC Art. 7.E.3, Landscaping, Existing Native Vegetation, Prohibited, And Controlled Plant Species, Credit and Replacement (page 47-48 of 54, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

1. Amend heading from Vegetation Survey to Vegetation Credit as it is describing the process for permitting vegetation credit. Clarify that the vegetation credit application is reviewed with a decision to be made by both ERM and Zoning Division Staff.

2. Relocate existing Replacement heading and requirements from Art. 7.F.3 Maintenance Section to this Section, Art. 7.E.3, because it focuses on Credit and Replacement regulations rather than maintenance.

3. Modify Footnote 1 relating to rounding to be consistent with the definition described in Article 1.C, where numbers results in less than or greater than 0.5. Add Footnote 4 to Table 7.E.3.C – Vegetation Credit and Replacement to cross reference new table relating to violations and corrective actions in Art. 7.G.3.C Corrective Actions

4. Amend and clarify the allowance vegetation replacement that is damaged due to Natural Disaster may have an alternative replacement requirements pursuant to the requirements of Art. 7.G.2 Temporary Suspension of Landscaping Standards, or as exempt by F.S. 163.045.

5. Relocation of the Illegal Tree and Pine Removal to Art 7.G Enforcement, as this section is describing the procedures when vegetation is removed illegally.

CHAPTER E EXISTING NATIVE VEGETATION, PROHIBITED, AND CONTROLLED PLANT SPECIES

Section 3 Credit and Replacement

This Section clarifies when existing vegetation can be utilized to satisfy Art. 7.C, Landscape Buffer and Interior Landscaping Requirements and Art. 7.D, Landscape Standards. In addition, this Section also establishes requirements for quantity and size for replacement. Replacement of vegetation may be required due to injury, damage or removal, which includes: improper pruning, hatracking, or other actions that render existing vegetation unable to achieve its natural and intended form. The quantity and the size of the replaced vegetation is based on the size of the individual vegetation at the time when the vegetation was injured, damaged or removed. For the purpose of this Section, the term Vegetation shall include trees, palms or pines. [Ord. 2018-002] [Ord. 2019-005]

A. Vegetation Survey-Credit

Credit to satisfy Art. 7.C, Landscape Buffer and Interior Landscaping Requirements, and Art. 7.D. Landscape Standards shall be granted for on-site preservation of existing vegetation when accompanied by an approved Vegetation survey with a Vegetation Disposition Chart, and indicated on the Final Landscape Plan or Final ALP. [Ord. 2018-002]

[Ord. 2019-005]

1. Approval

The credited vegetation shall be approved by both the Department of ERM and the Zoning Division. The Vegetation survey, Vegetation Disposition Chart, and Final Landscape or Final ALP Division. The Vegetation survey, Vegetation Disposition Chart, and Final Landscape or Final ALP. [Ord. 2018-002] [Ord. 2019-005]

Notes:

Underlined indicates new text. Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Italics indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ]. A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
**EXHIBIT P**

**ARTICLE 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS, ARTICLE 2 PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES AND ARTICLE 7 – LANDSCAPE**


(Updated 10/28/19)

ALP shall clearly identify which vegetation is being preserved to satisfy the requirements of this Article.

**B2. Excluded from Credit**

Credits shall not be permitted for vegetation: [Ord. 2018-0002]

1. Required for preservation by Art. 14.C, Vegetation Preservation and Protection (i.e. located in required preservation areas, heritage or champion trees); [Ord. 2018-0002]

2. IRreplaceably damaged during the construction process; [Ord. 2018-0002] [Ord. 2019-0005]


4. Dead, dying, diseased, or infested with harmful insects; or [Ord. 2018-0002]

5. Located on a subarea of a planned development that is not intended to be developed for residential, commercial, or industrial use, such as a golf course on an adjacent open space parcel. [Ord. 2018-0002]

**B. Replacement**

Required vegetation, landscape barrier or ground treatment that become damaged, diseased, removed or are dead shall be immediately replaced, and where specified, are subject to the Vegetation Removal and Replacement Permit process. Replacement shall comply with the following: [Ord. 2005-002] [Ord. 2018-0002] [Ord. 2019-0005]

1. Trees shall be in accordance with Table 7.E.3.C, Vegetation Credit and Replacement, and subject to the Tree Removal and Replacement Permit pursuant to Art. 7.B.5. [Ord. 2019-0005]

2. Shrubs shall be in accordance with the original size as required under each type of Buffer consistent with Art. 7. Landscaping or Conditions of Approval. [Ord. 2019-0005]

3. A wall or fence shall be in accordance with the original height and the same construction material as required under each type of Buffer consistent with Art. 7, Landscaping or Conditions of Approval, and subject to a Permit approval process. [Ord. 2019-0005]

4. A hedge shall be in accordance with the original height as required under each type of Buffer consistent with Art. 7, Landscaping or Conditions of Approval, where applicable. [Ord. 2019-0005]

5. Ground Treatment shall be in accordance with Art. 7.D.7, Ground Treatment or Conditions of Approval, where applicable. [Ord. 2019-0005] [Relocated from Art. 7.F.3.B, Replacement as it related to Installation and Maintenance]

**C. Vegetation Credit and Replacement Formula**

Existing vegetation that is given credit towards required vegetation, or for the purpose of a replacement permit shall be subject to the following Table. In addition, the size of the credited or replaced vegetation shall be in compliance with the size requirements pursuant to Art. 7.D.2, Trees, Palms and Pines. [Ord. 2019-0005]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 7.E.3.C – Vegetation Credit and Replacement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tree or Pine Diameter at 4.5 Feet Above Grade (1)(2)(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less than 2 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-6 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7-11 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-16 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17-21 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22-26 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27-31 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32-36 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37 in. or greater</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

1. Fractional measurements shall be rounded down in accordance with Art. 1.C.1.A.2 Interpretation and Application. [Ord. 2018-0002]

2. Pines with a diameter of six inches or more, measured at a height of 4.5 feet above grade shall be subject to preservation, mitigation or replacement. [Ord. 2019-0005]

3. Quantitative replacement of palms shall be one for one. [Ord. 2019-0005]

4. Replacement of Vegetation for sites found in violation with irreparable or irreversible harm shall be pursuant to Art. 7.G.3.C Corrective Actions

1. **Natural Disaster Replacement**

The replacement standards of vegetation damaged by natural disaster, as determined by the Executive PZB Director, pursuant to Art. 7.G.2, Temporary Suspension of Landscape Standards, shall be subject to the following, unless otherwise exempt by F.S. Section 163.045.

Notes:

Underlined indicates new text.

Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].

Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
ARTICLE 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS, ARTICLE 2 PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES AND ARTICLE 7 – LANDSCAPE

(Updated 10/28/19)

a. Each tree, palm or pine that has been damaged by natural disaster and impacts the life of the vegetation shall be replaced by a similar tree, palm, or pine subject to the following:

[Ord. 2019-005]

1a) Quantity – one for one; and

[Ord. 2019-005]

2a) Size – pursuant to Art. 7.D.2, Trees, Palms and Pines, or a size specified pursuant to DO Conditions of Approval; [Ord. 2019-005]

3. Timing – Replacement shall be completed in accordance with the dates established by the Executive Director of PZB, pursuant to Art. 7.G.2, Temporary Suspension of Landscape Standards; and

[Ord. 2019-005]

4. Documentation shall be provided by an Applicant when utilizing these reduced standards, or if there are any modifications from the previously approved Final Landscape Plan or Final ALP, and shall be indicated on a revised Planting or Landscape Plan, whichever is applicable.

[Relocated to: Art. 7.G, Enforcement]

2. Illegal Tree or Pine Removal

If a tree or pine is removed with only the stump remaining, the following formula shall be utilized to determine the size of the removed tree or pine. [Ord. 2019-005]

a) measure the diameter of the tree or pine stump and reduce the measurement by 25 percent; and,

[Ord. 2019-005]

b) replacement of the quantity of the tree or pine shall be based on the reduced diameter measurement, and subject to, the requirements of Table 7.E.3.C, Vegetation Credit and Replacement for estimating the number of trees or pines to be replaced [Ord. 2019-006]

[Relocated to Art. 7.G, Enforcement]

Part 7. ULDC Art. 7.F, Landscaping, Installation and Maintenance, Maintenance (page 50-52 of 54, Supplement 25), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning]

1. Relocate Replacement of all types of vegetation and other landscape materials from the Maintenance Section to Art. 7.E.3 as this Section focuses on Credit and Replacement regulations.

2. Delete reference to ERM publication as it is no longer used, and refer to American National Standards Institute, (ANSI) A300 for maintenance

3. Use terminology of Vegetation rather than tree as other species need to be pruned.

4. Add a pruning exemption per a Florida Statue.

CHAPTER F INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE

Section 3 Maintenance

A. General

PBC is responsible for the care and maintenance of the trees and vegetation on PBC-owned property, unless provided for otherwise by DO condition of approval. For all other properties, which includes vegetation required to be installed under a DO, or existing preserved vegetation, the property owner or successors in interest, contractor, or agent, if any, shall be jointly and severally responsible for the requirements of this Section. Maintenance of the Premises shall also be subject to the Palm Beach County Code, Chapter 14, Article 1, Property Maintenance Code. [Ord. 2018-002]

1. Regular maintenance of all landscaping is required. All landscaping shall be free from disease, pests, weeds, and litter. Maintenance shall include weeding, watering, fertilizing, pruning, mowing, edging, mulching, or any other actions needed, consistent with acceptable horticultural practices.

2. Regular maintenance, repair, or replacement of landscape barriers and focal points, including landscape structures (e.g., walls, fences, fountains, and benches) in order to keep them in a structurally sound condition.

3. Perpetual maintenance to prohibit the reestablishment of prohibited and non-native invasive species within landscape and preservation areas.

4. Periodic maintenance to remove diseased or damaged limbs, or remove limbs or foliage that present a hazard. All trees and palms shall be allowed to grow to their natural mature height and to full canopy. [Ord. 2018-002]

5. Landscape areas, which are required to be created or preserved by this Article, shall not be used for temporary parking or the storage/display of materials or sale of products or services.

Notes:

Underlined indicates new text.

Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].

Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
EXHIBIT P

ARTICLE 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS, ARTICLE 2 PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES AND ARTICLE 7 – LANDSCAPE

(Updated 10/28/19)

B. Replacement
Required trees, palms, pines, shrubs, landscape barrier or ground treatment that become damaged, diseased, removed or are dead shall be immediately replaced, and where specified are subject to the Tree Removal and Replacement Permit process. Replacement of vegetation shall comply with the following. [Ord. 2005-002] [Ord. 2018-002] [Ord. 2019-005]

1. Trees shall be in accordance with Table 7. E.3.C, Vegetation Credit and Replacement, and subject to the Tree Removal and Replacement Permit pursuant to Art. 7.B.5. [Ord. 2019-005]

2. Shrubs shall be in accordance with the original size as required under each type of Buffer consistent with Art. 7, Landscaping or Conditions of Approval. [Ord. 2019-005]

3. A wall or fence shall be in accordance with the original height, and the same construction material as required under each type of Buffer consistent with Art. 7, Landscaping or Conditions of Approval, and subject to a Permit approval process. [Ord. 2019-005]

4. A hedge shall be in accordance with the original height as required under each type of Buffer consistent with Art. 7, Landscaping or Conditions of Approval, where applicable. [Ord. 2019-005]

5. Ground Treatment shall be in accordance with Art. 7.D.7, Ground Treatment or Conditions of Approval, where applicable. [Ord. 2019-005] [Relocated to Art. 7.E.3.B, Replacement as it relates to Credit and Replacement]

CB. Maintenance of Vacant Lots
Vacant Lots and Vacant Residential Parcels shall be maintained by the property owner, and shall be subject to the requirements as listed below. [Ord. 2018-002]

....

Section 4 Pruning After Installation

Pruning is permitted after installation to allow for healthy growth, to promote safety considerations, and enhance the aesthetic value of plant material. Trees that conflict with views, signage, or lighting shall not be pruned more than the maximum allowed. Trees shall not be pruned in a manner that reduces the canopy spread to less than 20 feet. Pruning practices shall comply with the guidelines in Tree Care Tips – A Guide to Proper Pruning Techniques, published by the Department of Environmental Resources Management (ERM) American National Standards Institute (ANSI) A300, and the provisions of this Chapter. The Zoning Director may suspend the provisions of this Chapter upon recommendation from County Landscape Staff additional pruning is necessary for plant growth, safety, or aesthetics. [Ord. 2018-002]

A. General Pruning Requirements

1. A maximum of one-fourth of the tree canopy may be removed from a tree within a one-year period, provided that the removal conforms to the standards of crown reduction, crown cleaning, crown thinning, crown raising, vista pruning, and crown restoration pruning techniques. All pruning shall comply with the most recent published version of the American National Standards Institute, ANSI A300 provisions related to tree, shrub and other woody plant maintenance, as amended. The crown of a tree required by this Code or condition of approval shall not be reduced below the minimum spread or height requirements of Art. 7.D.2.A, Trees, or specific conditions of approval. A tree which is pruned in excess of these requirements shall be replaced with a tree that meets the minimum requirements of Art. 7.D.2.A, Trees, and Table 7.E.3.C, Tree Vegetation Credit and Replacement, and Table 7.D.2.E.3.C, Tree Vegetation Credit and Replacement. [Ord. 2014-025]

2. If other than the mature height and spread is desired for any required tree, the size and shape shall be indicated on an approved site plan, planting plan, landscape plan. Shaping of a tree shall be permitted if the tree is to be used as an accent, focal point, or as part of an overall landscape design. A maintenance program shall be clearly outlined on the approved landscape plan to explain the care and upkeep of a shaped tree.

3. When cutting back trees, care shall be taken to promote the shape and form typical of the tree’s species in similar settings in PBC. The crown of a tree required by this Code or condition of approval shall not be reduced below the minimum spread or height requirements of Art. 7.D.2.A, Trees, or specific conditions of approval. A tree which is pruned in excess of these requirements shall be replaced with a tree that meets the minimum requirements of Art. 7.D.2.A, Trees, and Table 7.E.3.C, Tree Vegetation Credit and Replacement, where applicable. A tree which is pruned in excess of these requirements shall be replaced with a tree that meets the minimum requirements of Art. 7.D.2.A, Trees, and Table 7.E.3.C, Tree Vegetation Credit and Replacement. [Ord. 2014-025]

4. Tree topping (hatracking) is prohibited.

5. No large or medium canopy trees shall be pruned before it has reached a minimum 20 foot canopy height and spread.

B. Palm Pruning Requirements

1. No more than one-third of fronds shall be removed.

2. No pruning above the horizon line, except for dead or diseased fronds.

C. Pruning Exemptions

The following trees and species are exempt from these pruning standards:

1. Trees Vegetation affected by FAA and airport safety regulations, to the extent required to comply with these regulations.

2. Trees Vegetation that interfere with corner clips, utility lines, or utility structures, to the extent required to comply with regulations for these areas or structures.

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
ARTICLE 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS, ARTICLE 2 PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES AND ARTICLE 7 – LANDSCAPE
(Updated 10/28/19)

3. Trees Vegetation that have insect or disease damage, crown dieback, or decay greater than 
one third of the tree canopy.
4. Trees Vegetation that have suffered damage due to natural or accidental causes.
5. Trees Vegetation on single-family lots unless pruned by a commercial tree service business,
landscape company, lawn service business, or other related businesses.
6. Trees Vegetation in botanical gardens, or botanical research centers.
7. Trees Vegetation under DOT, DEPW, and FP&L management.
8. Vegetation pruned in accordance with Section 163.045, Florida Statutes.

Part 8. ULDC Art. 7.F, Installation and Maintenance (page 53 of 54, Supplement 25), is hereby 
amended as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reason for amendments:</th>
<th>[Zoning]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1. Relocate natural disaster replacement from Art. 7.C.3, Vegetation Credit and Replacement, and to 
  provide enforcement procedures for those vegetation that were illegally removed. |
| 2. Modify to include vegetation that has had irreparable/irreversible harm and vegetation that is 
  reproparable. |
| 3. To allow the Zoning Director to provide recommendations for corrective actions to Code Enforcement 
  of illegal vegetation removal. |

CHAPTER G ENFORCEMENT

Section 1 Purpose
This Chapter establishes enforcement procedures to ensure compliance with the ULDC and applicable 
DOs. [Ord. 2019-005]

Section 2 Temporary Suspension of Landscape Standards
The Executive Director of PZB may temporarily suspend the standards of this Article and establish 
timeframes and guidelines to replace destroyed or damaged landscape material through a Departmental 
PPM in the following situations: a hurricane; a freeze resulting in unavailability of landscape materials; a 
period of drought resulting in restrictions on water usage imposed by a governmental authority; or a similar 
event. [Ord. 2005-041]

A. Performance Surety
If the landscape standards of this Article are suspended pursuant to this Article, the property owner 
may enter into an agreement with PBC to allow issuance of the permit or CO or Certificate of 
Completion provided the property owner includes as part of this agreement adequate guarantee or 
surety that the terms of this Article will be met after the suspension period has been lifted. The 
guarantee shall consist of a performance bond or other surety agreement approved by the County 
Attorney in an amount equal to 110 percent of the direct costs of materials and labor and other 
costs incidental to the installation of the required landscaping completion agreement. Performance 
bonds or other guarantees required pursuant to this subsection shall name PBC as a beneficiary 
and specify the time-frame for the completion of the landscape standards of this Article. [Ord. 2005- 
041]

B. Application Requirements
An application for a temporary suspension of landscape standards shall be accompanied by a 
landscape plan identifying the plantings that have been postponed, the proposed planting schedule, 
and the costs of the suspended planting. Planting cost estimates may be independently verified by 
PBC.

Section 3 Enforcement
Failure to install or maintain landscape requirements, or when vegetation has been illegally removed, or 
has been irreparably or irreversible harm damaged, shall constitute a violation of the Code or a DO. PZB 
may issue a Cease and Desist Order or withhold a CO or Certification of Completion until the provisions of 
this Article have been met. In the alternative, PZB may refer any violation of this Article to Code Enforcement 
for corrective action or penalties set forth in Art. 10, Enforcement. [Ord. 2019-005]

A. Violations
The following deficiencies shall be considered a separate and continuing violation of this Article or 
A DO: [Ord. 2019-005]
1. Each required tree, palm, pine, or other vegetation not properly installed or maintained shall be 
considered a separate and continuing violation of the ULDC or applicable DO. Each row of

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text. Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ]. 
.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
ARTICLE 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS, ARTICLE 2 PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES AND ARTICLE 7 – LANDSCAPE
(Updated 10/28/19)

B. Determining Extent of the Violation
1. Code Enforcement Staff receives a complaint of non-compliance of the Code or DO;
2. Zoning Division Staff shall conduct a site inspection with the Code Enforcement Staff to assess
   if there is a violation of the Code or any DO, which may include Conditions of Approval that
   requires vegetation to be installed at a larger size, or a previously approved Landscape Plan
   or ALP. The assessment will confirm if the violation is repairable or if there is irreparable or
   irreversible harm pursuant to the definition of Art. 1.I.2.A.33.a, Definitions; and
3. If it is determined by Staff that there is a violation, then the Zoning Staff shall provide a
   recommendation for compliance and Code Enforcement Staff shall issue a Notice of Violation
   (NOV) to the Property Owner to correct the violation.

B.C. Corrective Actions
PBC shall determine appropriate corrective actions, including, but not limited to Code Enforcement
proceedings, the requirement to obtain an after-the-fact permit(s), the replacement of landscape
material, and the requirement to amend the applicable Landscape Plan or DO pertaining to the
property. [Ord. 2019-005]

1. Replacement
   a. Replacement of vegetation shall comply with the size and quantity pursuant to Art. 7.E.3,
      Credit and Replacement or the Conditions of Approval of the DO. [Ord. 2019-005]
   b. Any other landscape materials shall be replaced pursuant to Art. 7.D. Landscape
      Standards. [Ord. 2018-002]

2. Reparable
   For improper pruning or hatracking violations that is deemed repairable, the corrective action
   shall be based upon staff inspection of site and assessment of the violation and damage. The
   violation shall be corrected by implementing proper pruning practices in accordance to ANSI
   A300 standards. One or more monitoring site inspection may be required to confirm the
   damaged vegetation is being properly pruned over time to ensure proper balance in re-growth
   of the canopy or form. Repeated violations shall be processed pursuant to Article 10.B,
   Enforcement by the Code Enforcement Special Masters.

3. Irreparable/Irreversible Harm
   For a violation that is deemed irreparable/irreversible damage to the vegetation, the violation
   shall be corrected by the removal of the damaged vegetation and stump, and replacement of
   the vegetation utilizing one or a combination of the following two options:

   a. Additional Quantity Option
      Utilize Table 7.G.3.C – Violation of Vegetation Replacement to establish the quantity and
      the individual replacement size pursuant to Art. 7.D.2, Trees, Palms and Pines. This option
      may require planting additional trees, palms or pines.
      1) If the property has a prior approved Landscape Plan, ALP or a DO that depicts the
         location of the vegetation, the approval shall be revised to show the new location of
         the additional vegetation.
      2) If the property is subject to Conditions of Approval requiring larger size trees, palms or
         pines, the size of the replacement vegetation shall be in compliance with the
         Conditions, and the vegetation shall be installed in the same or approximate location
         where the original vegetation was shown on the approved Landscape Plan or ALP. If
         additional vegetation is required to be planted on the property as a result of this option,
         then additional sanctions will be placed.
      3) If a tree or pine is removed with only the stump remaining, the following formula shall
         be utilized to determine the size of the removed tree or pine. [Ord. 2019-005]
         a) measure the diameter of the tree or pine stump and reduce the measurement by
            25 percent; and, [Ord. 2019-005]
         b) replacement of the quantity of the tree or pine shall be based on the reduced
            diameter measurement, and subject to, the requirements of Table 7.G.3.C,
            Vegetation Credit and Replacement Violation of Vegetation Replacement for
            estimating the number of trees or pines to be replaced. [Ord. 2019-005]

[Relocated from Art. 7.E.3.C.2, Illegal Tree or Pine Removal]
EXHIBIT P

ARTICLE 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS, ARTICLE 2 PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES AND ARTICLE 7 – LANDSCAPE

(Updated 10/28/19)

Table 7.G.3.C – Violation of Vegetation Replacement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tree or Pine Diameter at 4.5 Feet Above Grade (1)(2)(3)</th>
<th>#</th>
<th>Quantity for Credits or for Replacements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 2 in.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2–4 in.</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5–7 in.</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.1–10 in.</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.1–12 in.</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.1–14 in.</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.1–16 in.</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.1–18 in.</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.1–20 in.</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.1–22 in.</td>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.1–24 in.</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.1–26 in.</td>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26.1–28 in.</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28.1–30 in.</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30.1–32 in.</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32.1–34 in.</td>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34.1–36 in.</td>
<td>18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36.1–38 in.</td>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38.1–40 in.</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
1. Fractional measurements shall be rounded in accordance with Article 1.C.1.A.2 Interpretation and Application.
2. Pines with a diameter of six inches or more, measured at a height of 4.5 feet above grade shall be subject to preservation, mitigation or replacement.
3. Quantity: replacement of palms shall be one for one.

b. Same Quantity and Larger Size Option

This option allows the property owner to install larger size vegetation to replace Irreparable or Irreversible vegetation. The replacement quantity may be one for one only if the size of each replacement tree, palm or pine exceeds the minimum size by 20 percent of the size indicated in Art. 7.D.2, Trees, Palms and Pines. If there are prior Conditions of Approval requiring larger size vegetation, then the replacement vegetation shall comply with the Conditions.

CD. Additional Sanctions

PBC may take any appropriate legal action, including, but not limited to requiring replacement of landscape material which has been hatracked, damaged and rendered unable to achieve its natural and intended form, administrative action, requests for temporary and permanent injunctions, and other sanctions to enforce the provisions of this Section. [Ord. 2005-002]

E. Follow-up Compliance

A follow-up compliance Monitoring Inspection from Landscape staff may be required to confirm the vegetation violation has been satisfied.

APPENDIX A – PBC’S PREFERRED SPECIES LIST - PLANT MATERIAL DATABASE, AS AMENDED

PBCs Preferred Species List available at PZB Zoning Division or on-line at PBC PZB Web Page at:
http://www.pbcgov.com/epZB.Admin.WebSPA/#/Container/Plant_Material_Database
https://www.pbcgov.org/epZB.Admin.WebSPA/#/Container/Plant_Material_Database

Notes:
Underlined indicates new text.
Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
Welcome to the Palm Beach County Preferred Species Plant List Wizard. The purpose of this wizard is to assist you in choosing the correct plant for your yard, garden or roadway. One of the most important considerations in designing your yard or garden is to determine whether the plants you like will survive the microclimate and the temperature range of your area. All plants have a temperature range by which they thrive. The U.S. Department of Agriculture Plant Hardiness Zone Map has been established as a general guide to assist you in choosing the correct plants for your temperature range.

Many other conditions influence a plant survival in your garden. Soil types, rainfall regularity and intensity, exposure to the sun, day length, wind, humidity and heat play major roles in survival. Also, there are microclimates that affect how plants grow within your yard, block and county. One part of your yard may be hotter or colder, wetter or drier, shadier or sunnier. These microclimates dictate what plants will do better in one spot than another.

The Palm Beach County Preferred Species List is a database of plants recommended by the Zoning Division for use within Palm Beach County. Listed below are a number of quick searches and a link to a more detailed search. The report includes each plant’s hardiness zone range, salt tolerance, light range, type, size, growth rate and helpful comments from plant experts, Happy Planting!

**Standard Plant Information reports**

- Native Trees
- Native Palms
- Native Shrubs
- Flowering Plants
- All Plants
- Preferred Street Trees
- All Drought Tolerant Plants

Notes:

- Underlined indicates new text.
- Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
EXHIBIT Q

ARTICLE 11 – SUBDIVISION, PLATTING, AND REQUIRED IMPROVEMENTS, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS, APPLICATION OF ORDINANCE

CR-2019-005
(Updated 09/30/2019)

Part 1. ULDC Art. 11.A.4.A, General Requirements, Application of Ordinance, General Application (page 9 of 45, Supplement 24), is hereby amended as follows:

Reason for amendments: [Zoning/Land Development]

1. To delete an incorrect reference to Art. 2 Chapter H and correct with a general reference to Art. 2.

CHAPTER A  GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Section 4   Application of Ordinance

A. General Application

No person shall create a subdivision or develop any lot within a subdivision in unincorporated PBC except in conformity with this Article. No Final Plat or certified boundary survey of any subdivision shall be recorded unless such subdivision meets all applicable provisions of this Article, the provisions of other applicable PBC ordinances, and the applicable laws of the State of Florida. However, the subdivision of contiguous lands shall not be subject to compliance with the provisions of this Article where the lands are under single ownership with none of the resulting lots being less than 40 acres or where the remaining land is part of a development being platted in phases in accordance with a Master Plan approved by the DRO, unless such compliance is required as a specific condition of a development order for a conditional use or special use approved pursuant to Art. 2.H, FLU Plan Amendments, Application Processes and Procedures.

Notes:
- Underlined indicates new text.
- Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.
- If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].
- Italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].
- .... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
**SECTION 2 PROJECT BUILDOUT/FIVE YEAR STANDARD**

**D. Radius of Development Influence/Project Significance**

---

**4. Transportation Element Policy 1.2.1.f.41, of the Palm Beach County Comprehensive Plan**

establishes a temporary CRALLS on certain roadway links for the exclusive use of Projects with insignificant impact on the identified links. In order to meet this Policy, all Projects seeking to use this temporary CRALLS must implement one of the mitigation requirements set forth below: [Ord. 2008-003]

- a. Prior to issuance of the first building permit, Developer shall pay a one-time mitigation fee of $36 per net Project peak hour trip on the affected temporary General CRALLS link or links. If more than one temporary General CRALLS link is impacted by Project traffic, then the cumulative number of Project peak hour trips on all affected links shall be used to calculate the mitigation fee. The mitigation fee rate per net Project peak hour trip is calculated as follows (assuming that the majority of peak hour trips on the roadway are commuter trips to and from work): [Ord. 2008-003]

  1. Annual cost of traffic congestion in South Florida (from 2007 Annual Urban Mobility Report, Texas Transportation Institute) = $900 per motorist per year. [Ord. 2008-003]

  2. Estimated average length of temporary General CRALLS roadway link = One mile (based upon 2006 year General CRALLS list). [Ord. 2008-003]

  3. Estimated average length of Palm Beach County work trip = 12.5 miles (based upon U.S. Census Journey to Work average time of approximately 25 minutes for Palm Beach County and an average peak hour speed from 2001 National Household Travel Survey of approximately 30 MPH). [Ord. 2008-003]

  4. Project trip length on the affected temporary General CRALLS link is approximately one mile/12.5 miles = 0.08 of the total work trip length. [Ord. 2008-003]

  5. Annual congestion cost of Project peak hour trips on affected temporary General CRALLS link (since these links are identified once every year) = 0.08 x $900 / year = $72 / year. [Ord. 2008-003]

  6. Annual congestion cost of Project peak hour trips attributable to each trip end (either production or attraction) = $72 / year / two = $36 / year. [Ord. 2008-003]

These fees shall be deposited in a separate Fee Account for the roadway Link and shall be used to improve mobility on the affected temporary General CRALLS roadway Link. If Palm-Tran or Tri-Rail mass transit service is available within 0.25 mile walking distance of the main on-site building entrance (for non-residential developments) or within an average 0.25 mile walking distance of all housing units (for residential developments), then these fees shall be dispersed to either Palm-Tran or Tri-Rail for free transit passes for Project employees or residents. If no mass transit service is available within the 0.25 mile walking distance, then the fees shall be dispersed to South Florida Commuter Services to fund an ongoing on-site ridesharing program (for non-residential projects) or other affected General CRALLS link-related transportation demand management improvements (for residential projects), subject to the approval of the County Engineer. [Ord. 2008-003]

b. Develop at a density or intensity which is fifty percent or less of the allowable maximum under the future land use designation. [Ord. 2008-003]

c. Develop a low generation traffic sensitive Project, which will generate fifty percent or less of the 2-way PM peak hour traffic expected under the general land use category permitted by right for the applicable zoning district (assuming the maximum FAR for non-residential land uses or maximum density for residential land uses). [Ord. 2008-003]

---

**Reason for amendments:** [Planning]

---

**Notes:**

Underlined indicates new text.

Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated. If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ]. Stricken and italicized indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.
CHAPTER R — CORRIDOR MASTER PLANS

Section 1——General

The County and affected municipalities shall develop individual corridor master plans to address each
projected corridor failure in corridors identified in the Comprehensive Plan Transportation Element Policy
1.1n, where the adopted Level of Service may not be achieved pursuant to the 2025 Transportation System
Plan for Palm Beach County, Highway Component, prepared by the Metropolitan Planning Organization
hereinafter referred to as the "MPO Model". Once a Corridor Master Plan (hereinafter referred to as
"CMP") has been adopted by the County and any affected municipality for a particular corridor, no project
which is Significant on that corridor shall be approved for development by the County or affected
municipality unless the project meets the requirements of that Corridor Master Plan. Any
intergovernmental differences. Some of the reasons for the deletion included County's past
experience which proved that it was time and resource consuming to resolve all intergovernmental
differences in order to have a Corridor Master Plan (CMP) adopted by all municipalities involved. Any
local government involved in a CMP could veto the whole process. It was further determined that
existing planning tools available at the time of policy deletion could be utilized to achieve planning goals or objectives without the need for a CMP.

A. Corridor Identification

A corridor subject to CMP shall consist of a series of continuous Major Thoroughfare Links, two or
more of which exceed a volume to capacity ratio of 1.0 as projected by the MPO model. All corridors
subject to this section are identified in the Comprehensive Plan. [Ord. 2007-013]

B. Development and Implementation

Corridor Master Plans shall initially be prepared by designated representatives of the County and
any affected municipalities. Corridor Master Plans shall be based generally upon the following
Outline: [Ord. 2007-013]

1. Overview of the Study Process

a. Study Purpose and objectives [Ord. 2007-013]

b. Identification of study area [Ord. 2007-013]

c. Corridor History [Ord. 2007-013]

d. Agency Coordination [Ord. 2007-013]

e. Public notice and participation of affected property owners [Ord. 2007-013]

f. Decision chronology [Ord. 2007-013]

2. Corridor problems and needs [Ord. 2007-013]


Notes:

Underlined indicates new text.

Stricken indicates text to be deleted. Stricken and italicized means text to be totally or partially relocated.

If being relocated destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to: ].

Relocated indicates text to be relocated. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from: ].

.... A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

C. Adoption by the County and Affected Municipalities

1. The Corridor Master Plan must be adopted and implemented by the County and any affected municipalities in order for the terms of the Plan to be enforceable within their respective jurisdictions. If there are outstanding issues that the County and municipal representatives not agree to in the initial draft of the CMP, these issues shall be documented by setting forth the areas of disagreement, the positions of the representatives participating, and any alternatives and compromises offered. [Ord. 2007-013]

2. The draft Corridor Master Plan will be presented to the governing body of the County and each affected municipality for review and comment. If there are also outstanding issues identified by the staffs, the areas of disagreement will also be presented to the respective elected Boards/Commissions for input on how the disagreement should be resolved. If there are remaining unresolved issues identified pursuant to sections C.1., C.2., or C.5., the elected officials shall appoint a negotiator to speak for that local government. [Ord. 2007-013]

3. The designated negotiators shall meet in an attempt to resolve those issues. If agreement is reached, the Corridor Master Plan shall be finalized and presented to the local governments for adoption pursuant to section C.5. [Ord. 2007-013]

4. If outstanding issues remain after the negotiators meet, the parties will schedule a joint mediation meeting of the elected bodies to attempt to resolve those issues. A facilitator/mediator shall chair the meeting. If the parties cannot agree to a facilitator/mediator, the parties will request that the Treasure Coast Regional Planning Council either assist them in selecting a facilitator/mediator or actually select the facilitator/mediator. [Ord. 2007-013]

5. The Corridor Master Plan shall be finalized to include all the items agreed upon by the parties. The Corridor Master Plan shall be presented to the County and each affected municipality for adoption. If any additional areas of disagreement are identified in the adoption process, the local government raising the issue shall present a written report to the other jurisdictions detailing the area of disagreement and reasons for the disagreement. If this occurs, the report will be presented to the other parties. If all of the other parties do not agree to the requested change to the Corridor Master Plan, each local government shall appoint a negotiator as set forth in section C.3. to resolve the issue. [Ord. 2007-013]

6. The Corridor Master Plans shall become effective upon adoption by all of the appropriate local governments. [Ord. 2007-013]
**ATTACHMENT 1**

**LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATION ADVISORY BOARD (LDRAB)**
**LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATION COMMISSION (LDRC)**

**2020 MEETING DATES**
(Updated 10/28/2019)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>DAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January 29, 2020</td>
<td>Wednesday (5th)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February 26, 2020</td>
<td>Wednesday (4th)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 25, 2020</td>
<td>Wednesday (4th)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 22, 2020</td>
<td>Wednesday (4th)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 27, 2020</td>
<td>Wednesday (4th)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 24, 2020*</td>
<td>Wednesday (4th)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 22, 2020</td>
<td>Wednesday (4th)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>August 26, 2020</td>
<td>Wednesday (4th)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September 23, 2020</td>
<td>Wednesday (4th)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 28, 2020</td>
<td>Wednesday (4th)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 17, 2020*</td>
<td>Tuesday (3rd)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 16, 2020*</td>
<td>Wednesday (3rd)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 27, 2021</td>
<td>Wednesday (4th)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**
* Back-up dates to be used if necessary.

**Meeting location and start times are typically as follows:**
Planning, Zoning and Building Department
Vista Center
2300 North Jog Road
West Palm Beach, Florida 33411
Kenneth S. Rogers Hearing Room (VC-1W-47)
Meetings typically commence at 2:00 p.m.

(1) **DISCLAIMER:** Meetings are subject to change, cancellation, or may be continued, rescheduled, relocated, or commenced at a different time as necessary (Reasons for the change include but not limited to length of Agenda, as needed to respond to Hurricanes or other similar natural disasters, etc.).