1	ORDINANCE2017-026
1 2 3 4	
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA, AMENDING THE PALM BEACH COUNTY UNIFIED LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, ORDINANCE 2003-67, AS AMENDED, BY REPEALING ARTICLE 18 AND ADOPTING A NEW ARTICLE 18, PROVIDING FOR FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION REGULATIONS, FLOOD HAZARD MAPS, DESIGNATION OF A FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR, PROCEDURES AND CRITERIA FOR DEVELOPMENT IN FLOOD HAZARD AREAS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES; AMENDING ARTICLE 1 TO PROVIDE FOR DEFINITIONS RELATED TO FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION REGULATIONS; PROVIDING FOR REPEAL OF LAWS IN
13 14 15 16	CONFLICT; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR SAVINGS CLAUSE; PROVIDING FOR INCLUSION IN THE UNIFIED LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE; PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
17	WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, Florida,
18	pursuant to its powers contained in the Florida Constitution, Florida Statutes and the
19	Palm Beach County Charter, is authorized to adopt regulations designed to promote the
20	public health, safety, and general welfare of its citizenry; and
21	WHEREAS, the Federal Emergency Management Agency has identified special
22	flood hazard areas within the boundaries of unincorporated Palm Beach County,
23	Florida, and such areas may be subject to periodic inundation which may result in loss
24	of life and property, health and safety hazards, disruption of commerce and
25	governmental services, extraordinary public expenditures for flood protection and relief,
26	and impairment of the tax base, all of which adversely affect the public health, safety
27	and general welfare, and
28	WHEREAS, Palm Beach County, Florida, was accepted for participation in the
29	National Flood Insurance Program on January 31, 1979, and the Board of County
30	Commissioners desires to continue to meet the requirements of Title 44 Code of
31	Federal Regulations, Sections 59 and 60, necessary for such participation; and
32	WHEREAS, Chapter 553, Florida Statutes, was adopted by the Florida
33	Legislature to provide a mechanism for the uniform adoption, updating, amendment,
34	interpretation and enforcement of a state building code, called the Florida Building
35	Code; and
36	WHEREAS, Section 553.73(5), Florida Statutes, allows adoption of local
37	administrative amendments to the Florida Building Code to implement the National
38	Flood Insurance Program; and
39	WHEREAS, the Board of County Commissioners has determined that it is in the
40	public interest to adopt the proposed flood damage prevention regulations;

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1	WHEREAS, the Land Development Regulation Commission has found this
2	proposed Ordinance to be consistent with the adopted Comprehensive Plan; and
3	WHEREAS, public hearings have been held by the Board of County
4	Commissioners consistent with the requirements set forth in section 125.66, Florida
5	Statutes.
6	
7	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY
8	COMMISSIONERS OF PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA, that:
9	SECTION 1. ADOPTION OF AMENDMENT TO THE UNIFIED LAND
10	DEVELOPMENT CODE:
11	Article 1 of the Palm Beach County Unified Land Development Code is hereby
12	amended as set forth in Exhibit A, and Article 18 of the Palm Beach County Unified
13	Land Development Code is hereby repealed in its entirety and replaced with a new
14	Article 18 as set forth in Exhibit B, both of which are attached hereto and made a part
15	hereof.
16	
17	SECTION 2. REPEAL OF LAWS IN CONFLICT:
18	All local laws and ordinances that apply in Palm Beach County in conflict with
19	any provision of this Ordinance are hereby repealed to the extent of any such conflict.
20	
21	SECTION 3. SEVERABILITY:
22	If any section, paragraph, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this Ordinance is
23	for any reason held by the Court to be unconstitutional, inoperative or void, such holding
24	shall not affect the remainder of this Ordinance.
25	
26	SECTION 4. SAVINGS CLAUSE:
27	All development orders, permits, enforcement orders, ongoing enforcement actions, and
28	all other actions of the Board of County Commissioners, all Palm Beach County administrative
29	boards, hearing boards, enforcement boards, special masters, hearing officers, and all other
30	county decision-making officials and boards, issued pursuant to the procedures established by
31	prior Palm Beach County regulations, shall remain in full force and effect. Each individual
32	appointed to the Flood Damage Prevention Board shall serve for the remainder of his or her

1 SECTION 5. INCLUSION IN THE UNIFIED LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE: 2 The provisions of this Ordinance shall become and be made a part of the Unified 3 Land Development Code of Palm Beach County, Florida. The Sections of this 4 Ordinance may be renumbered or relettered to accomplish such, and the word "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "Article," or any other appropriate word. 5 6 SECTION 6. EFFECTIVE DATE: 7 8 The provisions of this Ordinance shall become effective October 5, 2017. 9 10 APPROVED AND ADOPTED by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm 11 Beach County, on the 24th day of August , 2017. 12 SHARON R. BOCK, CLERK & PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA, COMPTROLLER BY ITS BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS By: B Paulette Burdick, Mayor lerk 8 APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGAL SUFFICIENCY By: **County Attorney** 13 14 15 , 2017. 16

ARTICLE 1, GENERAL PROVISIONS SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1 2	Part 1.		ULDC Art. 1.I, Definitions and Acronyms (pages 30 - 113 of 119), is hereby amended as follows:
3	CHAPTER		DEFINITION & ACRONYMS
4	Section	n 2	Definitions
5 6	Α.	Term	ns defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
6 7 8 9		•	Addition – for the purposes of Art. 18 (to an existing building), means any walled and roofed expansion to the perimeter of a building in which the addition is connected by a common load-
			bearing wall other than a firewall. Any walled and roofed expansion, which is connected by a
10 11			irewall or is separated by independent perimeter load-bearing walls, is new construction, not an addition. [Ord. 2004-013]
12			
13			Alteration of a Watercourse - for the purposes of Art. 18, a dam, impoundment, channel
14			elocation, change in channel alignment, channelization, or change in cross-sectional area of
15 16			the channel or the channel capacity, or any other form of modification which may alter, impede,
17			retard or change the direction and/or velocity of the riverine flow of water during conditions of the Base Flood.
18			
19			Appeal - for the purposes of Art. 18, a request for a review of the Floodplain Administrator's
20			nterpretation of any provision of Art. 18, which is filed with the Flood Damage Prevention
21		and a state of the	Board.
22 23		88 4	Area of Shallow Flooding - for the purposes of Art. 18, a designated AO or AH Zone on 1the
24			atest edition of FEMA issued FIRM for the county with Base Flood depths from one to three
25		f	eet where a clearly defined channel does not exist, where the path of flooding is unpredictable
26			and indeterminate, and where velocity flow may be evident. Such flooding is characterized by
27 28			bonding or sheet flow. [Ord. 2004-013] Area of Special Flood Hazard - for the purposes of Art. 18, (see Special Flood Hazard Area
29			SFHA) the land in the floodplain which is subject to a one percent or greater chance of flooding
30			n any given year (100-Year floodplain as defined by FEMA), and land developed into building
31			sites without a master stormwater drainage system. [Ord. 2004-013]
32			
33 34			ASCE 24 - for the purposes of Art. 18, a standard titled Flood Resistant Design and Construction that is referenced by the Florida Building Code. ASCE 24 is developed and
35			bublished by the American Society of Civil Engineers, Reston, VA.
36		[Ren	umber accordingly]
37	В.	Term	ns defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
38 39		·····	2non Flood
40			Base Flood - a. the flood having a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.
41			. for the purposes of Art. 18, the flood event having a one percent chance of being equaled
42			or exceeded in any given year (also called the "100-Year Flood" and the "Regulatory
43			Flood"). [Ord. 2004-013] a flood having a one-percent chance of being equaled or
44 45			exceeded in any given year. The Base Flood is commonly referred to as the "100 year flood" or the "one-percent-annual-chance flood."
46		7. E	Base Flood Elevation (BFE) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest water surface elevation
47			associated with the Base Flood, set by FEMA in SFHAs. [Ord. 2004-013] the elevation of the
48			Base Flood, including wave height, relative to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD),
49 50			North American Vertical Datum (NAVD) or other datum specified on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM).
50			Basement - for the purposes of Art. 18, the portion of a Building having its floor subgrade
52			below ground level) on all sides.
53			umber accordingly]
54			Breakaway Walls –
55 56		a	any type of walls, whether solid or lattice, and whether constructed of concrete, masonry,
56 57			wood, metal, plastic, or other suitable Building material, that is not part of the structural support of the Building and is intended through its design and construction to collapse
58			under specific later loading forces without causing damage to the elevated portion of the
59			Building or the supporting foundation system.
60		b	of for the purposes of Art. 18, a wall that is not part of the structural support of the building
61 62			and is intended through its design and construction to collapse under specific lateral
62			loading forces without causing damage to the elevated portion of the building or the supporting foundation system.

Notes:

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ARTICLE 1, GENERAL PROVISIONS SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1	
2	54.55. Building -
3	a. Any Structure having a roof supported by columns or walls and intended for the shelter,
3	
4	housing or enclosure of any individual, animal, process, equipment, goods or materials of
5	any kind or nature. For purposes of this Code, tanks (including but not limited to water,
6	gas and other types of storage tanks) and water towers will not be considered Buildings.
0	
4 5 6 7 8 9	[Ord. 2007-013]
8	b. For the purposes of Art. 18, a Structure that encloses an area for any use and shall not
9	include Structures such as walls, playground equipment or gas tanks. The terms Structure
10	and Building are interchangeable in the National Flood Insurance Program. [Ord. 2004-
11	013]
12	[Renumber accordingly]
	Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
	remis defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings.
14	
15	36. Coastal Construction Control Line - for the purposes of Art. 18, the line established by the
16	State of Florida, pursuant to section 161.053, F.S., which defines that portion of the beach-
17	
	dune system subject to severe fluctuations based on a 100-year storm surge, storm waves or
18	other predictable weather conditions.
19	36.37. Coastal High Hazard Area -
20	a. The area subject to high velocity waters, including, but not limited to, hurricane wave wash
21	or tsunamis regulated by F.S. §163.3178(2)(h), as amended. The area is designated on
22	the FIRM as Zone VI-30. [Ord. 2013-021]
23	b. For the purposes of Art. 18, a SFHA extending from offshore to the inland limit of a primary
24	frontal dune along an open coast and any other areas including, but not limited to, hurricane
25	surges or subject to high velocity wave action from storms or seismic sources. The area
26	is designated on the FIRM as Zone V1-V30, VE, or V. [Ord. 2004-013] for the purposes of
27	Art. 18, a Special Flood Hazard Area extending from offshore to the inland limit of a primary
28	frontal dune along an open coast and any other area subject to high velocity wave action
29	from storms or seismic sources. Coastal High Hazard Areas are also referred to as "high
30	hazard areas subject to high velocity wave action" or "V Zones" and are designated on a
31	Flood Insurance Rate Map as Zone V1-V30, VE or V,
32	[Renumber accordingly]
33 D.	Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
34	
35	20. Design Flood - for the purposes of Art. 18, the flood associated with the greater of the following
36	two areas:
37	 Area with a floodplain subject to a one-percent or greater chance of flooding in any year;
38	OL.
39	b. Area designated as a Special Flood Hazard Area on the community's flood hazard map,
40	or otherwise legally designated.
41	21. Design Flood Elevation - for the purposes of Art. 18, the elevation of the Design Flood,
42	including wave height, relative to the datum specified on the community's legally-designated
43	flood hazard map plus any freeboard specified by the community. In areas designated as Zone
44	AO, the Design Flood Elevation shall be the elevation of the highest natural grade, prior to site
45	Development at the Building's perimeter, plus the depth number (in feet) specified on the flood
46	hazard map. In areas designated as Zone AO, where the depth number is not specified on the
	map, the depth number shall be taken as being equal to two feet plus any freeboard specified
47	
48	by the community.
49	
50	
	30. Development
51	a. The carrying out of any Building activity or mining operation, the making of any material
52	change in the use or appearance of land, or the dividing of land into two or more parcels;
53	b. For the purposes of Art. 9, archaeological preservation, the definition in F.S. § 380.04, as
54	well as site preparation work consisting of excavation, earth moving, and the like. This
55	definition shall not include the dividing of land into two or more parcels;
56	c. For the purposes of Art. 12, as defined in F.S. § 380.04, except that it shall not include the
57	following items listed therein the: (1) demolition of a Structure except as an adjunct of
58	construction; (2) clearing of land except as an adjunct of construction; and (3) deposit of
59	refuse, solid or liquid waste, or fill on a lot unless the Site Specific Development Order is
60	specifically for such as the end use and not as an adjunct to the end use;
61	d. For the purposes of Art. 13, as the context indicates, either the carrying on of construction
62	or any physical alteration of a Building or Structure; the result of such activity; a legally
63	divisible parcel of land developed under a common plan; or the change in any use of a
64	Structure or land that increases the impact on capital facilities for which the particular
65	impact fee is assessed. It includes the placement of a mobile home for dwelling purposes;

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ARTICLE 1, GENERAL PROVISIONS SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	e. For the purposes of Art. 18, any man-made change of a Building or other Structure, or the carrying out of any activity to improved or unimproved real estate so as to change the use or appearance of the land, including, but not limited to, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavating, drilling operations, or permanent storage of materials or equipment [Ord. 2004-013] For the purposes of Art. 18, any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including, but not limited to, Buildings or other Structures, tanks, temporary Structures, temporary or permanent storage of equipment or materials, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavations, drilling operations or any other land-disturbing activities.
10 11 E	. Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
12	
13 14 15 16 17	44. Existing Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision - for the purposes of Art. 18, a Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the Manufactured Homes are to be affixed (including, at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed before the effective date of the first Flood Damage Prevention
18 19	Regulations adopted by the County, Ordinance 79-1, on January 31, 1979. [Ord. 2004-013]
20 F	. Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
21 22	9. Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) - for the purposes of Art. 18, the federal
23 24	agency that, in addition to carrying out other functions, administers the National Flood Insur- ance Program.
25	ance riogram.
26	33. Flood Boundary and Floodway Map (FBFM) - for the purposes of Art. 18, the latest edition
27	of the official map on which the FEMA or Federal Insurance Administration (FIA) has delineated
28 29	SFHAs and regulatory floodway. [Ord. 2004-013] 34. Flooding, Area of Shallow - a designated AO or VO Zone on the FIRM; the Base Flood depth
30	ranges from one to three feet; a clearly defined channel does not exist; the path of flooding is
31	unpredictable and indeterminable; and velocity flow may be evident.
32	35. Flooding, Area of Special Flood Hazard - the land in the flood plain subject to a one percent
33	or greater chance of flooding in any given year.
34 35	37. Flood Damage Prevention – for the purposes of Art. 18, the operation of an overall program
36	of corrective and preventive measures for reducing flood damage and preserving and
37	enhancing, where possible, natural resources in the flood prone areas including, but not limited
38	to, emergency preparedness plans, flood control works, flood damage prevention regulations,
39 40	open space plans, and setting of minimum floor elevations. [Ord. 2004-013] 38.37. Flood Damage Prevention Floodplain Administrator - for the purposes of Art. 18, the
40	County Building Official hereby appointed to administer and enforce these flood damage
42	prevention regulations, including, but not limited to, all Variance and Appeal hearings before
43	the Flood Damage Prevention Board or a designee of the Building Official's holding a FEMA
44	Certified Floodplain Manager Designation. [Ord. 2004-013]
45 46	39. Flood Damage Resistant Materials – for the purposes of Art. 18, any construction material capable of withstanding direct and prolonged contact with floodwaters without sustaining any
40	damage that requires more than cosmetic repair.
48	40. Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance - for the purposes of Art. 18, the regulations and FEMA
49	documents referenced in Art.18.A.1.A.1. In addition, there may be other controls on
50	development in flood prone areas contained in zoning ordinances, subdivision regulations,
51 52	building codes and other state and federal regulations. [Ord. 2004-013] 40. Flood Hazard Area - for the purposes of Art. 18, the greatest of the following three areas:
53	a. The area within a floodplain subject to a one-percent or greater chance of flooding in any
54	year.
55	b. The area designated as a Flood Hazard Area on the community's flood hazard map, or
56	otherwise legally designated. c. The area developed into Building sites without a master-engineered stormwater drainage
57 58	<u>c. The area developed into building sites without a master-engineered stormwater dramage plan.</u>
59	41Flood Hazard Boundary Map (FHBM) -
60	a. The official map of PBC, produced by the FEMA or by PBC, where the boundaries of the
61	areas of special flood hazard have been designated as Zone A.
62 63	b. For the purposes of Art. 18, the latest edition of an official map of the County, issued by FEMA that indicate approximate areas of 100-year flood hazards in a community. [Ord.
64	2004-013]
65	42. Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) - for the purposes of Art. 18, the latest edition of an official
66	map of the County, on which FEMA has delineated both the FEMA SFHAs and the risk

Notes:

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ARTICLE 1, GENERAL PROVISIONS SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1		premium zones applicable to the County. [Ord. 2004-013] the official map of the community
2		on which the Federal Emergency Management Agency has delineated both Special Flood
3		Hazard Areas and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.
4		43. Flood Insurance Study (FIS) - for the purposes of Art. 18, the official hydraulic and hydrologic
5		report provided by FEMA. This report contains flood profiles, as well as the FIRM, FHBM
6		(where applicable) and the water surface elevation of the Base Flood the official report provided
7		by the Federal Emergency Management Agency that contains the Flood Insurance Rate Map,
6		
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		the Flood Boundary and Floodway Map (if applicable), the Water Surface Elevations of the Base Flood, and supporting technical data.
10		
		46 Electrolation Development Descrit on American for the surgeous of Art 49, on efficiel
11		46. Floodplain Development Permit or Approval - for the purposes of Art. 18, an official
12		document or certificate issued by the community, or other evidence of approval or concurrence.
13		which authorizes performance of specific Development activities that are located in Special
14		Flood Hazard Areas and that are determined to be compliant with Art. 18.
15		47. Floodproofing - any combination of structural or nonstructural adjustments, changes, or actions
16		that reduce or eliminate flood damage to a structure, content, and attendant ultilities and
17		equipment.
18		45. <u>48.</u> Floodway <u>-</u>
19		a. The channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be
20		reserved in order to discharge the Base Flood without cumulatively increasing the Water
21		Surface Elevation more than one foot.
22		b. For the purposes of Art. 18, the channel of a river or other watercourse, intercoastals, and
23		the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the Base Flood without
24		cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than 12 inches. [Ord. 2004-013]
25		49. Floodway Encroachment Analysis - for the purposes of Art. 18, an engineering analysis of
26		the impact that a proposed encroachment into a Floodway is expected to have on the Floodway
27		boundaries and Base Flood Elevations; the evaluation shall be prepared by a gualified Florida-
28		licensed engineer using standard engineering methods and models.
29		
30		55. Florida Building Code - for purposes of Art. 18, the codes adopted by the Florida Building
31		Commission, including, but not limited to: Accessibility Volume; Building Volume; Energy
32		Conservation Volume; Residential Volume; Existing Building Volume; Mechanical Volume;
33		Plumbing Volume; Fuel Gas Volume; and the National Electrical Code.
34		
35		67. Functionally-Dependent Use - for the purposes of Art. 18, a use which cannot perform its
36		
		intended purpose unless it is located or carried out in close proximity to water, including only docking facilities and port facilities that are necessary for the loading and unloading of cargo or
37		QUCKING RECIPTION AND DOLLIACINGES THAT ALL RECESSARY TO THE LOADING AND UNIORDING OF CARDO OF
20		
38		passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term
39		passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities.
39 40		passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly]
39 40 41	H.	passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly]
39 40 41 42	Н.	passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
39 40 41 42 43	н.	passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade –
39 40 41 42 43 44	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or
39 40 41 42 43 44 45	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building.
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure.
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure.
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Structure.
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed construction walls of a Building.
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39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed construction walls of a Building. 19. Historic Building or Structure - for the purposes of Art. 18, any Building or Structure that is determined eligible for the exception to the Special Flood Hazard Area requirements of the
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed construction walls of a Building. 17. Historic Building or Structure - for the purposes of Art, 18, any Building or Structure that is determined eligible for the exception to the Special Flood Hazard Area requirements of the Florida Building Code, Existing Building Volume, Chapter 11, Historic Buildings, being listed
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls of a Building. 17. Historic Building or Structure - for the purposes of Art. 18, any Building or Structure that is determined eligible for the exception to the Special Flood Hazard Area requirements of the Florida Building Code, Existing Building Volume, Chapter 11, Historic Buildings, being listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls of a Building.
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls of a Building. 17. Historic Building or Structure - for the purposes of Art. 18, any Building or Structure that is determined eligible for the exception to the Special Flood Hazard Area requirements of the Florida Building Code, Existing Building Volume, Chapter 11, Historic Buildings, being listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register or certified or preliminarily
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls of a Building. Tinished: the highest natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls of a Building. Time 19. Historic Building or Structure - for the purposes of Art, 18, any Building or Structure that is determined eligible for the exception to the Special Flood Hazard Area requirements of the Florida Building Code, Existing Building Volume, Chapter 11, Historic Buildings, being listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register or certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls of a Building. Finished: the highest natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls of a Building. 19. Historic Building or Structure - for the purposes of Art, 18, any Building or Structure that is determined eligible for the exception to the Special Flood Hazard Area requirements of the Florida Building Code, Existing Building Volume, Chapter 11, Historic Buildings, being listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register or certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls of a Building. Finished: the proposed exterior walls of a Building. 19. Historic Building or Structure - for the purposes of Art. 18, any Building or Structure that is determined eligible for the exception to the Special Flood Hazard Area requirements of the Florida Building Code, Existing Building Volume, Chapter 11, Historic Buildings, being listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register or certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic or individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: If Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished; the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Crade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls of a Building. Finished; the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls of a Building. 17. 19. Historic Building or Structure - for the purposes of Art, 18, any Building or Structure that is determined eligible for the exception to the Special Flood Hazard Area requirements of the Florida Building Code, Existing Building Volume, Chapter 11, Historic Buildings, being listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register or certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district or individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservatio
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 9 60 61 62 63	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: If the highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls of a Building. Finished: the proposed exterior walls of a Building. 19. Historic Building or Structure - for the purposes of Art, 18, any Building or Structure that is determined eligible for the exception to the Special Flood Hazard Area requirements of the Florida Building Code, Existing Building Volume, Chapter 11, Historic Buildings, being listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register or certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district or individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or individually listed on the Historic Palm Beach County Preservation Board's inventory of
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 9 60 61 62 63 64	H.	 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished; the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Structure. 19. Historic Building or Structure - for the purposes of Art. 18, any Building or Structure that is determined eligible for the exception to the Special Flood Hazard Area requirements of the Florida Building Code, Existing Building Volume, Chapter 11, Historic Buildings, being listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or individually listed on the Historic Places. [Ord. 2004-013]
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 8 9 60 61 62 63 64 65		 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Structure. 19. Historic Building or Structure - for the purposes of Art. 18, any Building or Structure that is determined eligible for the exception to the Special Flood Hazard Area requirements of the Florida Building Code, Existing Building Volume, Chapter 11, Historic Buildings, being listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register or certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district or individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic places. [Ord. 2004-013] [Renumber Accordingly]
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 9 60 61 62 63 64		 passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities; the term does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities. [Renumber Accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings: 15. Highest Adjacent Grade – Natural: the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to start of any past or proposed construction or Development, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Building. Finished; the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls or foundation of a Structure. 16. Highest Adjacent Natural Grade (HANG) – for the purposes of Art. 18, the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed exterior walls or foundation of a Structure. 19. Historic Building or Structure - for the purposes of Art. 18, any Building or Structure that is determined eligible for the exception to the Special Flood Hazard Area requirements of the Florida Building Code, Existing Building Volume, Chapter 11, Historic Buildings, being listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or individually listed on the Historic Places. [Ord. 2004-013]

Notes:

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- .
- A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space.

ARTICLE 1, GENERAL PROVISIONS SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1		
2		26. Letter of Map Change (LOMC) - for the purposes of Art. 18, an official determination issued
3		by FEMA that amends or revises an effective Flood Insurance Rate Map or Flood Insurance
4		Study. Letters of Map Change include:
4 5 6 7 8		1. Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) - for the purposes of Art. 18, a revision based on
5		
6		technical data that may show changes to flood zones, flood elevations, Special Flood
7		Hazard Area boundaries and Floodway delineations, and other planimetric features.
8		2. Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA): An amendment based on technical data showing that
9		a property was incorrectly included in a designated special flood hazard area. A LOMA
10		amends the current effective Flood Insurance Rate Map and establishes that a specific
11		property, portion of a property, or structure is not located in a special flood hazard area.
12		3. Letter of Map Revision Based on Fill (LOMR-F): A determination that a structure or parcel
13		of land has been elevated by fill above the base flood elevation and is, therefore, no longer
14		located within the special flood hazard area. In order to gualify for this determination, the
15		fill must have been permitted and placed in accordance with the community's floodplain
16		management regulations.
17		4. Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) - for the purposes of Art. 18, a formal
18		review and comment as to whether a proposed flood protection project or other project
19		complies with the minimum NFIP requirements for such projects with respect to delineation
20		of Special Flood Hazard Areas. A CLOMR does not revise the effective Flood Insurance
21		Rate Map or Flood Insurance Study; upon submission and approval of certified as-built
22		documentation, a Letter of Map Revision may be issued by FEMA to revise the effective
23		FIRM.
23		Automatical and Automatical
		20 Light Duty Tauch for the surgering of Ad 40 and as defined in 40 0 5 D 00 000 0
25		38. Light-Duty Truck - for the purposes of Art. 18, and as defined in 40 C.F.R. 86.082-2, any
26		motor vehicle rated at 8,500 pounds Gross Vehicular Weight Rating or less which has a
27		vehicular curb weight of 6,000 pounds or less and which has a basic vehicle frontal area of 45
28		square feet or less, which is:
29		1. Designed primarily for purposes of transportation of property or is a derivation of such a
30		vehicle, or
31		2. Designed primarily for transportation of persons and has a capacity of more than 12
32		persons; or
33		3. Available with special features enabling off-street or off-highway operation and use.
34		
35		72 Lowest Elear for the purposes of Art 19 the Lowest Elear of the lowest england area
		73. Lowest Floor - for the purposes of Art. 18, the Lowest Floor of the lowest enclosed area
36		(including Basement) of a Building. Any unfinished or flood resistant enclosure, used solely for
37		parking of vehicles, Building access, or storage, in an area other than a Basement, is not
38		considered a Building's Lowest Floor, provided that such enclosure is not built so as to render
39		the Structure in Violation of the non-elevation design standards of the Florida Building Code or
40		ASCE 24. [Ord. 2004-013]
41		[Renumber accordingly]
42	Μ.	Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
43		
44		12. Manufactured Home - for the purposes of Art. 18, a single-family dwelling constructed entirely
45		in a controlled factory environment built to HUD standards; defined in 24 CFR 3280.2 Subpart
46		
40		A Definitions as amended or replaced, as a Structure transportable in one or more sections,
		which in the traveling mode, is eight feet or more in width of and 40 feet or more in length, or
48		when erected on site, is 320 or more square feet, and which is built on a permanent chassis
49		and designed to be a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the
50		required utilities which includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning and electrical systems
51		contained therein. For the purpose of this Article, "mobile "Mobile home" is considered to be
52		synonymous with Manufactured Home. The term includes, but is not limited to, Park Trailers,
53		travel trailers and commercial trailers placed on site for 180 consecutive days or longer and
54		intended to be improved property improvements to real property. Those manufactured
55		Buildings for residential, commercial, institutional or other use, constructed under DCA
56		programs DBPR codes and standards for compliance with Florida Building Code are excluded
57		from this definition. [Ord. 2004-013]
58		13. Manufactured Home Park or Manufactured Home Subdivision –
59		a A parcel (or contiguous parcels) of land divided into two or more Manufactured Home lots
60		for rent or sale for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lot on which the
61		Manufactured Home is to be affixed (including, at a minimum, the installation of utilities,
62		either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads, or the construction of streets) is
63		completed on or after the effective date of this Code. See also Manufactured Building.
64		b. For the purposes of Art. 18, a parcel or contiguous parcel, of land divided into two or more
65		manufactured home lots for rent or sale.
66		***

Notes:

- .
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ARTICLE 1, GENERAL PROVISIONS SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1 2 3		 Market value - for the purposes of Art. 18, the building value, excluding the land, as established by what the local real estate market will bear. Market value can be established by independent certified appraisal, replacement cost depreciated by age of Building (Actual Cash Value), or
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		adjusted assessed values [Ord. 2004-013] the price at which a property will change hands between a willing buyer and a willing seller, neither party being under compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of relevant facts. As used in Art. 18, the term refers to the Market Value of Buildings and Structures, excluding the land and other improvements on
10 11		the parcel. Market Value may be established by a qualified independent appraiser. Actual Cash Value (replacement cost depreciated for age and quality of construction), or tax assessment value adjusted to approximate Market Value by a factor provided by the Property Appraiser or Floodplain Administrator.
12		
13		30. Mean Sea Level
14 15 16		 The average height of the sea for all stages of the tide based on the NGVD. For the purposes of Art. 18, the average height of the sea for all stages of the tide. It is used as a reference for establishing various elevations within the floodplain.
17 18 19	N.	 Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
20 21 22 23		 National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) – for the purposes of Art.18, as corrected in the year of 1929, is a vertical control used as a reference for establishing varying elevations within the floodplain. This datum is referenced on existing prior FIRMs of or by FEMA. [Ord. 2004-013]
24		
25 26 27 28		18. New Building – for the purposes of Art. 18, a Structure that encloses an area for any use, and shall not include Structures such as walls, playground equipment or gas tanks, for which the "Start of Construction" commenced on or after the effective date of this Article. The term also includes any subsequent improvements to such Buildings. [Ord. 2004-013]
29 30 31		20.19. New Construction
32 33 34		 For the purposes of Art. 13, Structures for which the Start of Construction commenced on or after the effective date of this Code.
35 36 37 38 39 40 41		b. For the purposes of Art. 18, any Structure, including duct work and Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) equipment, for which the "start of construction" commenced on or after the effective date of this Article. The term also includes any subsequent improvements to such Structures. [Ord. 2004-013] and the flood-resistant construction requirements of the Florida Building Code, Structures for which the "Start of Construction" commenced on or after January 31, 1979, and includes any subsequent improvements to such Structures.
42 43 44 45 46		42. Non-Residential Construction – for the purposes of Art. 18, new construction or substantial improvement of Structures not defined as "Residential Construction" and including, but not limited to, small business concerns and commercial hotels/motels, as defined by FEMA, churches, schools, nursing homes, farm Buildings, government Buildings, mercantile Structures, industrial plants and warehouses. [Ord. 2004-013]
47 48 49		45. North American Vertical Datum (NAVD) - For the purposes of Art. 11 and Art. 18, a proposed replacement datum of NGVD, identified by FEMA to be the reference of new FIRM from FEMA
50 51		when current 1979 and 1982 flood maps are replaced. [Ord. 2004-013] [Ord. 2010-022] for the purposes of Art. 11 and Art. 18, the vertical control datum of orthometric height established for
52		vertical control surveying in the United States of America based upon the General Adjustment
53		of the North American Datum of 1988.
54	0	[Renumber accordingly]
55 56	0.	
57		3. Obstruction - for the purposes of Art. 18, includes, but is not limited to, any dam, wall, wharf,
58		embankment, levee, dike, pile, abutment, protection, excavation, channelization, bridge,
59		conduit, culvert, Building, wire, fence, rock, gravel, refuse, fill, Structure, vegetation or other
60		material in, along, across or projecting into any watercourse which may alter, impede, retard or
61		change the direction and/or velocity of the flow of water, or due to its location, its propensity to
62		snare or collect debris carried by the flow of water, or is likely to be carried downstream. [Ord.
63		2004-013] [Penumber apportingly]
64 65	P	[Renumber accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
66	P.,	rems defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:

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ARTICLE 1, GENERAL PROVISIONS SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1 2 3		17. Park Trailer - for the purposes of Art. 18, a transportable unit which has a body width not exceeding 14 feet and which is built on a single chassis and is designed to provide seasonal or temporary living guarters when connected to utilities necessary for operation of installed
4		fixtures and appliances (see F.S. 320.01, as amended or replaced).
4 5 6	P	[Renumber accordingly] Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
7	Π.	remis defined herein of referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings.
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25		 12. Recreational Vehicle a. For the purposes of Art. 6, a truck, bus, trailer, pickup camper, pop-up camper, fifth wheel or other vehicle with or without motor power which has been converted or equipped with living or sleeping quarters and is designed and constructed to travel on public thoroughfares without a special permit in accordance with the provisions of the Vehicle Code of the State of Florida. b. For the purposes of Art. 18, a vehicle <u>which is:</u> -type unit primarily designed as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use, which either has its own motive power or is mounted on or drawn by another vehicle (see <u>F.S. 320.01</u>), as amended or replaced. Such vehicles shall comply with the length and width provisions of <u>F.S. 316.515</u>, as amended or replaced. [Ord. 2004-013] 1. Built on a single chassis; 2. 400 square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projection; 3. Designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a Light-Duty Truck; and 4. Designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel or seasonal use (see F.S. 320.01, as amended or replaced). 5. Not occupied for more than six months.
26		o. Not occupied for more than six months.
27 28 29 30		27. Repetitive Loss – for the purposes of Art. 18, flood-related damages sustained by a property, which the National Flood Insurance Program has paid two or more flood claims of \$1,000.00 or more in any given ten-year period since 1978. [Ord. 2004-013]
31 32 33 34 35		32. Residential Construction – for the purposes of Art. 18, new construction or substantial improvement of Structures including, but not limited to, high-rise and low-rise condominium units, apartment Buildings, timeshares, townhouse/rowhouse Structures, residential hotels/motels and "other residential Structures" as defined by FEMA, manufactured and mobile/trailer homes, single family Structures and duplexes. [Ord. 2004-013]
36	S.	Terms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
37 38		3. Sand Dunes - for the purposes of Art. 18, naturally-occurring accumulations of sand in ridges
39		or mounds landward of the beach.
40		****
41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48		70.71. Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) – for the purposes of Art. 18, (see Area of Special Flood Hazard), is a geographic area identified by FEMA and the county as being low lying areas or especially susceptible to flooding and shown on the latest edition of maps (FHBM or FIRM) as Zone A, AO, A1-A30, AE, A99, AH, V1-V30, VE, or V; and any area developed as Building sites, without a master stormwater drainage system, in unincorporated Palm Beach County outside FEMA A or V zones. [Ord. 2004-013] the land area subject to flood hazards and shown on a Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard map as Zone A, AE, A1-30, A99, AR, AO, AH, V, VO, VE or V1-30.
49		92.94 Start of Construction for the surgeon of Art 19 (for other than now construction or
50 51		83.84. Start of Construction - for the purposes of Art. 18, (for other than new construction or substantial improvement under the Coastal Barrier Resources Act P.L. 97-348, as amended or
52		replaced), for all construction, includes Substantial Improvement, and means the date the
53		Building permit was issued, provided the actual Start of Construction, repair, reconstruction,
54		rehabilitation, addition, or improvement was within 180 days six months of the permit date. The
55		actual start means the first placement of permanent construction of a Building, including a
56		Manufactured Home, on a site, such as the pouring of slabs or footings, installation of piles,
57 58		construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation or placement of a Manufactured Home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land
59		preparation, such as clearing, grading and filling; nor does it include installation of streets
60		and/or walkways; nor does it include excavation for a Basement, footings, piers or foundations
61		or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include installation or alteration on the property
62		of accessory Buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of
63		the main Building. For Substantial Improvement, the actual Start of Construction means the
64		first installation of any foundation, wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of a Building,
65		whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the Building. on all residential,
66		commercial, institutional, and other Buildings. [Ord. 2004-013]

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ARTICLE 1, GENERAL PROVISIONS SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1	
2	422 <u>123</u> .Structure
2 3 4	 Unless specified otherwise, means that which is three feet or more in height which is built
4	or constructed or erected or tied down having a fixed location on the ground or attached to
5 6 7 8 9	something having a permanent location on the ground, such as Buildings, homes, mobile
6	homes, towers, walls, fences, billboards, shore protection devices and poster panels.
7	[Ord. 2004-013] [Ord. 2007-001]
8	b. For the purposes of Art. 16, any object, temporarily or permanently constructed or installed
9	by man, including but not limited to: Buildings, towers, smoke stacks, utility poles,
10	antennas, construction cranes and overhead transmission lines.
11	c. For the purposes of Art. 18, that constructed by humans, including gas or liquid storage
12	tanks that are principally above ground, walls and roofed Buildings. [Ord. 2004-013] a
13	
	walled and roofed Building, including a gas or liquid storage tank, that is principally above
14	ground, as well as a Manufactured Home. The terms Structure and Building are
15	interchangeable in the National Flood Insurance Program.
16	
17	426127.Substantial Damage - for the purposes of Art. 18, damage of any origin sustained by a
18	Building or Structure whereby the cost of restoring the Building or Structure to it's before
19	damaged condition would equal or exceed 50 percent of the Market Value of the Building
20	or Structure before the damage occurred. This term also includes Structures that have
21	incurred "repetitive loss." [Ord. 2004-013] flood-related damage sustained by a Building or
22	Structure on two separate occasions during a ten-year period for which the cost of repairs
23	at the time of each such flood event, on average, equals or exceeds 25 percent of the
24	Market Value of the Structure before the damage occurred.
25	427128.Substantial Improvement –
26	a. For the purposes of Art. 9, any combination of repairs, reconstruction or improvement of a
27	Structure, where the improvement creates additional enclosed space that contains
28	equipment or utilities relative to the primary Structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds
29	50 percent of the Market Value of the Structure either before the improvement or repair is
30	started, or if the Structure has been damaged and is being restored, before the damage of
31	
	any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of the Building commences, whether or not
32	that alteration affects the external dimensions of the Structure. The term does not,
33	however, include either any Development for improvement of a Structure to comply with
34	existing State or local health, sanitary, or safety Code specifications that are solely
35	necessary to assure safe living conditions or any alteration of a Structure listed on the
36	National Register of Historic Places or a State Inventory of Historic Place.
37	b. For the purposes of Art. 18, any combination of repairs, reconstruction, rehabilitation,
38	addition or improvement of a Building or Structure taking place during a five-year period,
39	the cumulative cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the Market Value of the
40	Structure before the improvement or repair is started. For each Building or Structure, the
41	five-year period begins on the date of the first permit is issued for improvement or repair of
42	that Building or Structure in the preceding five years. If the Structure has sustained
43	Substantial Damage, any repairs are considered Substantial Improvement regardless of
44	the actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include any project for
45	improvement of a Building required to correct existing health, sanitary or safety code
46	Violations identified by the Building Official and that are the minimum necessary to assure
47	safe living conditions. For the purposes of residential and non-residential condominiums,
48	market value shall be determined to be a prorated share of the total market value of the
49	building, alteration for the purposes, or other improvements to a Building taking place
50	during a five-year period, in which the cumulative cost of such improvements equals or
51	exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the Building before the start of construction of
52	the repair or improvement. This term does not include any repair or improvement of a
53	Structure to correct existing violations of state or local health, sanitary, or safety code
54	specifications, which have been identified by the local code enforcement official prior to the
55	application for the permit for improvement, and which are the minimum necessary to assure
56	safe living conditions. For the purposes of this definition, "Substantial Improvement" occurs
57	when the first installation of any foundation, wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of
58	the Building commences, whether or not that installation affects the external dimensions of
59	the Structure. This term includes Structures that have incurred "repetitive loss" or
60	"substantial damage," regardless of the actual repair work performed. [Ord. 2004-013]
61	129.Substantially-Improved, Existing Manufactured Home Parks or Subdivisions - For the
62	purposes of Art. 18, the repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation or improvement of the streets,
63	utilities and pads equals or exceeds 50 percent of the value of the streets, utilities and pads
64	before the repair, reconstruction or improvement commenced. [Ord. 2004-013]
65	[Renumber accordingly]
V-2707000	

Notes:

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ARTICLE 1, GENERAL PROVISIONS SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1	V.	Te	rms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
2			
3		6.	Variance
4			a. An abatement of certain regulations in the ULDC, where such Variance will not be contrary
5			to the public interest and where, owing to conditions peculiar to the property and not the
4 5 6			result of the actions of the applicant, a literal enforcement of this Code would result in
7			unnecessary and undue hardship. [Ord. 2014-001]
7 8 9			b. For the purposes of Art. 18, after a public hearing before the Flood Damage Prevention
9			Board, a grant of relief from the requirements of this Article, which permits construction in
10			a manner otherwise prohibited by this Article where specific enforcement would result in
11			exceptional hardship. [Ord. 2004-013] For the purposes of Art. 18, a grant of relief from
12			the requirements of Art. 18 or the flood-resistant construction requirements of the Florida
13			Building Code, as granted by the Flood Damage Prevention Board, which permits
14			construction in a manner that would not otherwise be permitted by Art. 18 or the Florida
15			Building Code.
16			
17		18	. Violation - for the purposes of Art. 18, the failure of a Structure or other Development to be
18			fully compliant with this Article Art. 18. In addition, a Structure or other Development without a
19			required FEMA elevation certificate, other acceptable elevation certifications, or other evidence
20			of compliance required in this Article Art. 18 is presumed to be in Violation until such time as
21			that documentation is provided. [Ord. 2004-013]
22			
23	W.	Te	rms defined herein or referenced in this Article shall have the following meanings:
24			
25		13	. Water Surface Elevation - for the purposes of Art. 18, the height, in relation to NGVD of 929,
26			(or other datum, where specified) the datum on the current Flood Insurance Rate Map of floods
27			of various magnitudes and frequencies in the floodplains of coastal or riverine areas. [Ord.
28			2004-013]

Notes:

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1 2	Part 1.	ULDC Art. 18, Flood Damage Prevention (pages 1 to 12 of 12), is hereby repealed and replaced with the following text:
3	CHAPT	TER A ADMINISTRATION, PERMITTING AND ENFORCEMENT
4	SECTI	ON 1 GENERAL
5	<u>A.</u>	Title
5 6 7 8		These regulations shall be known as the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance of PBC, Florida.
8	<u>B.</u>	Authority Chapter 125, Florida Statutes, authorizes the legislative and governing body of PBC, Florida, the
9		power to establish and administer programs of flood control; and the BCC of PBC, Florida, has the
10		responsibility to adopt regulations designed to promote the public health, safety and general welfare
11	0	of its citizens.
12 13	<u>u.</u>	Scope The provisions of this Article shall apply, within the limits of PBC's jurisdictional authority, to all
14		Development that is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area, as defined in
15		Art. 1, including but not limited to: the subdivision of land; filling, grading, and other site
16		improvements and utility installations; alteration, remodeling, enlargement, improvement,
17 18		replacement, repair, relocation or demolition of Buildings, Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C; placement, installation or replacement of
19		Manufactured Homes and Manufactured Buildings; installation or replacement of tanks; placement
20		of Recreational Vehicle parking pads; installation of swimming pools; and any other Development.
21	D.	Intent
22		The purposes of this Article and the flood load and flood resistant construction requirements of the
23 24		Florida Building Code are to establish minimum requirements to safeguard the public health, safety and general welfare and to minimize public and private losses due to flooding through regulation of
25		Development in Special Flood Hazard Areas to:
26		1. Minimize unnecessary disruption of commerce, access and public service during times of
27		flooding:
28		2. Require the use of appropriate construction practices in order to prevent or minimize future
29 30		<u>flood damage:</u> 3. Manage filling, grading, dredging, mining, paving, excavation, drilling operations, storage of
31		equipment or materials, and other Development which may increase flood damage or erosion
32		potential;
33		4. Manage the alteration of Special Flood Hazard Areas, watercourses, and shorelines to
34 35		minimize the adverse impact of Development on the natural and beneficial functions of the floodplain;
36		 Minimize damage to public and private facilities and utilities;
37		6. Help maintain a stable tax base by providing for the sound use and Development of Special
38		Flood Hazard Areas:
39 40		7. Minimize the need for future expenditure of public funds for flood control projects and response to and recovery from flood events; and
40		8. Meet the requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program for community participation,
42		as set forth in the Title 44 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 59.22.
43	<u>E.</u>	Coordination with the Florida Building Code
44		This Article is intended to be administered and enforced in conjunction with the Florida Building
45 46		Code. Where cited, ASCE 24 refers to the edition of the standard that is referenced by the Florida Building Code.
47	F.	Warning
48		The degree of flood protection required by this Article and the Florida Building Code, as amended
49		by PBC, is considered the minimum reasonable for regulatory purposes and is based on scientific
50 51		and engineering considerations. Larger floods can and will occur. Flood heights may be increased by man made or natural causes. This Article does not imply that land outside of mapped
52		Special Flood Hazard Areas, or that uses permitted within such Special Flood Hazard Areas, will
53		be free from flooding or flood damage. The Special Flood Hazard Areas and Base Flood Elevations
54		contained in the Flood Insurance Study and shown on Flood Insurance Rate Maps and the
55		requirements of Title 44 Code of Federal Regulations, Sections 59 and 60, may be revised by the
56 57		Federal Emergency Management Agency, requiring PBC to revise these regulations to remain eligible for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. No guarantee of vested use,
58		existing use, or future use is implied or expressed by compliance with this Article.
59	G.	Disclaimer of Liability
60		This Article shall not create liability on the part of the PBC BCC or by any officer or employee hereof
61 62		for any flood damage that results from reliance on this Article or any administrative decision lawfully
02		made thereunder.

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1	Section	n 2 Applicability
23455789	<u>A.</u>	General
3		Where there is a conflict between a general requirement and a specific requirement, the specific
4	R	Areas to which this Article Applies
5	<u>B.</u>	This Article shall apply to all Flood Hazard Areas and Special Flood Hazard Areas in unincorporated
7		PBC, as defined in Art. 1 and established in Art.18.A.2.C below.
В	<u>C.</u>	Special Flood Hazard Areas
	1000	The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, Flood Insurance Study fo
)		PBC, Florida, Unincorporated Areas dated October 5, 2017 and all subsequent amendments and
		revisions to such studies, and the accompanying Flood Insurance Rates Maps and all subsequen
2		amendments and revisions to such maps, shall serve as the minimum basis for establishing Floor Hazard Areas and Special Flood Hazard Areas, including those areas developed into lots of
í.		Building sites without minimum floor elevations engineered from a master stormwater drainage
5		network. Studies and maps that establish Flood Hazard Areas are on file at the PBC Department
5		of Planning, Zoning and Building located at 2300 North Jog Road, West Palm Beach, Florida
1		<u>33411.</u>
В	<u>D.</u>	
9		The Floodplain Administrator may require the submission of additional data to establish Specia
) 1		Flood Hazard Areas and Base Flood Elevations, pursuant to Art. 18.A.5. Where field-surveyer topography prepared by a Florida-licensed professional surveyor or digital topography accepted by
2		PBC indicates that ground elevations are either:
3		1. at or below the closest applicable Base Flood Elevation, even in areas not delineated as a
1		Special Flood Hazard Area on a FIRM, the area shall be considered as Special Flood Hazard
5		Area and subject to the requirements of this Article and, as applicable, the requirements of the
5		Florida Building Code; or
7 3		 above the closest applicable Base Flood Elevation, the area shall be regulated as Special Flood Hazard Area unless the applicant obtains a Letter of Map Change that removes the area from
ē		the Special Flood Hazard Area.
5	E.	Other Laws
1	_	The provisions of this Article shall not be deemed to nullify any provisions of local, state or federa
2		law.
3	<u>F.</u>	Abrogation and Greater Restrictions
4 5		This Article supersedes any ordinance in effect for management of Development in Special Floor Hazard Areas. However, it is not intended to repeal or abrogate any existing ordinances including
5		but not limited to land development regulations, zoning ordinances, stormwater managemen
7		regulations, or the Florida Building Code. In the event of a conflict between this Article and any
в		other regulations, the more restrictive shall govern. This Article shall not impair any deed restriction
9		covenant or easement, but any land that is subject to such interests shall also be governed by this
0	-	Article.
1	<u>G.</u>	Interpretation In the interpretation and application of this Article, all provisions shall be:
3		 considered as minimum requirements;
1		2. liberally construed in favor of the governing body; and
5		3. deemed neither to limit nor repeal any other powers granted under state statutes.
5	Section	13 Duties and Powers of the Floodplain Administrator and the Flood Damage
11.	2 marsh	Prevention Board
3	<u>A.</u>	Designation
)		1. The Building Official is designated as the Floodplain Administrator. The Floodplair
)		Administrator may delegate performance of certain duties to other employees.
2		 The BCC of PBC hereby designates the 11 members of the Construction Board of Adjustmen and Appendix to act as the Elect Damage Provention Board. The Elect Damage Provention
3		and Appeals to act as the Flood Damage Prevention Board. The Flood Damage Prevention Board shall hear and decide Appeals when it is alleged an error in any requirement, decision
1		or determination is made by the Floodplain Administrator in the enforcement or administration
		of this Article and shall decide any Variance request following procedures in Art.18.A.7.
5	<u>B.</u>	General
		The Floodplain Administrator is authorized and directed to administer and enforce the provisions
3		of this Article. The Floodplain Administrator shall have the authority to render interpretations of this
)		Article consistent with the intent and purpose of this Article, and may establish policies and procedures in order to clarify the application of its provisions. Such interpretations, policies, and
		procedures shall not have the effect of waiving requirements specifically provided in this Article
		without the granting of a Variance by the Flood Damage Prevention Board, pursuant to Art. 18.A.7.
2		

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

<u>u</u> .	Applications and Permits
	The Floodplain Administrator, in coordination with other pertinent offices of PBC, shall:
	1. Review applications and plans to determine whether proposed new Development will be
	located in Special Flood Hazard Areas;
	2. Review applications for modification of any existing Development in Special Flood Hazard
	Areas for compliance with the requirements of this Article;
	3. Interpret Special Flood Hazard Area boundaries where such interpretation is necessary to
	determine the exact location of boundaries; a person contesting the determination shall have
	the opportunity to Appeal the interpretation;
	 Provide available flood elevation and flood hazard information;
	5. Determine whether additional flood hazard data shall be obtained from other sources or shall
	be developed by an applicant;
	Review applications to determine whether proposed Development will be reasonably safe from
	flooding:
	7. Issue floodplain Development permits or approvals for Development other than Buildings and
	Structures that are subject to the Florida Building Code, including Buildings, Structures and
	facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, when compliance
	with this Article is demonstrated, or disapprove the same in the event of noncompliance; and
	8. Coordinate with and provide comments to assure that applications, plan reviews, and
	inspections for Buildings and Structures in Special Flood Hazard Areas comply with the
	applicable provisions of this Article.
D.	Substantial Improvement and Substantial Damage Determinations
	For applications for building permits to improve Buildings and Structures, including alterations,
	relocation, enlargement, replacement, repair, change of occupancy, additions, rehabilitations,
	renovations, Substantial Improvements, repairs of Substantial Damage, and any other
	improvement of or work on such Buildings and Structures, the Floodplain Administrator, acting as
	the Building Official, shall:
	1. Estimate the Market Value, or require the applicant to obtain an appraisal of the Market Value
	prepared by a gualified independent appraiser, of the Building or Structure before the Start of
	Construction of the proposed work; in the case of repair, the Market Value of the Building or
	Structure shall be the Market Value before the damage occurred and before any repairs are
	made:
	2. Compare the cost to perform the improvement, the cost to repair a damaged Building to its pre-
	damaged condition, or the combined costs of improvements and repairs, if applicable, to the
	Market Value of the Building or Structure;
	3. Determine and document whether the proposed work constitutes Substantial Improvement or
	repair of Substantial Damage; the determination requires evaluation of previous permits issued
	for improvements and repairs, as specified in the definition of "Substantial Improvement"; for
	proposed work to repair damage caused by flooding, the determination requires evaluation of
	previous permits issued to repair flood-related damage, as specified in the definition of
	"Substantial Damage"; and
	4. Notify the applicant if it is determined that the work constitutes Substantial Improvement or
	repair of Substantial Damage and that compliance with the flood resistant construction
	requirements of the Florida Building Code and this Article is required.
-	
<u>E.</u>	Modifications of the Strict Application of the Requirements of the Florida Building Code
	The Floodplain Administrator shall review requests submitted to the Building Official that seek
	approval to modify the strict application of the flood load and flood resistant construction
	requirements of the Florida Building Code to determine whether such requests require the granting
	of a Variance pursuant to Art. 18.A.7.
<u>F.</u>	Notices and Orders
	The Floodplain Administrator shall coordinate with appropriate local agencies for the issuance of
	all necessary notices or orders to ensure compliance with this Article.
G.	Inspections
	The Floodplain Administrator or designee shall make the required inspections, as specified in Art.
	18.A.6, for Development that is exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C.
	The Floodplain Administrator or designee shall inspect Special Flood Hazard Areas to determine if
	Development is undertaken without issuance of a permit.
	Other Duties of the Floodplain Administrator
	The Floodplain Administrator shall have other duties, including but not limited to:
	Improvement and Substantial Damage made surguent to Art. 19 A 2 D
	Improvement and Substantial Damage made pursuant to Art. 18.A.3.D;
	2. Require that applicants proposing Alteration of a Watercourse notify adjacent communities and

Notes:

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1		3. Require applicants who submit hydrologic and hydraulic engineering analyses in support of
2 3 4		permit applications to submit to FEMA the data and information necessary to maintain the Flood
3		Insurance Rate Maps if the analyses propose to change Base Flood Elevations, Special Flood
4		Hazard Area boundaries, or Floodway designations; such submissions shall be made within
5		six months of such data becoming available;
6		4. Review required design certifications and documentation of elevations specified by this Article
5 6 7		and the Florida Building Code to determine that such certifications and documentations are
6		
8		complete:
9		5. Notify FEMA when the boundaries of unincorporated PBC are modified; and
10		6. Advise applicants for New Buildings and Structures, including Substantial Improvements, that
11		are located in any unit of the Coastal Barrier Resources System established by the Coastal
12		Barrier Resources Act (Public Law 97-348) and the Coastal Barrier Improvement Act of 1990
13		(Public Law 101-591) that federal flood insurance is not available on such construction; areas
14		subject to this limitation are identified on Flood Insurance Rate Maps as "Coastal Barrier
15		Resource System Areas" and "Otherwise Protected Areas."
16	1	Floodplain Management Records
	L.	
17		Regardless of any limitation on the period required for retention of public records, the Floodplain
18		Administrator shall maintain and permanently keep and make available for public inspection all
19		records that are necessary for the administration of this Article and the flood resistant construction
20		requirements of the Florida Building Code, including Flood Insurance Rate Maps; Letters of Map
21		Change; records of issuance of permits and denial of permits; determinations of whether proposed
22		work constitutes Substantial Improvement or repair of Substantial Damage; required design
23		certifications and documentation of elevations specified by the Florida Building Code and this
24		Article; notifications to adjacent communities, FEMA, and the state related to alterations of
25		watercourses; assurances that the flood-carrying capacity of altered watercourses will be
26		maintained; documentation related to Appeals and Variances, including justification for issuance or
27		denial; and records of enforcement actions taken pursuant to this Article and the flood resistant
28		construction requirements of the Florida Building Code. These records are available for public
29		inspection at the PBC Department of Planning, Zoning and Building at 2300 North Jog Road, West
30		Palm Beach, FL 33411.
31	Section	n 4 Permits
32	Α.	Permits Required
32	<u>A.</u>	Permits Required
33	<u>A.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any
33 34	<u>A.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities
33 34 35	<u>A.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially
33 34 35 36	<u>A.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator
33 34 35 36 37	<u>A.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art, 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No
33 34 35 36 37 38	<u>A.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator
33 34 35 36 37	<u>A.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art, 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No
33 34 35 36 37 38 39		Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40		Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41		Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42		Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43		Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44		Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 5 46 47 48 49	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR, Sections 59 and 60), Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be required for the following Buildings, Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 950	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR, Sections 59 and 60), Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be required for the following Buildings, Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building Code and any further exemptions provided by law, which are subject to the requirements
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 9 50 51	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR, Sections 59 and 60), Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be required for the following Buildings, Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building Code and any further exemptions provided by law, which are subject to the requirements of this Article:
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 9 50 51 52	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Program (44 CFR, Sections 59 and 60), Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be required for the following Buildings, Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building Code and any further exemptions provided by law, which are subject to the requirements of this Article: 1. Railroads and ancillary facilities associated with the railroad.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 51 52 53	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR, Sections 59 and 60), Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be required for the following Buildings, Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building Code and any further exemptions provided by law, which are subject to the requirements of this Article: 1. Railroads and ancillary facilities associated with the railroad. 2. Nonresidential farm Buildings on farms, as provided in section 604.50, F.S.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 89 50 51 253 54	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR, Sections 59 and 60), Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be required for the following Buildings, Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building Code and any further exemptions provided by law, which are subject to the requirements of this Article: Railroads and ancillary facilities associated with the railroad. Nonresidential farm Buildings on farms, as provided in section 604.50, F.S. Temporary Buildings or sheds used exclusively for construction purposes.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 47 48 9 50 152 53 55	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR, Sections 59 and 60), Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be required for the following Buildings, Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building Code and any further exemptions provided by law, which are subject to the requirements of this Article: 1. Railroads and ancillary facilities associated with the railroad. 2. Nonresidential farm Buildings on farms, as provided in section 604.50, F.S. 3. Temporary Buildings or sheds used exclusively for construction purposes. 4. Mobile or modular Structures used as temporary offices.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 9 50 152 34 55 55 56	<u>B.</u>	 Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR, Sections 59 and 60), Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be required for the following Buildings, Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building Code and any further exemptions provided by law, which are subject to the requirements of this Article: Nonresidential farm Buildings on farms, as provided in section 604.50, F.S. Temporary Buildings or sheds used exclusively for construction purposes. Mobile or modular Structures used as temporary offices.
33 34 35 36 37 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 9 50 152 34 55 57	<u>B.</u>	 Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C., which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR, Sections 59 and 60), Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be required for the following Buildings, Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building Code and any further exemptions provided by law, which are subject to the requirements of this Article: Railroads and ancillary facilities associated with the railroad. Nonresidential farm Buildings on farms, as provided in section 604.50, F.S. Temporary Buildings or sheds used exclusively for construction purposes. Mobile or modular Structures used as temporary offices. Those Structures or facilities of electric utilities, as defined in section 366.02, F.S., which are directly involved in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electricity.
33 34 35 36 37 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 90 51 23 45 56 57 58	<u>B.</u>	 Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR, Sections 59 and 60), Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be required for the following Buildings, Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building Code Nonresidential farm Buildings on farms, as provided by law, which are subject to the requirements of this Article; Nonresidential farm Buildings on farms, as provided in section 604.50, F.S. Temporary Buildings or sheds used exclusively for construction purposes. Mobile or modular Structures used as temporary offices. Those Structures or facilities of electric utilities, as defined in section 366.02, F.S., which are directly involved in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electricity.
33 34 35 36 37 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 90 51 23 45 56 57 58 59	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Pevelopment activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR, Sections 59 and 60), Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be required for the following Buildings. Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building Code and any further exemptions provided by law, which are subject to the requirements of this Article: 1. Railroads and ancillary facilities associated with the railroad. 2. Nonresidential farm Buildings on farms, as provided in section 604.50, F.S. 3. Temporary Buildings or sheds used exclusively for construction purposes. 4. Mobile or modular Structures used as temporary offices. 5. Those Structures or facilities of electric utilities, as defined in section 366.02, F.S., which are directly involved in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electricity. 6. Chickees constructed by the Miccosukee Tribe o
33 34 35 36 37 39 40 42 43 44 45 46 47 49 50 52 34 55 67 58 90	<u>B.</u>	 Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be issued pursuant to this Article for any Development activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR, Sections 59 and 60), Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be required for the following Buildings, Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building Code and any further exemptions provided by law, which are subject to the requirements of this Article; Nonresidential farm Buildings on farms, as provided in section 604.50, F.S. Temporary Buildings or sheds used exclusively for construction purposes. Mobile or modular Structures used as temporary offices. Those Structures or facilities of electric utilities, as defined in section 366.02, F.S., which are directly involved in the generation, transmis
33 34 35 36 37 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 90 51 23 45 56 57 58 59	<u>B.</u>	Any owner or owner's authorized agent (hereinafter "applicant") who intends to undertake any Development activity within the scope of this Article, including Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, which is wholly within or partially within any Special Flood Hazard Area shall first make application to the Floodplain Administrator and the Building Official, if applicable, and shall obtain the required permit(s) and approval(s). No such permit or approval shall be issued until compliance with the requirements of this Article has been satisfied. Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals Pevelopment activities exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C. Depending on the nature and extent of proposed Development that includes a Building or Structure, the Floodplain Administrator may determine that a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required in addition to a building permit. Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code Pursuant to the requirements of federal regulation for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program (44 CFR, Sections 59 and 60), Floodplain Development Permits or Approvals shall be required for the following Buildings. Structures and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building Code and any further exemptions provided by law, which are subject to the requirements of this Article: 1. Railroads and ancillary facilities associated with the railroad. 2. Nonresidential farm Buildings on farms, as provided in section 604.50, F.S. 3. Temporary Buildings or sheds used exclusively for construction purposes. 4. Mobile or modular Structures used as temporary offices. 5. Those Structures or facilities of electric utilities, as defined in section 366.02, F.S., which are directly involved in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electricity. 6. Chickees constructed by the Miccosukee Tribe o

Notes:

Underlined indicates <u>new</u> text. Stricken indicates text to be deleted. If being relocated, or partially relocated, destination is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated to:] or [Partially relocated to:]. Italicized indicates relocated text. Source is noted in bolded brackets [Relocated from:]. A series of four bolded ellipses indicates language omitted to save space. .

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1 2		7. Family mausoleums, not exceeding 250 square feet in area, which are prefabricated and assembled on site or preassembled and delivered on site and have walls, roofs and a floor
3		constructed of granite, marble or reinforced concrete.
4		8. Temporary housing provided by the Florida Department of Corrections to any prisoner in the state correctional system.
5 6 7		 Structures identified in section 553.73(10)(k), F.S., are not exempt from the Florida Building Code if such Structures are located in Special Flood Hazard Areas established on Flood
8		Insurance Rate Maps.
9	<u>D.</u>	
10 11		To obtain a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval outside of the building permit process, the applicant shall first file an application in writing on a form furnished by PBC. The information
12 13		 Identify and describe the Development to be covered by the permit or approval.
14		 Describe the land on which the proposed Development is to be conducted by legal description.
15		street address or similar description that will readily identify and definitively locate the site.
16		3. Indicate the use and occupancy for which the proposed Development is intended.
17		4. Be accompanied by a site plan or construction documents, as specified in Art.18.A.5.
18		5. State the valuation of the proposed work.
19		6. Be signed by the applicant or the applicant's authorized agent.
20		7. Give such other data and information as required by the Floodplain Administrator.
21	<u>E.</u>	Validity of Permit or Approval
22		The issuance of a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval pursuant to this Article shall not be
23		construed to be a permit for, or approval of, any Violation of this Article, the Florida Building Code,
24		or any other ordinance of PBC. The issuance of permits based on submitted applications,
25		construction documents, and information shall not prevent the Floodplain Administrator from
26		requiring the correction of errors and omissions.
27	<u>F.</u>	
28		The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to suspend or revoke a Floodplain Development Permit
29		or Approval if the permit was issued in error, on the basis of incorrect or incomplete information, or
30	104.00	in Violation of this Article or any other ordinance, regulation or requirement of PBC.
31	<u>G.</u>	Expiration
32		A Floodplain Development Permit or Approval shall become invalid unless the work authorized by
33		such permit is commenced within six months after its issuance or the issuance of a building permit,
34		whichever comes last, or if the work authorized is suspended or abandoned for a period of six
35		months after the work commences. Extensions for periods of not more than six months each shall
36		be requested in writing prior to expiration and justifiable cause shall be demonstrated. In no case
37		shall the permit remain valid when FIRMs are updated, unless Development is under construction.
38	н.	Other Permits Required
39		Floodplain Development Permits shall include a statement that all other applicable state or federal
40		permits shall be obtained before commencement of the permitted Development, including, but not
41		limited to, the following:
42		1. The South Florida Water Management District; section 373.036, F.S.
43		2. Florida Department of Health for onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems; section
44		381.0065, F.S., and Chapter 64E-6, FAC.
45		3. PBC Department of Environmental Resources Management, as applies.
46		4. Florida Department of Environmental Protection for construction, reconstruction, changes, or
47		physical activities for shore protection or other activities seaward of the Coastal Construction
48 49		 <u>Control Line; section 161.141, F.S.</u> <u>Florida Department of Environmental Protection for activities subject to the Joint Coastal</u>
50		Permit; section 161.055, F.S.
51		 Florida Department of Environmental Protection for activities that affect wetlands and alter
52		surface water flows, in conjunction with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers; section 404 of the
53		Clean Water Act.
54		7. Federal permits and approvals.
55	Section	The second second war we
56	<u>A.</u>	Information for Development in Special Flood Hazard Areas
57		The site plan or construction documents for any Development subject to the requirements of this
58		Article shall be drawn to scale and shall include, as applicable to the proposed Development:
59		1. Delineation of Special Flood Hazard Areas, Floodway boundaries and flood zone(s), Base
60		Flood Elevation(s), and ground elevations, if necessary, for review of the proposed
61		Development.
62		2. Where Base Flood Elevations or Floodway data are not included on the FIRM or in the Flood
63		Insurance Study, they shall be established in accordance with Art, 18.A.5.B.2 or 3 below.

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1	3. Where the parcel on which the proposed Development will take place will have more than 50
2 3	lots or is larger than five acres, and the Base Flood Elevations are not included on the FIRM or in the Flood Insurance Study, such elevations shall be established in accordance with Art.
4	18.A.5.B.1.
5	4. Location of the proposed activity and proposed Structures, and locations of existing Buildings
6	and Structures; in Coastal High Hazard Areas. New Buildings shall be located landward of the
7	reach of mean high tide.
8	5. Location, extent, amount, and proposed final grades of any filling, grading, or excavation.
9 10	6. Where the placement of fill is proposed, the amount, type, and source of fill material; compaction specifications; a description of the intended purpose of the fill areas; and evidence
11	that the proposed fill areas are the minimum necessary to achieve the intended purpose.
12	7. Delineation of the Coastal Construction Control Line or notation that the site is seaward of the
13	Coastal Construction Control Line, if applicable.
14	8. Extent of any proposed alteration of Sand Dunes or mangrove stands, provided such alteration
15	is approved by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.
16 17	9. Existing and proposed alignment of any proposed Alteration of a Watercourse.
18	10. Subdivisions of more than three lots or greater than ten acres shall provide an electronic subdivision topographic plan.
19	The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to waive the submission of site plans, construction
20	documents, and other data that are required by this Article, but that are not required to be prepared
21	by a registered design professional, if it is found that the nature of the proposed Development is
22	such that the review of such submissions is not necessary to ascertain compliance with this Article.
23 <u>B.</u>	Information in Special Flood Hazard Areas without Base Flood Elevations (approximate
24 25	Zone A) Where Special Flood Hazard Areas are delineated on the FIRM and Base Flood elevation data
26	have not been provided, the Floodplain Administrator shall:
27	1. Require the applicant to include Base Flood Elevation data prepared in accordance with
28	currently-accepted engineering practices.
29	2. Obtain, review, and provide to applicants Base Flood Elevation and Floodway data available
30	from a federal or state agency or other source, or require the applicant to obtain and use Base
31 32	 Flood Elevation and Floodway data available from a federal or state agency or other source. Where Base Flood Elevation and Floodway data are not available from another source, where
33	the available data are deemed by the Floodplain Administrator to not reasonably reflect flooding
34	conditions, or where the available data are known to be scientifically or technically incorrect or
35	otherwise inadequate:
36	a. Require the applicant to include Base Flood Elevation data prepared in accordance with
37 38	currently-accepted engineering practices; or
39	b. Specify that the Base Flood Elevation is two feet above the highest adjacent grade (finished) at the location of the Development, provided there is no evidence indicating flood
40	depths have been or may be greater than two feet.
41	4. Where the Base Flood Elevation data are to be used to support a Letter of Map Change from
42	FEMA, advise the applicant that the analyses shall be prepared by a Florida-licensed engineer
43	in a format required by FEMA, and that it shall be the responsibility of the applicant to satisfy
44	the submittal requirements and pay the processing fees.
45 <u>C.</u> 46	Additional Analyses and Certifications As applicable to the location and nature of the proposed Development activity, and in addition to
47	the requirements of this section, the applicant shall have the following analyses signed and sealed
48	by a Florida-licensed engineer for submission with the site plan and construction documents:
49	1. For Development activities proposed to be located in a regulatory Floodway, a Floodway
50	Encroachment Analysis that demonstrates that the encroachment of the proposed
51 52	Development will not cause any increase in Base Flood Elevations; where the applicant proposes to undertake Development activities that do increase Base Flood Elevations, the
53	applicant shall submit such analysis to FEMA, as specified in Art. 18.A.5.D, and shall submit
54	the Conditional Letter of Map Revision, if issued by FEMA, with the site plan and construction
53 54 55	documents.
56	2. For Development activities proposed to be located in a riverine Special Flood Hazard Area for
57	which Base Flood Elevations are included in the Flood Insurance Study or on the FIRM and
58	Floodways have not been designated, hydrologic and hydraulic analyses that demonstrate that
59 60	the cumulative effect of the proposed Development, when combined with all other existing and anticipated Flood Hazard Area encroachments, will not increase the Base Flood Elevation
61	more than one foot at any point within the community. This requirement does not apply in
62	isolated Special Flood Hazard Areas not connected to a riverine Special Flood Hazard Area or
63	in Special Flood Hazard Areas identified as Zone AO or Zone AH.
64	3. For Alteration of a Watercourse, an engineering analysis prepared in accordance with standard
65	engineering practices which demonstrates that the flood-carrying capacity of the altered or

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1		relocated portion of the watercourse will not be decreased, and certification that the altered
1		watercourse shall be maintained in a manner which preserves the channel's flood-carrying
3		capacity; the applicant shall submit the analysis to FEMA as specified in Art. 18.A.5.D.
4 5 7 8		4. For activities that propose to alter Sand Dunes or mangrove stands in Coastal High Hazard
S		Areas (Zone V), an engineering analysis that demonstrates that the proposed alteration will not
6		increase the potential for flood damage.
7	<u>D.</u>	Submission of Additional Data
8		When additional hydrologic, hydraulic or other engineering data, studies, and additional analyses
9		are submitted to support an application, the applicant has the right to seek a Letter of Map Change
10		from FEMA to change the Base Flood Elevations, change Floodway boundaries, or change
11		boundaries of Special Flood Hazard Areas shown on FIRMs, and to submit such data to FEMA for
12		such purposes. The analyses shall be prepared by a Florida-licensed engineer in a format required
13		by FEMA. Submittal requirements and processing fees shall be the responsibility of the applicant.
15		by TEMA. Submittar requirements and processing rees shar be the responsibility of the applicant.
14	Sectio	n 6 Inspections
14	Jectio	inspections
15	۸	General
	<u>A.</u>	
16		Development for which a Floodplain Development Permit or Approval is required shall be subject
17		to inspection.
18	<u>B.</u>	
19		The Floodplain Administrator shall inspect all Development to determine compliance with the
20		requirements of this Article and the conditions of issued Floodplain Development Permits or
21		approvals.
22	C.	Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code
23		The Floodplain Administrator shall inspect Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the
24		Florida Building Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, to determine compliance with the requirements of
25		this Article and the conditions of issued Floodplain Development Permits or approvals.
26	D	
	<u>D.</u>	Lowest-floor inspection for Buildings, Structures and Facilities exempt from the Florida
27		Building Code
28		Upon placement of the Lowest Floor, including Basement, and prior to further vertical construction,
29		the owner of a Building, Structure or facility exempt from the Florida Building Code, as listed in Art.
30		18.A.4.C, or the owner's authorized agent, shall submit to the Floodplain Administrator:
31		1. If a Design Flood Elevation was used to determine the required elevation of the Lowest Floor,
32		the certification of elevation of the Lowest Floor prepared and sealed by a Florida-licensed
33		professional surveyor; or
34		2. If the elevation used to determine the required elevation of the Lowest Floor was determined
35		in accordance with Art. 18.A.5.B.3.b, the documentation of height of the Lowest Floor above
36		highest adjacent grade, prepared by the owner or the owner's authorized agent.
37	E	
	<u>E.</u>	Finallinspection for Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building
38		Code
39		As part of the final inspection for Buildings, Structures and facilities exempt from the Florida Building
40		Code, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, the owner or owner's authorized agent shall submit to the
41		Floodplain Administrator a final certification of elevation of the Lowest Floor and/or final
42		documentation of the height of the Lowest Floor above the highest adjacent grade; such
43		certifications and documentations shall be prepared as specified in Art. 18.A.6.D.
44	F.	Manufactured Homes
45	5-00	The Floodplain Administrator shall inspect Manufactured Homes that are installed or replaced in
46		Special Flood Hazard Areas to determine compliance with the requirements of this Article and the
47		conditions of the issued permit. Upon placement of a Manufactured Home, certification of the
48		
40		elevation of the Lowest Floor shall be submitted to the Floodplain Administrator.
49	Section	17 Appeals and Variances
40	Occuoi	Appeals and variances
50	Α.	General
	<u> </u>	
51		The Flood Damage Prevention Board shall hear and decide on all requests for Appeals or
52	1000	Variances from the strict application of this Article.
53	<u>B.</u>	Appeal procedures
54		1. A request for Appeal to the decision of the Floodplain Administrator enforcing the provisions of
55		this Article shall include reference to this Art. 18.A.7, and the applicant's technical basis of
56		contesting the decision of the Floodplain Administrator. The Appeal shall be filed in writing
57		within 30 calendar days after the decision is rendered by the Floodplain Administrator. Failure
58		to timely file an Appeal shall be deemed a waiver of the applicant's ability to seek relief for said
59		decision. An Appeal may be filed whenever any one of the following conditions are claimed to
60		aviet

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a. The Floodplain Administrator rejected or refused to approve the applicant's request;

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

	 The provisions of this Article do not apply to the applicant's specific case;
	c. That an equally-good or more-desirable method can be employed and fully meet the intent
	of this Article, which the Floodplain Administrator has rejected;
	d. The true intent and meaning of this Article or any of the regulations there under have been
	misconstrued or incorrectly interpreted.
	2. The Flood Damage Prevention Board shall hear Appeal requests at the next available meeting
	within 60 days of date of Appeal. This 60-day period may be extended upon mutual consent
	of the Floodplain Administrator and the applicant.
	3. At the conclusion of the hearing, the Flood Damage Prevention Board shall orally render a
	decision based on testimony and evidence entered into the record. An order setting forth
	findings of fact and conclusion of law shall then be delivered to the appellant.
	4. The applicant or PBC may Appeal a decision of the Flood Damage Prevention Board to the
	Circuit Court of PBC, Florida, by petition for writ of certiorari; any Appeal filed pursuant to this
	Article shall be considered timely if filed within 30 days of the execution of the order to be
-	Appealed.
<u>C.</u>	Variance procedures
	1. An initial request for a Variance from the provisions of this Article shall be filed in writing by the
	affected party with the Floodplain Administrator.
	2. The Flood Damage Prevention Board shall hear Variance requests at the next available
	meeting. In acting upon Variance applications, the Flood Damage Prevention Board shall
	consider all technical evaluations, all relevant factors, and standards specified in other sections
	of this Article; and
	 The danger that materials may be swept onto other lands to the injury of others;
	b. The danger to life and property due to flooding or erosion damage; The suggestibility of the property due to flooding or erosion damage;
	c. The susceptibility of the proposed facility and its contents to flood damage and the effect
	of such damage on the individual owner; d. The importance of the services provided by the proposed facility to the community:
	 <u>e.</u> The necessity to the facility of a waterfront location; <u>f.</u> The availability of alternative locations for the proposed use which are not subject to
	flooding or erosion damage;
	 g. The compatibility of the proposed use with existing and anticipated Development;
	h. The relationship of the proposed use to the comprehensive plan and flood damage
	prevention program for that area;
	i. The safety of access to the property in times of flood for ordinary and emergency vehicles;
	j. The expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise, and sediment of transport of the
	floodwaters and the effects of wave action, if applicable, expected at the site;
	k. The costs of providing governmental services during and after flood conditions, including
	maintenance and repair of public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electric, and
	water systems, and streets and bridges; and
	I. The negative effect a Variance may have on the county rating under the FEMA Community
	Rating System.
	3. The applicant or PBC may Appeal a decision of the Flood Damage Prevention Board to the
	Circuit Court of PBC, Florida, by a petition for writ of certiorari; any Appeal filed pursuant to this
	Article shall be considered timely if filed within 30 days of the execution of the order to be
	Appealed.
D.	Restrictions in Floodways
	A Variance shall not be issued for any proposed Development in a Floodway if any increase in
	Base Flood Elevations would result, as evidenced by the applicable analyses and certifications
	required in Art. 18.A.5.C.
<u>E.</u>	Historic Buildings
1	A Variance is authorized to be issued for the repair, improvement, or rehabilitation of a Historic
	Building that is determined eligible for the exception to the flood resistant construction requirements
	of the Florida Building Code, Existing Building Volume, Chapter 11, Historic Buildings, upon a
	determination that the proposed repair, improvement or rehabilitation will not preclude the
	Building's continued designation as a Historic Building and the Variance is the minimum necessary
	to preserve the historic character and design of the Building. If the proposed work precludes the
	Building's continued designation as a Historic Building, a Variance shall not be granted upon this
	basis and the Building and any repair, improvement and rehabilitation shall be subject to the
	requirements of the Florida Building Code.
F.	Functionally-Dependent Uses
	A Variance is authorized to be issued for the construction or Substantial Improvement necessary
	for the conduct of a Functionally-Dependent Use, as defined in Art. 1, provided the Variance is the
	minimum necessary considering the flood hazard, and all due consideration has been given to use
	of methods and materials that minimize flood damage during occurrence of the Base Flood.
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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1	<u>G.</u>	Conditions forlissuance of Variances
2		Variances shall be issued only upon:
3		1. Submission by the applicant of a showing of good and sufficient cause that the unique
23456789		characteristics of the size, configuration or topography of the site limit compliance with any
5		provision of this Article or the required elevation standards.
6		2. Determination by the Flood Damage Prevention Board that:
7		
6		a. Failure to grant the Variance would result in exceptional hardship due to the physical
0		characteristics of the land that render the lot undevelopable; increased costs to satisfy the
		requirements or inconvenience do not constitute hardship;
10		b. The granting of a Variance will not result in increased flood heights, additional threats to
11		public safety, extraordinary public expense, nor create nuisances, cause fraud on or
12		victimization of the public or conflict with existing local laws and ordinances; and
13		c. The Variance is the minimum necessary, considering the flood hazard, to afford relief.
14	<u>H.</u>	Limitations on Authority to Grant Variances
15		The Flood Damage Prevention Board shall base its decisions on Variances on technical
16		justifications submitted by applicants, the considerations for issuance in Art. 18.A.7.C.2, the
17		conditions of issuance set forth in Art. 18.A.7.G, and the comments and recommendations of the
18		Floodplain Administrator. The Flood Damage Prevention Board has the right to attach such
19		conditions as it deems necessary to further the purposes and objectives of this Article.
20	1	Variance Notification
	Ŀ	
21		Any applicant to whom a Variance is granted shall be given a written order, bearing the signature
22		of the Chairperson of the Flood Damage Prevention Board, indicating the difference between the
23		Base Flood Elevation and the proposed elevation of the Lowest Floor, stating the issuance of a
24		Variance to construct a Structure or Substantial Improvement below the required elevation, or
25		otherwise not comply with the requirements of this Article, may result in substantial increase in the
26		cost of federal flood insurance (up to amounts as high as \$25 for \$100 of insurance coverage) and
27		such noncompliance construction increases risks to life and property. A copy of the notice shall be
28		recorded by the Floodplain Administrator in the Office of the PBC Clerk and shall be recorded in a
29		manner so that it appears in the chain of title of the affected parcel of land in the Official Records
30		of PBC. The Floodplain Administrator will maintain a record of all Variance actions, including
31		justification for their issuance, and report such Variances issued in its biennial report submitted to
32		FEMA.
	Section	FEMA.
32 33		FEMA. 1.8 Violations
32 33 34		FEMA. 1.8 Violations Violations
32 33 34 35		FEMA. 18 Violations Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by
32 33 34 35 36		FEMA. 18 Violations Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict
32 33 34 35 36 37		FEMA. 18 Violations Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of
32 33 34 35 36 37 38		FEMA. 18 Violations Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of this Article. A Building or Structure without the documentation of elevation of the Lowest Floor,
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39		FEMA. 18 Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of this Article. A Building or Structure without the documentation of elevation of the Lowest Floor, other required design certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this Article or the
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40		FEMA. 18 Violations Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of this Article. A Building or Structure without the documentation of elevation of the Lowest Floor, other required design certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this Article or the Florida Building Code is presumed to be a Violation until such time as that documentation is
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	<u>A.</u>	FEMA. 18 Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of this Article. A Building or Structure without the documentation of elevation of the Lowest Floor, other required design certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this Article or the Florida Building Code is presumed to be a Violation until such time as that documentation is provided.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	<u>A.</u>	FEMA. 18 Violations Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of this Article. A Building or Structure without the documentation of elevation of the Lowest Floor, other required design certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this Article or the Florida Building Code is presumed to be a Violation until such time as that documentation is
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	<u>A.</u>	FEMA. 18 Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of this Article. A Building or Structure without the documentation of elevation of the Lowest Floor, other required design certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this Article or the Florida Building Code is presumed to be a Violation until such time as that documentation is provided. Authority
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	<u>A.</u>	FEMA. 18 Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of this Article. A Building or Structure without the documentation of elevation of the Lowest Floor, other required design certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this Article or the Florida Building Code is presumed to be a Violation until such time as that documentation is provided. Authority The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to serve notices of Violation or stop work orders to
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	<u>A.</u>	FEMA. 18 Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of this Article. A Building or Structure without the documentation of elevation of the Lowest Floor, other required design certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this Article or the Florida Building Code is presumed to be a Violation until such time as that documentation is provided. Authority The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to serve notices of Violation or stop work orders to owners of the property involved, to the owner's agent, or to the person or persons performing the
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	<u>A.</u>	FEMA. 18 Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of this Article. A Building or Structure without the documentation of elevation of the Lowest Floor, other required design certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this Article or the Florida Building Code is presumed to be a Violation until such time as that documentation is provided. Authority The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to serve notices of Violation or stop work orders to owners of the property involved, to the owner's agent, or to the person or persons performing the work for Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	<u>A.</u> <u>B.</u>	FEMA. 18 Violations Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of this Article. A Building or Structure without the documentation of elevation of the Lowest Floor, other required design certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this Article or the Florida Building Code is presumed to be a Violation until such time as that documentation is provided. Authority The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to serve notices of Violation or stop work orders to owners of the property involved, to the owner's agent, or to the person or persons performing the work for Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, and that is determined to be a Violation.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	<u>A.</u> <u>B.</u>	FEMA. 8 Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of this Article. A Building or Structure without the documentation of elevation of the Lowest Floor, other required design certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this Article or the Florida Building Code is presumed to be a Violation until such time as that documentation is provided. Authority The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to serve notices of Violation or stop work orders to owners of the property involved, to the owner's agent, or to the person or persons performing the work for Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, and that is determined to be a Violation. Unlawful Continuance
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	<u>A.</u> <u>B.</u>	FEMA. 8 Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of this Article. A Building or Structure without the documentation of elevation of the Lowest Floor, other required design certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this Article or the Florida Building Code is presumed to be a Violation until such time as that documentation is provided. Authority The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to serve notices of Violation or stop work orders to owners of the property involved, to the owner's agent, or to the person or persons performing the work for Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, and that is determined to be a Violation. Unlawful Continuance Any person who shall continue any work after having been served with a notice of Violation or a
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	<u>A.</u> <u>B.</u>	FEMA. 8 Violations Any Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, that is performed without an issued permit, that is in conflict with an issued permit, or that does not fully comply with this Article, shall be deemed a Violation of this Article. A Building or Structure without the documentation of elevation of the Lowest Floor, other required design certifications, or other evidence of compliance required by this Article or the Florida Building Code is presumed to be a Violation until such time as that documentation is provided. Authority The Floodplain Administrator is authorized to serve notices of Violation or stop work orders to owners of the property involved, to the owner's agent, or to the person or persons performing the work for Development that is not within the scope of the Florida Building Code, but that is regulated by this Article, as listed in Art. 18.A.4.C, and that is determined to be a Violation. Unlawful Continuance Any person who shall continue any work after having been served with a notice of Violation or a stop work order, except such work as that person is directed to perform to remove or remedy a
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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1 2	CHAP	TERE	BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES
3 4	Sectio	<u>n 1</u>	Design and Construction of Buildings, Structures and Facilities Exempt from the Florida Building Code.
5	Pursua	int to	Art. 18.A.4.C, Buildings, Structures, and facilities that are exempt from the Florida Building
5 6	Code,	includ	ling Substantial Improvement or repair of Substantial Damage of such Buildings, Structures
7			s, shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the flood load and flood resistant
8	constru	iction	requirements of ASCE 24. Structures exempt from the Florida Building Code that are not
9	walled	and ro	cofed Buildings shall comply with the requirements of Art. 18.H.
10	Section	<u>n 2</u>	Buildings and Structures Seaward of the Coastal Construction Control Line.
11			in whole or in part, seaward of the Coastal Construction Control Line and also located, in whole
12			a Special Flood Hazard Area:
13	<u>A.</u>		dings and Structures shall be designed and constructed to comply with the more-restrictive
14 15			icable requirements of the Florida Building Code, Building Volume, Section 3109 and Section
16	В.		2 or Florida Building Code, Residential Volume, Section R322. or Structures and non-habitable major Structures, as defined in section 161.54, F.S., shall be
17	0.		gned and constructed to comply with the intent and applicable provisions of this Article and
18			E 24.
19	Section	<u>n 3</u>	Specific Methods of Construction and Requirements.
20	In addit	tion to	the requirements of this Article and the Florida Building Code, the following specific methods
21			on apply:
22			lication of Flood Resistant Requirements
23	173		following "higher standards" shall apply to all properties located within unincorporated PBC, as
24		desc	ribed in this section.
25	<u>B.</u>		itional Elevation of Buildings (Freeboard)
26			For New Construction and Substantial Improvements, including electrical systems, equipment
27			and components, heating, ventilating, air conditioning, plumbing appliances and plumbing
28			ixtures, duct systems, and other service equipment, in Zones AE, AH and VE, the minimum
29			elevation requirement (for the Lowest Floor or lowest horizontal member, as applicable) shall
30			be at least one foot above the Base Flood Elevation. In areas without a master stormwater
31 32			drainage system, the minimum elevation requirement shall be the higher of one foot above the Base Flood Elevation or 18 inches above the Lowest Adjacent Road Crown (LARC). Flood-
33			proofing, to a minimum of one foot above the Base Flood Elevation, subject to the limitations
34			of applicable provisions of the Florida Building Code, as may be amended, may be used in
35			lood zones other than Coastal High Hazard Areas.
36			For New Construction and Substantial Improvements, including electrical systems, equipment
37			and components, heating, ventilating, air conditioning, plumbing appliances and plumbing
38			ixtures, duct systems, and other service equipment, in approximate Zone A, the minimum
39			elevation requirement (for the Lowest Floor or lowest horizontal member, as applicable) shall
40			be one foot above the Base Flood Elevation, as determined pursuant to Art. 18.A.5.B. In areas
41			without a master stormwater drainage system, the minimum elevation requirement shall be the
42 43			higher of one foot above the Base Flood Elevation or 18 inches above the LARC. Flood- proofing may be used, subject to the limitations of the applicable provisions of the FBC, as may
43			be amended.
45			For New Construction and Substantial Improvements, including electrical systems, equipment
46			and components, heating, ventilating, air conditioning; plumbing appliances and plumbing
47			ixtures, duct systems, and other service equipment, in Zone AO, the minimum elevation
48		1	equirement shall be at least one foot greater than the depth specified by FEMA on the Flood
49			nsurance Rate Maps above natural grade. If a depth is not specified, the minimum elevation
50			equirement shall be at least two feet above the highest adjacent grade. In areas without a
51			naster stormwater drainage system, the minimum elevation requirement shall be the higher of
52			one foot above the depth number or 18 inches above LARC. Flood-proofing may be used,
53 54			subject to the limitations of the applicable provisions of the Florida Building Code, as may be amended.
55		100	For New Construction and Substantial Improvements, including electrical systems, equipment
56			and components, heating, ventilating, air conditioning, plumbing appliances and plumbing
57			ixtures, duct systems, and other service equipment, in Zones X, X500, and areas not studied,
58			without a master stormwater drainage system, the Base Flood Elevation shall be at least 18
59		i	nches above the LARC. Flood-proofing may be used, subject to applicable provisions of the
60		E	Florida Building Code, as may be amended.
	Notoci		

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1 2 3 4	<u>C.</u>	Substantial Improvement and Substantial Damage For the administration of the flood provisions of the F Existing Building Volume, the definitions in ULDC Art. 1 and "Substantial Improvement" shall apply.	Iorida Building Code, Building Volume and
	D		
5 6 7 8	<u>D</u> .	Critical Facilities	
6		Construction of new critical facilities shall be, to the e	extent possible, located outside the limits of
7		SFHAs. Construction of new critical facilities may b	e permissible within a SFHA if no feasible
8		alternative site is available. If permitted, critical facilitie	
0			
9		the Base Flood Elevation, plus three feet, or the 500	
10		whichever is higher. Flood-proofing may be used, subj	ect to the applicable provisions of the Florida
11		Building Code, as may be amended. Access routes	
12		Flood Elevation shall be provided to all critical facilities	
13	CHAP	TER C SUBDIVISIONS	
14	Sectio	n 1 Minimum Requirements	
	Savorcer	2715 AD 166 504 119 AR ADS AD250 301 121 19	
15		ision proposals, including proposals for Manufactured	d Home Parks and Subdivisions, shall be
16		ed to determine that:	
17	Α.	Such proposals are consistent with the need to minimiz	ze flood damage and will be reasonably safe
18		from flooding;	
19	R	All public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, el	actric communications and water systems
	<u>D.</u>		
20	100	are located and constructed to minimize or eliminate fl	
21	<u>C.</u>	Adequate drainage is provided to reduce exposure	to flood hazards; in Zones AH and AO,
22		adequate drainage paths shall be provided to guide flo	oodwaters around and away from proposed
23		Structures.	
24	Section	n 2 Subdivision Plats	
25	Where	any portion of proposed subdivisions, including Manufi	actured Home Parks and Subdivisions, lies
26	within a	Special Flood Hazard Area, the following shall be requ	uired:
27		Delineation of Special Flood Hazard Areas, Floodwar	
28		Flood Elevations, as appropriate, shall be shown on a	
29		Compliance Application for platting, pursuant to Art	11, Subdivision, Platting, and Required
30		Improvements;	
31	B.	Where the subdivision has more than 50 lots or is large	er than five acres and Base Flood Elevations
32		are not included on the FIRM, the Base Flood Elev	
33		18.A.5.B.1; and	allerie determines in decordance with rit.
34	C	Compliance with the site improvement and utilities req	uirements of Art 18 D
35	CHAPT	ER D SITE IMPROVEMENTS, UTILITIES AND LIM	ITATIONS
36	Section	1 Minimum Requirements	
37	All pror	osed new Development shall be reviewed to determine	that:
38		Such proposals are consistent with the need to minimiz	
	<u>A.</u>		te noou damage and will be reasonably sale
39		from flooding;	
40	<u>B.</u>	All public utilities and facilities, such as sewer, gas, el	
41		are located and constructed to minimize or eliminate fle	ood damage; and
42	C.	Adequate drainage is provided to reduce exposure	to flood hazards; in Zones AH and AO
43	1.1.1	adequate drainage paths shall be provided to guide flo	
44		Structures.	bouwaters around and away from proposed
45	Section		
46	All new	and replacement sanitary-sewage facilities, private sew	vage treatment plants (including all pumping
47		and collector systems), and on-site waste disposal systems	
48		ndards for onsite sewage treatment and disposal syste	
49	Chapte	r 7, to minimize or eliminate infiltration of floodwaters	into the facilities and discharge from the
50		s into flood waters, and impairment of the facilities and s	

Section 3 Water-Supply Facilities 51

All new and replacement water-supply facilities shall be designed in accordance with the water well construction standards in Art. 15, ULDC, Section 62-532.500, FAC, and ASCE 24, Chapter 7, to minimize or eliminate infiltration of floodwaters into the systems. 52 53 54

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1 Section 4 Limitations on Sites in Regulatory Floodways

2 No Development, including but not limited to site improvements and land-disturbing activity involving fill or

regrading, shall be authorized in the regulatory Floodway, unless the Floodway Encroachment Analysis required in Art. 18.A.5.C demonstrates that the proposed Development or land-disturbing activity will not 3

- 4
- 5 result in any increase in the Base Flood Elevation.

6 Section 5 Limitations on Placement of Fill

Subject to the limitations of this Article, fill shall be designed to be stable under conditions of flooding 7 8 including rapid rise and rapid drawdown of floodwaters, prolonged inundation, and protection against flood-9 related erosion and scour. In addition to these requirements, if intended to support Buildings and Structures 10 (Zone A only), fill shall comply with the requirements of the Florida Building Code.

11		ading and Earth Fill
12		ading and Earth Fill
	1.	Grading
13		On all new, permitted construction, regardless of flood-zone designation, grading shall keep all
14		rainfall and runoff flow on the Building site, until discharged into the roadway drainage system
15		or to public drainage ways adjacent to the property lines. Berms shall be constructed along
16		lot lines, if necessary, to prevent stormwater flow directly onto adjacent properties. Erosion
17		sedimentation off the Building site shall be controlled until vegetative cover is established. The
18		Floodplain Administrator may require grading plans showing pre-construction and proposed
19		finish earth grades.
20	2.	Earth Fill
21		On all New Construction, earth fill brought onto the site of construction from another site shall
22		be minimized to maximize existing floodwater storage capacity. Maximum volume of imported
23		fill shall be limited to that necessary to raise an earth pad to elevate the slab-on-grade not more
24		than six inches above minimum floor elevation set in this Article, with side slopes of the pad of
25		1:5 to 1:3 starting ten feet from the slab edges.
26	3.	Fill in Zone V
27		Structural fill shall not be utilized in Coastal High Hazard Areas (Zone V).
28	4.	Lot and Building Site Drainage
29	1.000	Site grading immediately adjacent to the perimeter of each Building constructed as slab-on-
30		grade shall be sloped so as to drain or direct water away from the Structure.
31	5.	Exceptions from the Requirements in this Section
32	_	a. Only on Building sites requiring raised septic mounds to PBC Health Department minimum
33		elevations, will additional volume of fill be allowed to construct the mound;
34		b. Earth fill dug from an on-site excavation shall be unregulated if in accordance with the
35		regulations in the ULDC, and provided finish grade directs lot drainage back into the
36		excavation;
37		c. Any volume of fill for placement inside the perimeter foundation walls to raise an interior
38		concrete slab to any higher elevation shall be allowed;
39		d. Fill shall be permitted to raise earthen berms on side property lines to prevent drainage
40		onto adjacent lots, provided said berms have side slopes of 1:5 to 1:3, with a triangular
41		cross section;
42		e. Fill shall be allowed inside retaining walls for Building access ramps or driveway ramps
43		required by the American Disabilities Act (ADA);
44		f. Fill necessary to direct on-site drainage to the public roadway or drainage system shall
45		also be permitted;
46		g. Minimum fill for sites that have sloping topography that do not store floodwater shall be
40		permitted. Any fill in excess of this minimum grading requirement shall be subject to
48 49		approval of the Flood Damage Prevention Board as a Variance; h. Fill necessary for critical facilities and public service Buildings; and
49		II. FILL RECESSION OF CHUCAL ACTIVES AND DUDIC SERVICE DUTIONOS, AND
50		
50		i. Areas included within a South Florida Water Management District permit shall be filled and
51		i. Areas included within a South Florida Water Management District permit shall be filled and graded in accordance with the fill and grading design conditions identified in said permit
51 52		i. Areas included within a South Florida Water Management District permit shall be filled and graded in accordance with the fill and grading design conditions identified in said permit even when elevations are more than six inches above the minimum floor elevation set in
51		i. Areas included within a South Florida Water Management District permit shall be filled and graded in accordance with the fill and grading design conditions identified in said permit
51 52 53	Section 6	i. Areas included within a South Florida Water Management District permit shall be filled and graded in accordance with the fill and grading design conditions identified in said permit even when elevations are more than six inches above the minimum floor elevation set in

In Coastal High Hazard Areas, alteration of Sand Dunes and mangrove stands shall be permitted only if 55 56 such alteration is approved by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection and only if the

engineering analysis required by Art. 18.A.5.C.4 demonstrates that the proposed alteration will not increase 57 58 the potential for flood damage. Construction or restoration of dunes under or around elevated Buildings and Structures shall comply with Art. 18.H.8.C. 59

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1 CHAPTER E MANUFACTURED HOMES

2 Section 1 General

3	All Mar	nufactured Homes installed in Special Flood Hazard Areas shall be installed by an installer that is
4	license	d pursuant to section 320.8249, F.S., and shall comply with the requirements of Chapter 15C-1,
5	FAC, a	nd the requirements of this Article. Manufactured Homes shall not be allowed seaward of the Coastal
6		uction Control Line.
7	Section	12 Foundations
8		Manufactured Homes and replacement Manufactured Homes installed in Special Flood Hazard
9	Areas s	shall be installed on permanent, reinforced foundations that:
10	<u>A.</u>	In Special Flood Hazard Areas (Zone A) other than Coastal High Hazard Areas, are designed in
11		accordance with the foundation requirements of the Florida Building Code, Residential Volume.
12		Section R322.2, and this Article. Foundations for Manufactured Homes, subject to Art. 18.E.4.B.
13		are permitted to be reinforced piers or other foundation elements of at least equivalent strength.
14	Β.	In Coastal High Hazard Areas (Zone V), are designed in accordance with the foundation
15	10.0	requirements of the Florida Building Code, Residential Volume, Section R322.3, and this Article.

16 Section 3 Anchoring

All new Manufactured Homes and replacement Manufactured Homes shall be installed using methods and practices which minimize flood damage and shall be securely anchored to an adequately-anchored foundation system to resist flotation, collapse or lateral movement. Methods of anchoring include, but are not limited to, use of over-the-top or frame ties to ground anchors. This anchoring requirement is in addition to applicable state and local anchoring requirements for wind resistance.

22 Section 4 Elevation

Manufactured Homes that are placed, replaced or substantially improved shall comply with Art. 18.E.4.A or
 Art. 18.E.4.B, as applicable.

25 A. General Elevation Requirement

- 26 Unless subject to the requirements of Art. 18.E.4.B, all Manufactured Homes that are placed, 27 replaced, or substantially improved on sites located: (a) outside of a Manufactured Home Park or 28 Subdivision; (b) in a new Manufactured Home park or subdivision; (c) in an expansion to an Existing 29 Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision; or (d) in an Existing Manufactured Home Park or 30 Subdivision upon which a Manufactured Home has incurred "Substantial Damage" as the result of 31 a flood, shall be elevated such that the bottom of the frame is at or above the elevation required, 32 as applicable to the Special Flood Hazard Area, in the Florida Building Code, Residential Volume, 33 Section R322.2 (Zone A) or Section R322.3 (Zone V).
- B. Elevation Requirement for Certain Existing Manufactured Home Parks and Subdivisions Manufactured Homes that are not subject to Art. 18.E.4.A, including Manufactured Homes that are placed, replaced, or substantially improved on sites located in an Existing Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision, unless on a site where Substantial Damage as result of flooding has occurred, shall be elevated such that either the:
 Bottom of the frame of the Manufactured Home is at or above the elevation required, as
 - Bottom of the frame of the Manufactured Home is at or above the elevation required, as applicable to the Special Flood Hazard Area, in the Florida Building Code, Residential Volume, Section R322.2 (Zone A) or Section R322.3 (Zone V); or
 - Bottom of the frame is supported by reinforced piers or other foundation elements of at least equivalent strength that are not less than 36 inches in height above grade.

44 Section 5 Enclosures

45 Enclosed areas below elevated Manufactured Homes shall comply with the requirements of the Florida
 46 Building Code, Residential Volume, Section R322.2 or R322.3, for such enclosed areas, as applicable to

47 the Special Flood Hazard Area.

48 Section 6 Utility Equipment

49 Utility equipment that serves Manufactured Homes, including electric, heating, ventilation, plumbing, and
 50 air conditioning equipment and other service facilities, shall comply with the requirements of the Florida
 51 Building Code, Residential Volume, Section R322, as applicable to the Special Flood Hazard Area.

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

- RECREATIONAL VEHICLES AND PARK TRAILERS 1 CHAPTER F
- 2 Section 1 **Temporary Placement**
- 3 Recreational Vehicles and Park Trailers placed temporarily in Special Flood Hazard Areas shall:
- 4 Be on the site for fewer than 180 consecutive days; or
- 5 Be fully licensed and ready for highway use, which means the Recreational Vehicle or Park Trailer B. 6 is on wheels or jacking system, is attached to the site only by quick-disconnect type utilities and 7 security devices, and has no permanent attachments such as additions, rooms, stairs, decks and 8 porches.

9 Section 2 **Permanent Placement**

10 Recreational Vehicles and Park Trailers that do not meet the limitations in Art. 18.F.1 above for temporary 11 placement shall meet the requirements of Art. 18.E for Manufactured Homes.

12 CHAPTER G TANKS

Section 1 **Underground Tanks** 13

- 14 Underground tanks in Special Flood Hazard Areas shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral 15 movement resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads during conditions of the Design Flood,
- 16 including the effects of buoyancy assuming the tank is empty.
- 17 Non-Elevated, Above-Ground Tanks Section 2
- 18 Above-ground tanks that do not meet the elevation requirements of Art. 18.G.3 below shall:
- A. Be permitted in Special Flood Hazard Areas (Zone A) other than Coastal High Hazard Areas, 19 20 provided the tanks are anchored or otherwise designed and constructed to prevent flotation, 21 collapse or lateral movement resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads during conditions 22 of the Design Flood, including the effects of buoyancy assuming the tank is empty and the effects 23 of flood-borne debris.
- 24 B. Not be permitted in Coastal High Hazard Areas (Zone V).

25 Section 3 Elevated, Above-Ground Tanks

- In Special Flood Hazard Areas, above-ground tanks shall be attached to, and elevated to (or above) the 26 27 Design Flood Elevation of, a supporting Structure designed to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral 28 movement during Design Flood conditions. Tank-supporting Structures shall meet the foundation
- 29 requirements of the applicable Special Flood Hazard Area.

30 Section 4 Tank Inlets and Vents

- 31 Tank inlets, fill openings, outlets and vents shall be:
 - A. At or above the Design Flood Elevation or fitted with covers designed to prevent the inflow of floodwater or outflow of the contents of the tanks during conditions of the Design Flood; and
 - Anchored to prevent lateral movement resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, **B**. including the effects of buoyancy, during conditions of the Design Flood.

CHAPTER H OTHER DEVELOPMENT 36

37 Section 1 **General Requirements for Other Development**

38 All Development subject to this article, including man-made changes to improved or unimproved real estate 39 for which specific provisions are not specified in this Article or the Florida Building Code, shall: 40

- Be located and constructed to minimize flood damage;
 - Meet the limitations of Art. 18.D.4 if located in a regulated Floodway; Β.
 - Be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral movement resulting from hydrostatic loads, <u>C.</u> including the effects of buoyancy, during conditions of the Design Flood;
 - D. Be constructed of Flood Damage Resistant Materials; and
- E. Have mechanical, plumbing, and electrical systems above the Design Flood Elevation or meet the requirements of ASCE 24, except that "minimum" electric service (i.e., service required to address life safety and electric code requirements) is permitted below the Design Flood Elevation provided it conforms to the provisions of the electrical part of the building code for wet locations.

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

Section 2 Fences in Regulated Floodways 1

2 Fences in regulated Floodways that have the potential to block the passage of floodwaters, such as stockade fences and wire mesh fences, shall meet the limitations of Art. 18.D.4. 3

Section 3 Retaining Walls, Sidewalks and Driveways in Regulated Floodways 4

Retaining walls, sidewalks and driveways that involve the placement of fill in regulated Floodways shall 5 6 meet the limitations of Art. 18.D.4.

7 Section 4 Roads and Watercourse Crossings in Regulated Floodways

Roads and watercourse crossings, including roads, bridges, culverts, low-water crossings and similar 8 means for vehicles or pedestrians to travel from one side of a watercourse to the other side, that encroach 9 10 into regulated Floodways shall meet the limitations of Art. 18.D.4. Alteration of a Watercourse that is part 11

of a road or watercourse crossing shall meet the requirements of Art. 18.A.5.C.3.

12 Concrete Slabs Used as Parking Pads, Enclosure floors, Landings, Decks, Section 5 Walkways, Patios and Similar Nonstructural Uses in Coastal High Hazard Areas 13 14 (Zone V)

15 In Coastal High Hazard Areas, concrete slabs used as parking pads, enclosure floors, landings, decks, 16 walkways, patios and similar nonstructural uses are permitted beneath or adjacent to Buildings and 17 Structures or beneath Design Flood requirements, provided the concrete slabs are designed and 18 constructed to be: 19

- structurally independent of the foundation system of the Building or Structure; Α.
- frangible and not reinforced, so as to minimize debris during flooding that is capable of causing Β.
- significant damage to any Structure; and
- C. have a maximum slab thickness of not more than four inches.

23 Section 6 Decks and Patios in Coastal High Hazard Areas (Zone V)

24 In addition to the requirements of the Florida Building Code, decks and patios in Coastal High Hazard Areas 25 shall be located, designed, and constructed in compliance with the following: 26

- A deck that is structurally attached to a Building or Structure shall have the bottom of the lowest A. horizontal structural member at or above the Design Flood Elevation, and any supporting members that extend below the Design Flood Elevation shall comply with the foundation requirements that apply to the Building or Structure, which shall be designed to accommodate any increased loads resulting from the attached deck.
- B. A deck or patio that is located below the Design Flood Elevation shall be structurally independent from Buildings or Structures and their foundation systems, and shall be designed and constructed either to remain intact and in place during Design Flood conditions or to break apart into small pieces to minimize debris during flooding that is capable of causing structural damage to the Building or Structure or to adjacent Buildings and Structures.
- 36 C. A deck or patio that has a vertical thickness of more than 12 inches or that is constructed with more than the minimum amount of fill necessary for site drainage shall not be approved unless an analysis prepared by a qualified, registered design professional demonstrates no harmful diversion of floodwaters or wave runup and wave reflection that would increase damage to the Building or Structure or to adjacent Buildings and Structures
- 41 D. A deck or patio that has a vertical thickness of 12 inches or less and that is at natural grade or on 42 nonstructural fill material that is similar to and compatible with local soils and is the minimum 43 amount necessary for site drainage may be approved without requiring analysis of the impact on 44 diversion of floodwaters or wave runup and wave reflection.

45 Section 7 Other Development in Coastal High Hazard Areas (Zone V)

46 In Coastal High Hazard Areas, Development activities, other than Buildings and Structures, shall be 47 permitted only if also authorized by the appropriate federal, state or local authority; if located outside the footprint of and not structurally attached to Buildings and Structures; and if analyses prepared by qualified, 48 49 registered design professionals demonstrate no harmful diversion of floodwaters or wave runup and wave 50 reflection that would increase damage to adjacent Buildings and Structures. Such other Development 51 activities include but are not limited to: 52

- Bulkheads, seawalls, retaining walls, revetments, and similar erosion control Structures; A.
- Β. Solid fences and privacy walls, and fences prone to trapping debris, unless designed and constructed to fail under flood conditions less than the Design Flood or otherwise function to avoid obstruction of floodwaters; and

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ART. 18 - FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS

1	<u>C</u>	On-site sewage treatment and disposal systems defined in Section 64E-6.002, FAC, as filled systems or mound systems.
2		systems of mound systems.
3	Section	Nonstructural Fill in Coastal High Hazard Areas (Zone V). In Coastal High Hazard
4		Areas:
5	<u>A.</u>	Minor grading and the placement of minor quantities of nonstructural fill shall be permitted for
6		landscaping and for drainage purposes under and around Buildings.
7	<u>B.</u>	Nonstructural fill with finished slopes that are steeper than one unit vertical to five units horizontal
8		shall be permitted only if an analysis prepared by a qualified, registered design professional
9		demonstrates no harmful diversion of floodwaters or wave runup and wave reflection that would
10		increase damage to adjacent Buildings and Structures.
11	C.	Where authorized by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection or applicable local
12	1000	approval, sand dune construction and restoration of Sand Dunes under or around elevated
13		Buildings are permitted without additional engineering analysis or certification of the diversion of
14		floodwater or wave runup and wave reflection if the scale and location of the dune work is consistent
15		with local beach-dune morphology and the vertical clearance is maintained between the top of the
16		sand dune and the lowest horizontal structural member of the Building.

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FLORIDA DEPARTMENT Of STATE

RICK SCOTT Governor **KEN DETZNER** Secretary of State

August 29, 2017

Honorable Sharon R. Bock Clerk and Comptroller Palm Beach County 301 North Olive Avenue West Palm Beach, Florida 33401

Attention: Timothy Montiglio, Administrative Specialist II

Dear Ms. Bock:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 125.66, Florida Statutes, this will acknowledge receipt of your electronic copy of Palm Beach County Ordinance No. 2017-026, which was filed in this office on August 28, 2017.

Sincerely,

Ernest L. Reddick Program Administrator

ELR/lb